

**MADRAS SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS
(Institute of Special Importance)**

ORDINANCE No. 1

Award of Degree of Master of Arts

**(General Economics / Financial Economics / Actuarial Economics / Applied Quantitative
Finance / Environmental Economics)**

(Effective from the Academic Session 2021-22)

I. ELIGIBILITY AND ADMISSION FOR M.A. PROGRAMS

Eligibility Criteria

- The following students are eligible to apply for the M.A. Programs: (i) Students who have completed their undergraduate studies (in social sciences – including commerce & management, sciences, and engineering) in their first attempt; (ii) Students who are appearing for their final year exams of undergraduate studies (in social sciences, sciences, and engineering) in May 2021.
- The eligible candidates must secure at under-graduation level: 55% for General category; 50% for OBC – Non Creamy Layer; 45% for SC/ST/PWD candidates.
- The candidates should not have completed 25 years of age as on 01.07.2021.
- The candidates should have studied mathematics at plus two level, or its equivalent – which includes, pass certificate from National Institute of Open Schooling for mathematics at Senior Secondary level, or completion of mathematical economics course(s) at undergraduate level (whose syllabus must cover topics such as Linear Algebra; Differential Calculus involving single and multiple variable functions; Linear and Non-linear Optimization etc.).

Application Process

- Candidates can fill the application form online at www.mse.ac.in.
- Application fee: Rs. 1000/- only (General category); Rs. 800/- only (SC/ST category)

Selection Process

- Admission will be based on entrance test at designated centres in India, subject to fulfilment of eligibility criteria. In case of tie in entrance test marks, merit ranking will be based on percentage of marks obtained in the qualifying examination, and age.

Fee Structure

- The M.A. Program is a two-year full-time program comprising of four semesters. The total fees per semester constitute Rs. 1.00 lakh as semester fee, and Rs. 30,000 towards infrastructure development.
- In addition, the students must pay one-time admission fee of Rs. 5000.

- Students belonging to the SC and ST social groups can avail 20% concession in the semester fees.

Fee Refund Policy

- For students withdrawing from the Program before the commencement of 1st semester classes
 - Deduct admission fee (Rs. 5000), processing fee (Rs. 5000) and refund the rest.
- For students withdrawing from the Program after the commencement of 1st semester classes, but before the closure of the Admission Process
 - Deduct admission fee (Rs. 5000), processing fee (Rs. 5000), 25% of semester fee and refund the rest.
- For students withdrawing from the Program after the closure of the Admission Process
 - Deduct admission fee (Rs. 5000), processing fee (Rs. 5000), 100% of semester fee and refund the rest.

Intake

- The annual intake under each of the five M.A. Programs (Actuarial Economics, Applied Quantitative Finance, Environmental Economics, Financial Economics, and General Economics) will be 30, including 35% quota for the resident students of Tamil Nadu.

II. ACADEMIC GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

- The Academic Activities of the Institute are governed by the Academic Council. The Academic Council meets periodically to revise the syllabus and provide directions for the conduct of the Programs.
- The Dean (Academic) will work with the faculty adviser and the students' office and coordinates the academic affairs of the two year M.A programme. The Faculty Adviser provides advice to the students during the course of their stay at MSE.
- The Controller of Examinations governs all the examination processes of the M.A. Programs and works with the Dean (Academic) for smooth conduct of the two year M.A. Programme.
- The student related administrative matters are coordinated by the Student's Office with the help of the Administrative Officer, under the guidance of the Dean (Academic), the Faculty Adviser, and the Controller of Examinations.
- For each program, two students (preferably one male and one female) will be elected as class representatives. The class representatives may change over the course of two years. The class representatives participate in the Class Committee Meetings (CCMs), which will be held twice during each semester. The CCMs constitutes representation from the faculty as well as the student community and provides scope for the student representatives to give feedback on the academic and other issues. The class representatives act as the points of contact for faculty members and the Students' Office on various issues during the course of the programme.

III. TEACHING AND EVALUATION REGULATIONS

1. Attendance

- i) Students are required to attend at least 75% of the classes actually held in each course of study as may be prescribed and at least 60% in case of 'redo' course. Attendance shall not be mandatory for students repeating only the end semester examinations.
- ii) Students absenting from classes continuously for 10 days and more will be liable to have his/her name removed from the rolls of the Institute. Absence on medical reasons should be supported by a certificate which has to be submitted with 5 working days after recovery/re-joining after illness. All Medical certificates should be from registered medical practitioner or hospital medical officer. The medical certificate(s) submitted after 5 working dates from the date of recovery/re-joining shall not be considered.
- iii) No student who has less than 75% attendance in any course shall be permitted to attend the end-semester examination and he/she shall be given grade of FA-failure due to lack of attendance. In such cases, the student shall be asked to redo that course by enrolling for it the next time it is offered.
- iv) Condonation of shortage of attendance below 75% may be considered by the Director on valid reasons such as medical or personal calamities on case by case basis.

2. Assessment and Examination

The student's progress in class shall be evaluated continuously. The continuous evaluation of students includes one mid-term written internal examination, an additional internal examination (decided by the concerned faculty member offering the course and can take form of either a written examination, or an assignment, or a term-paper), and an end-semester final examination. The final result in each semester is calculated on the basis of this Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) component of 40 marks plus the End Semester component of 60 marks.

The Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and End Semester Examination (ESE) will form the basis for Evaluating/grading the student performance in each paper/course.

- i) It is mandatory for all students to participate in all the Internal Assessment tests and in various course-work related activities for the award of the marks.
- ii) If a student remains absent or scores low or nil marks in CIA, he/she shall not be permitted to reappear for internal assessment after the semester is over.

3. Evaluation

- i) Evaluation of each student enrolled in all programmes will be done based on the Grading System.
- ii) The students must secure a minimum of 50 percent in the End Semester Examination marks and in the overall (Internal Assessment + End Semester Examination) marks to successfully complete each course.
- iii) The students having exceptionally lower marks in the Internal Assessment will be advised to 'redo' the course when it is offered next time.
- iv) Students failing a course due their absence in the end Semester examination (AE), or not securing minimum required percentage (F), can reappear only for the end semester examination, when it is conducted. This would be termed as a "Repeat"
- v) In case of 'Repeat', the internal marks secured by the student shall remain valid till he/she clears the course. In case of 'Redo', the student has to forgo his/her internal marks in the course. Specifically, he/she has to write internal as well as end-semester examination while fulfilling the minimum attendance requirements as specified above.
- vi) Students will not be allowed to redo/repeat the course for improving their grades.
- vii) Students should submit separate application for every course to be reevaluated in the prescribed form along with the prescribed fee (Rs. 1000 per subject) to the Controller of Examinations. The maximum number of reevaluation requests per semester is one paper.
- viii) Re-evaluation of answer-scripts can be sought only with at least one affirmation by a teacher relevant to the subject as mentioned below and that any of the criteria below are satisfied: (a) Finds that any answer(s) to question(s) that has/have not been evaluated and (b) Finds that the answer-script valuation in full or part is not justified and there is reasonable ground for re-evaluation.
- ix) The application for reevaluation shall be submitted to the Controller of Examinations through the Head of the Department of study.

4. Project Work/Dissertation

- i) The qualifying grade for the dissertation in all programs is 'B' (up to the third semester).
- ii) The Project work of M.A. students will be evaluated similar to that of a regular course, viz., mid-term and final.
- iii) The midterm and final evaluation shall be undertaken by the Panel of examiners and the students shall submit the hard copy of their thesis and have to present the work to the Panel.
- iv) Students who fail to obtain the minimum grade in the dissertation will be required to rewrite it within such further period as may be allowed by the Controller of Examinations based on the recommendations provided by the Supervisor and the Panel of Examiners.

5. Examination Fees

- i) There will be no additional examination fees for regular end semester examinations during the course of two years.
- ii) For arrear examinations, the students should pay Rs. 2000 per subject towards the examination fee.
- iii) In case of repeat dissertation, the students should pay Rs. 4000 towards the dissertation evaluation.

6. Grading System

- i) Grade is an index of the performance of a student in a particular course. It is the transformation of scaled marks secured by a student in a course. Grade point is the weight allotted to each grade depending on the range of marks awarded in a course.
- ii) The results of successful candidates will be classified as indicated below on the basis of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):
 - a) CGPA of 8.0 and above and up to 10.0 I Division with Distinction
 - b) CGPA of 6.5 and above and up to 7.9 I Division
 - c) CGPA of 5.5 and above and up to 6.4 II Division
 - d) CGPA of 5.0 and above and up to 5.4 III Division
- iii) To satisfactorily complete the programme and qualify for the degree, a student must obtain a minimum CGPA of 5. No student with “F”/ “FA”/ “AE” grade(s) on record shall be eligible for award of the degree.

7. Grades and Grade Points

Absolute grading system is followed by MSE. Under this system, the marks are converted to letter grades based on pre-determined mark intervals. The marks in fractions shall be rounded off to the nearest integer. The performance of students in each course is expressed in terms of marks as well as in Letter Grades. The grades may be awarded as given in the following Table.

Table 1: Grades and Grade Points

Range in Marks (%)	Letter Grade	Grade Point	Description
90 to 100	O	10	Outstanding
80 to 89	A+	9	Excellent
70 to 79	A	8	Good
60 to 69	B+	7	Above Average
50 to 59	B	6	Average
Below 50	F	0	Fail
	FA	0	Failure due to lack of attendance
	AE	0	Absent in the end semester examination

8. Grade Sheets and Provisional/Final Degree Certificate

- i) At the end of each semester, students are given grade sheet that includes grade point average (GPA) secured by the student in the semester.
- ii) A consolidated grade sheet is given at the end of two years that reports the course-wise grade, semester-wise GPA, and the cumulative GPA (CGPA) obtained by the student.
- iii) For the students who have passed in all the courses of the programme, **Provisional Certificate** will be given soon after the declaration of the results. The **Final Degree Certificate** will be given during the Annual Convocation held in the month of September.

9. Maximum Duration

The students are allowed to carry arrears in each semester, but must pass in all the prescribed subjects within a maximum duration of **four** years from the date of joining the programme.

10. Grievances in Examinations

- i) MSE will have a Grievance Committee consisting of 2 faculty members along with the Controller of Examinations to examine the complaints received from the students of the school regarding their assessment.
- ii) Such requests for review from the students concerned should reach the Controller of Examinations through the Students Office within 15 days of the announcement of the results.

11. Awards/prizes/Medals

A maximum of three scholarships are provided to the deserving students (on merit-cum-means basis) from each Programme. At the end of the completion of the course, the top ranking student in each Programme will be awarded a medal and merit certificate.

IV. ADMISSION GUIDELINES FOR NRI/FOREIGN NATIONALS INTO M.A. PROGRAMME

- Application of Foreign Nationals seeking direct admission through self-financing scheme shall be entertained for different M.A. Programmes of MSE.
- The Foreign nationals need NOT appear in the entrance test for admission; however, they should have passed the equivalent Qualifying Examination from an Indian or Foreign University/Institution.
- Provision to the extent of 10% of the total seats in each course on supernumerary basis for Foreign Nationals is available – i.e., three seats in each M.A. Programme are available for NRI and Foreign Nationals.

(i) Admissions Procedure:

- The Foreign Student, who wish to join under Self-financing category are required to submit their application along with bio-data and academic qualification on the prescribed format to the Students Office of MSE (email: studentsoffice@mse.ac.in).

(ii) Eligibility Criteria:

- Minimum eligibility qualifications for international students will be the same as for Indian students for the M.A. Programmes – please refer Section I of the Academic Manual for M.A. Programmes of MSE.
- The correspondence of the qualifying examinations of the applicant can be assessed from the list of the Association of Indian Universities (AIU), New Delhi- 110002 (<http://www.aiuweb.org>). In case the University/Board is not included in the said list, the candidate has to obtain and submit an Equivalence Certificate to this effect from the Association of Indian Universities.
- English translations of all transcripts, duly attested, are to be submitted
- Candidates applying from their own country should get their transcripts attested by the concerned accredited authorized government agency and also duly certified by the Indian Embassy or Consulate
- On being granted admission, all applicants should produce their Students Visa within one month of completion of admission formalities. In case of failure to obtain a visa within the stipulated period, the admission shall stand cancelled. A copy of this visa is to be submitted to the Administrative Officer, MSE.
- Upon arrival in India every foreign student must register with the Foreigners Regional Registration Officer (FRRO).

(iii) Documents to be submitted at the time of Application/Admission

- All the Foreign nationals should submit their application on prescribed format along with all relevant documents, which can be downloaded from the website, www.mse.ac.in.

- Copy of the grade transcripts with the explanation of the assigned grades including certificate of secondary school, Diplomas and Degrees of examination passed. Original Certificates should not be sent.
- Attested copies of the syllabi and curricula of the qualifying degree adopted in the Colleges/ Universities attended with full details
- Copy of the passport indicating nationality and personal details
- Financial undertaking either a letter of recommendation from the Govt. certifying that the fees will be paid by the Govt. or a copy of the student's bank statement showing a balance of US \$ 5000
- Proof that the applicant has adequate knowledge of English
- If English is not the first language or language of medium of instruction (during secondary & tertiary education), the candidates must obtain the score mentioned in either of the two tests listed below:
 - a. The test of English as a foreign language (TOEFL), administered by the Educational Testing Service in the US, in which scores of at least 580 overall and 4.0 in the test of written English are required. The computer based test requires scores of at least 240 overall and 4.0 in essay writing. The internet based test requires scores of at least 95 overall with a minimum score of 20 in writing.
 - b. The International English Language Testing Service (IELTS) test, administered by the British Council, in which scores of 6 in each section and an overall score of 6.5 are required
 - c. Test scores more than two years old will not be accepted for consideration

(iv) NRI - Fees

Fee Structure for NRI students for the academic year 2021-22 are allowed to be decided by the Dean Academics, Dean Research, Dean Student Affairs, Controller of Examination and Director of MSE.

V. CURRICULUM OF M.A. PROGRAMME

The post-graduate programme is designed to offer five post graduate degrees leading to a M.A. degree in (a) General Economics, (b) Financial Economics, (c) Actuarial Economics, (d) Applied Quantitative Finance, and (E) Environmental Economics. The Programmes are organized on the semester pattern. The academic year consists of two semesters of about 16 weeks each. Each semester consists of 4-5 courses of the respective programme. Each course carries 4 credits totalling to a total of 72 credits for the programme. Table 2 summarizes the structure of the programme.

Table 2: Structure of MA programme

First year		
Semester I	Four Core courses	16 credits
Semester II	Five Core courses	20 credits
Second year		
Semester III	Two core courses + Three electives	20 credits
Semester IV	Two core courses + Two electives Or Two core courses + Dissertation	16 credits

In the first year of the programme, students are required to study the compulsory (core) courses. In the second year, in addition to programme specific core courses, the students study elective courses corresponding to the programme specialization. The list of program-wise core courses is furnished in Table 3.

Table 3: List of Core Courses in First and Second Year

Semester	AE	AQF	EE	FE	GE
I	Microeconomics I	Microeconomics I	Microeconomics I	Microeconomics I	Microeconomics I
	Macroeconomics I	Macroeconomics I	Macroeconomics I	Macroeconomics I	Macroeconomics I
	Mathematical Statistics	Mathematical Statistics	Mathematical Statistics	Mathematical Statistics	Mathematical Statistics
	Mathematical methods	Mathematical methods	Mathematical methods	Mathematical methods	Mathematical methods
II	Actuarial Mathematics	Microeconomics II	Microeconomics II	Microeconomics II	Microeconomics II
	Financial Mathematics	Financial Mathematics	Introduction to Environmental Systems	Financial Mathematics	Macroeconomics II
	Econometric Methods	Econometric Methods	Econometric Methods	Econometric Methods	Econometric Methods
	Financial Economics	Financial Economics	Resource and Environmental	Financial Economics	Public Economics

			Economics		
	Indian Economic Development	Indian Economic Development	Indian Economic Development	Indian Economic Development	Indian Economic Development
III	Applied Econometrics	Applied Macro and Financial Econometrics	Applied Econometrics	Applied Macro and Financial Econometrics	Applied Econometrics
	Economics of Insurance I	Risk Analysis and Management	Environmental Valuation	Financial Derivative and Corporate Finance	Development Economics
IV	Economics of Insurance II	Financial Institutions and Markets	Sustainable Development	International Finance	Institutional Economics
	Finance and Financial Reporting	Interest rate Calculation and Option Pricing	Environmental Policy	Risk Management - Theory & Practice	Games and Information

In the fourth semester, students have an option to write a dissertation in lieu of two elective courses. The list of elective course is given in Table 4.

Table 4: List of Elective Courses

Development Economics	Stochastic Models	Public Economics
Games and Information	Fixed Income Securities	Advanced techniques in Finance
Industrial Organization	Economics of Insurance	Risk Models
International Trade Theory	Investment Banking	Programming and Computational Languages
Indian Economic Development	Financial Regulation and Banking Supervision	Artificial Neural Networks
Agricultural Economics	Empirical Methods in Finance	Topics in Behavioral Finance
Health Economics	Financial Market Microstructure	Social Cost Benefit Analysis
Financial Economics	Trade and Environment	Energy Economics and Environment
Environmental and Resource Economics	Health Economics	Economics of Global Climate Change
Multinational Enterprises and Industrial Policy	Survival Models	Ecological Economics
Agricultural Development and Policy	Environment and Health	Regional Economics

Note: The list of elective courses gets periodically updated.

Detailed Syllabus of the Core and Elective Courses

GENERAL ECONOMICS

GE 01 MICROECONOMICS I

1. Consumer Behaviour and Demand Consumer preferences
Opportunity sets, optimum choices, indirect utility demand functions, income and substitution effects, Slutsky equation, normal versus inferior goods, types of demand functions, elasticity, welfare evaluation, consumer surplus, equivalent variation and compensating variation, revealed preference (weak and strong axioms)
2. Utility Functions and Expected Utility Theorem
Expected utility function, measures of risk aversion, state-preference approach, portfolio theory and pricing of risk, present discounted value approach to investment decisions, adjustments for risk
3. Production and Cost
Production functions, types of production functions (Cobb-Douglas, CES, etc.), marginal products, rate of technical substitution, technical progress, cost functions, average and marginal costs, short run versus long run costs, economies of scale and scope, profit maximization, cost minimization, derivation of input demand
4. Competitive Markets
Assumptions of perfect market, competitive markets – demand and supply, demand and supply curves of individual firms, short-run versus long-run, competitive market equilibrium, tax incidence analysis, price-controls and shortages.
5. Imperfect Competition
Market failure, imperfect markets, sources of monopoly power, monopoly market equilibrium, price discrimination – first, second and third degree, tax incidence, oligopoly, Cournot Model, Stackelberg model, Bertrand Model, Monopolistic Competition.

Reference Books

- Varian, H. R., Microeconomic Analysis, third edition, W.W. Norton and Co., 1992
- Mas-Collel, Whinston and Green (1995): Micro-economic Theory, OUP
- Gravelle, H and R. Rees: Microeconomics, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2004
- Henderson, M. and R.E. Quandt, Microeconomic Theory: Mathematical Approach, McGraw Hill, 3rd edition.
- Koutsoyiannes. A. “Modern Microeconomics” (Macmillan Press Limited, New Yor

Review Books

- Varian, H. R., Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach, third edition, 2010.
- Nicholson, W., Microeconomic Theory: Basic Principles and Extensions, eighth edition, South Western Thomson Learning, 2002

GE 02 MACROECONOMICS I

1. National Income Accounting

Accounting structure, key concepts in accounting for both closed and open economies – gross national product, gross domestic product, net national product, national income, savings and investment, balance of payments, circular flow of income, computational problems – expenditure approach, income approach and value added approach for measurement, input- output tables

2. Keynesian Models

Simple Keynesian Model, assumptions, concepts of involuntary unemployment, liquidity preference, paradox of thrift, investment function, IS-LM model – two sector model, goods and money market equilibrium, multiplier, liquidity trap, complete Keynesian model – three sector model, role of government in terms of monetary and fiscal policy

3. Keynesian Models versus Classical Models

Says Law, quantity theory of money, price flexibility and full employment, Clowers and Patinkin's money demand functions, equilibrium concept in classical model, synthesis between classical models and Keynesian models, interpretation and policy analysis

4. Expectations and Macroeconomic Adjustments

Expectations formations – Adaptive and rational expectations hypothesis, partial adjustment model, Lucas critique, Phillips curve, rules versus discretion, time consistency, inflation targeting, interest rate rules, effects of spending and taxes in models with flexible and sticky prices, perverse effects of fiscal expansion

5. Macroeconomics: Open Economy Aspects

Market for foreign exchange, devaluation and depreciation, real and nominal exchange rate, factors affecting exchange rate, Mundell-Fleming model, fixed versus floating exchange rate, price adjustment, role of fiscal and monetary policies under alternative exchange rate regimes, purchasing power parity concept

Books

- Scarth, W., Macroeconomics: An Introduction to Advanced Methods, third edition, Thomson, 2007
- Mankiw, N. G., Macroeconomics, fifth edition, Worth Publishers, 2002
- Hall, E. and Taylor, J. B. Macroeconomics. W. W. Norton and Company, 1986
- Barro, R.J. Macroeconomics, Fifth edition, MIT Press 1997

GE 03 MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

1. Probability Theory

Concept of probability, conditional probability and Bayes' theorem; Random variables –discrete and continuous, Density and distribution functions, joint, marginal and conditional distribution, moment generating function.

2. Probability Distributions

Discrete versus continuous distribution, uniform, binomial, negative binomial, Poisson, geometric and hyper-geometric, exponential, normal, log-normal and gamma; joint, marginal and conditional distribution, functions of random variables.

3. Sampling Methods and Sampling distributions

Simple random sampling: with and without replacement, stratified random sampling, probability and non-probability sampling, statistic and sample moments, sampling distributions: Student's-t, Chi-square and F-distribution, determinants of sample size, law of large numbers and Central Limit theorem

4. Estimation

Point estimation of population mean for large sample and small sample, estimation of population proportion and population variance, Maximum likelihood and method of moment estimation, properties of good estimators: unbiasedness, consistency, efficiency, sufficiency, Rao-Blackwell Theorem, Cramer-Rao Identity, Interval estimation.

5. Hypothesis Testing

Statistical hypothesis, simple versus composite hypothesis, critical region, types and size of error – type-I and type-II error, power of a test, p-value, Hypothesis test about: a population mean, population proportions, difference between two population means, difference between two proportions, a population variance, the ratio of two population variances.

Books

- DeGroot, M.H. and M.J. Schervish, Probability and Statistics,
- Hogg, R. and A. Craig, J., Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, McGraw-Hill, 1965.
- Miller, I. and M. Miller, Mathematical Statistics, sixth edition, Prentice Hall International, 1999.
- Mood, A. M., R. A. Graybill and R.C. Boes, Introduction to the Theory of Statistics, McGraw-Hill, 1974.
- Ramachandran, K. M and C. P. Tsokos, Mathematical Statistics with Applications, 2009.

GE 04 MATHEMATICAL METHODS

1. Differential Calculus

Introduction to Functions and Real Analysis; Derivatives – partial and total, economic applications, marginal and elasticity concepts, functions of several variables, implicit function theorem, higher order derivatives and Young's theorem, Taylor's approximation, convex sets, convex and concave functions, properties of linear homogenous functions, Euler's theorem

2. Linear Algebra

Vectors, matrices, inverse, simultaneous linear equations, Cramer's rule for solving system of linear equations, input-output model, Hawkin - Simon condition, open and closed models quadratic equation, characteristic (eigen) roots and vectors

3. Classical Optimization and Applications

Introduction to quadratic forms, unconstrained optimization, constrained optimization with equality constraints, Lagrangian method, Hessian and Jacobian matrices, applications – utility maximization, cost minimization, profit – output maximization

4. Linear and Non-linear Optimization

Duality theory, constrained optimization with inequality and non-negativity constraints, Kuhn-Tucker formulation, linear programming – formulation, primal and dual, solutions using graphical and Simplex methods, applications from economics and finance

5. Dynamics

Definite and indefinite integrals, applications – measuring consumer and producer surplus, continuous interest – discount calculations, difference and differential equations, phase diagrams, Cobweb model, multiplier accelerator, Harrod-Domar and Solow model

Books:

- Simon, C. and L. Blume, Mathematics for Economists, Norton, London, 1994
- Chiang, A. C., Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, McGraw-Hill, 1984
- Ok, E.A., Real Analysis with Economic Applications, Princeton University Press, 2007
- Hoy, M., Livernois, J., McKenna, C., Rees, R. and Stengos, T. Mathematics for Economics, MIT Press, 2011
- Knut Sydsaeter and Peter J. Hammond, Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Education Asia, 1995
- M.D. Intriligator, Mathematical Optimization and Economic Theory, Prentice-Hall, 1971
- Roberts B. and D.L. Schultze, Modern Mathematics and Economic Analysis, W.W. Norton and Company, 1973

GE 05- MICROECONOMICS II

1. General Equilibrium and Welfare Economics

Absolute versus relative prices, perfectly competitive price and general equilibrium models – with and without production, uniqueness and determinacy, Edgeworth box, Pareto improvement and efficiency, Walrasian equilibrium, money in general equilibrium

2. Welfare Economics

Arrow-Debreu economy, welfare theorems, existence of Walrasian equilibrium, fixed-point theorem, core and core convergence, general equilibrium with time and uncertainty, Jensen's Inequality, social welfare function, transfer efficiency; Kaldor-Hicks-Samuelson criterion, Rawl's theory of social justice

3. Market Failure and Public Goods

Reasons for market failure – market imperfections, public goods, externality, macro-economic factors; types of public goods, theory of public goods – provision and pricing, government intervention, second-best solution, free riding, types of externalities – production and consumption externalities, Pigovian and Coasian solutions

4. Asymmetric Information

Moral hazard problem, adverse selection, principal agent problem, theory of lemon, credit market, implications of asymmetric information, market signaling, hidden information modeling, efficiency wage model, information and insurance

5. Game Theory

Sequential and simultaneous games, extensive forms and normal forms, dominant strategies and elimination of dominated strategies, Nash equilibrium, Dynamic games, backward induction, sub-game perfect equilibrium, applications with oligopoly markets: Cournot, Bertrand, Stackleberg and cartel

Books

- Varian, H.: Microeconomic Analysis, W.W. Norton, 3rd Edition, 1992
- Henderson, M. and R.E. Quandt, Microeconomic Theory: Mathematical Approach, McGraw Hill, 3rd edition.
- Gravelle, H and R. Rees: Microeconomics, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2004.
- Mas-Colell, A. , M. Whinston and J Green: Microeconomic Theory, Oxford University Press, 1995
- Gibbons(1992): Game Theory for Applied Economists, Princeton University Press
- Mukherji, A.: Walrasian and Non-Walrasian Equilibria: An Introduction to General Equilibrium Analysis, Claredon Press, Oxford, 1990.
- Recent research papers in Microeconomics will be discussed

GE:06 MACROECONOMICS II

1. Growth Theory

Economic growth and economic development, Harrod-Domar model, Solow model, empirics of economic growth, technological progress, growth accounting and total factor productivity

2. Neoclassical Model of Economic Growth

Foundation of neoclassical growth, dynamic programming and optimum growth, the Ramsey-Cass-Koopmans model, growth with overlapping generations, applications of neoclassical growth model, social security: pay-as-you-go and unfunded, models with bequest motives

3. Endogenous Growth Theory

Basics of endogenous growth, the AK-Model, Putty-Clay model, human capital and economic growth, product variety and innovation, learning by doing, role of R&D and economic growth

4. Rational Expectations and Economic Policy

Policy Invariance result, Lucas Critique, Overlapping wage contracts models, New Keynesian Phillips curve (Menu cost models etc), supply-side distortions and the equilibrium unemployment, Time Inconsistency problem, Barro-Gordon model, Central Bank Independence, Inflation Targeting and Unconventional monetary policy (QE, forward guidance etc)

5. Government Solvency and Constraints on Fiscal Policy

Government Solvency condition, Debt Dynamics, Barro-Ricardo equivalence result, OLG models and pay-as-you-go pension system, Unpleasant monetarist arithmetic etc.

Books

- Romer, D., Advanced Macroeconomics, second edition, McGraw-Hill, 2001
- Blanchard and Fischer, Lectures on Macroeconomics, MIT Press, 1989
- Barro, R.J., Macroeconomics, Fifth edition, MIT Press 1997
- Sargent, T., Macroeconomic Theory, Academic Press, 1987.
- Pandit, V.N. and K. Krishnamurty, Macroeconometric Models for India, Oxford University Press, 2005

GE:07 ECONOMETRIC METHODS

1. Simple Regression Analysis

Specification of the two variable regression model, Ordinary Least Squares estimation, Assumptions, BLUE property, General and confidence approach to hypothesis testing, partial effects and elasticity, goodness of fit, model evaluation, ANOVA

2. Multiple Regression Analysis

Motivation, Assumptions and OLS estimation, Interpretation of OLS estimation, Goodness of fit, matrix approach to linear regression models, testing of hypothesis for a single parameter, for linear combination of parameters, for multiple linear restrictions. Choice of function forms: linear, log-linear, log-log, quadratic functional forms, Box-Cox test, models with quadratics and interaction terms.

3. Dummy Variables

Regression on dummy (qualitative) variables with two categories, with more than two categories- intercept shifters, dummy variable trap, interaction of two categorical variables, interaction of categorical and continuous (quantitative) variables- slope shifters, piecewise linear regression model, Chow test for cross-section data and for time-series data (test structural stability of regression models)

4. Extensions of Linear Models and Non-Linear Estimation

Method of maximum likelihood and its properties (including consistency), trinity of classical tests (Wald test, Lagrange multiplier, likelihood ratio), Consequences, detection and remedial measures of multicollinearity, heteroskedasticity (WLS, MLE), and autocorrelation (GLS), Specification error (omitted variable, inclusion of irrelevant variables, measurement error in dependent and independent variables), method of moments (IV method)

5. Multi-Equation Models

Seemingly unrelated regression and its application.

Structural equation models-specification, endogenous, exogenous and predetermined variables, structural versus reduced form, simultaneity bias, identification: rank versus order condition, exact and over identifications, methods of estimation: indirect least squares, instrumental variable estimation, two-stage least squares and three-stage least squares.

Books

- Gujarati and Porter, Basic Econometrics, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill/Irwin, 2009.
- Greene, William H. Econometric Analysis. 6th Edition, Prentice Hall. 2008.
- Johnston J. and DiNardo, J. Econometric Methods. 4th Ed. McGraw-Hill 1997. Greene
- Ramanathan, Ramu, Introductory Econometrics with Applications, 5th edition, 2002, Thomson Asia Pte Ltd., Singapore.
- Stock, James H., and Mark W. Watson (2006): Introduction to Econometrics, Second Edition, (Addison-Wesley Series in Economics).
- Wooldridge, J., Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach, 2015, Nelson Education.

GE:08 PUBLIC ECONOMICS

1. Theory of Public Good and Public Choice

Public goods and externalities, merit goods, Samuelson theory, free rider problem, Lindahl solution, Coasian theory, theory of clubs, median voter theorem, theory of rent seeking

2. Taxation: Key Concepts

Direct and indirect taxes, efficiency and equity, dead weight loss (income tax, commodity tax, wealth tax and subsidy), taxation and monopoly; measurement of income and expenditure, tax incidence: partial (income tax, input tax, commodity tax etc.), measuring progressivity of taxation, user charges

3. Theory of Taxation and Tax Reforms

Taxation and labour supply, taxation and savings, risk-taking and wealth, general equilibrium (Herberger) models of tax incidence, theory of optimal taxation, recent developments in theory of taxation, Taxation in a Federal system: assignment issues, vertical and horizontal imbalances and externalities, evolution of tax structures, tax evasion and avoidance, designing of modern tax system, reform in direct taxes, reform in indirect taxes: the value-added tax, taxation of property, Laffer curve analysis

4. Public Expenditure and the Macro-economy

Determining optimal size of government, financing of public expenditure: debt versus tax financing, impact of public expenditure on the level and composition of output, fiscal federalism: central and sub-national expenditures, Impact of government expenditure on output and employment, designing optimal government expenditure policy: issues of size and composition, designing subsidy policy: health and education expenditure policy in India

5. Fiscal Policy Issues

Budget deficit and public debt: Keynesian, neo-classical, and Ricardian equivalence, debt dynamics, interdependence of fiscal and monetary policies, theory of inter-governmental transfers, theory and policy of subsidies, Theory of fiscal federalism, issues of equity and efficiency, designing equalisation transfers, conditional and unconditional grants, fiscal federalism in India: transfer mechanisms, role of planning and finance commission, Goods and services tax in India, new direct tax code, role of central and state FRBMs

Books

- Atkinson, A. and Stiglitz, J., Lectures in Public Economics, McGraw Hill, 1980
- Aurbach, A. and Feldstein, M., Handbook of Public Economics, Vol. 3, North Holland, 2002
- Hillman A. L., Public Finance and Public Policy, Cambridge University Press, 2003
- Boadway, Public Sector Economics, Cambridge University Press, 1979

- Chelliah, R.J., Towards Sustainable Growth: Essays in Fiscal and Financial Sector Reforms in India, Oxford University Press, 1996
- Govinda Rao M. and T. K. Sen, Fiscal Federalism in India: Theory and Practice, 1996
- Srivastava, D. K. (Ed.) Fiscal Federalism in India: Contemporary Challenges and Issues before Eleventh Finance Commission, NIPFP and Har-Anand, 2001
- Shome, P. (Ed.) Handbook of Indirect Taxes, IMF Publications, 1996
- Srivastava, D.K., T.K. Sen et al. Government Subsidies in India, NIPFP, 1997

GE:09 APPLIED MICROECONOMETRICS

1. Discrete Response Models

Introduction to binary variables, Linear probability models and their limitations, Normal and Logistic curve, Probit and Logit models, estimation and inference, hypothesis testing, odds ratios, marginal effects and goodness of fit measures, Multinomial models, Ordinal models, testing parallel regression assumption

2. Count data, Two-part and Duration Models

Count data models (Poisson, Negative binomial models), Two part models (Sample Selection, Zero-inflation, Hurdle models), Censored versus truncated data, censored and truncated normal distributions, Truncated regression, Censored (TOBIT) regression, Duration/hazard models

3. Panel Data Models

Introduction to panel data, pooled repeated cross-section model, within and between estimators, one-way fixed effects model, fixed effects model using least squares dummy variable approach, first difference estimator, random effects model, time fixed effects, Tests of hypothesis for pooled or fixed effects model, pooled and or random effects models (Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier Test) and fixed or random effects (Hausman test), Hausman-Taylor estimator, Mundlak and Chamberlain's approach.

4. Causal Inference I

Causality, Potential outcomes approach (Counterfactual responses and the fundamental identification problem), Randomized experiments, Selection on observables: Regression approach, Matching methods (covariate matching), Propensity score (Estimation and matching)

5. Causal inference II

Difference in Difference (Identification, estimation and falsification tests), Instrumental Variables (Identification, Wald Estimator, Local Average Treatment Effect, 2SLS, Weak Instruments), Regression Discontinuity Design (Sharp Vs Fuzzy RD), Other extensions

Books

- Greene, William H. *Econometric Analysis*. 6th Edition, Prentice Hall. 2008..
- Greene, William H., and David A. Hensher. *Modeling ordered choices: A primer*. Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- Angrist, J. D., & Pischke, J. S. (2008). *Mostly Harmless Econometrics: An Empiricist's Companion*. Princeton University Press.
- Baltagi, *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2013
- Cameron, C.A. and Trivedi, P.K. *Microeconometrics: Methods and Applications*. Cambridge U.P., 2005.
- Wooldridge, J. M. *Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data*. The MIT Press, 2nd edition, 2010.

In each of the topics, examples will be discussed based on recent journal articles and working papers and the reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor.

GE:10 DEVELOPMENT ECONOMICS

1. Economic Development – an Overview

Concepts, approaches and dimensions of development and their indicators; measurement issues; income growth as development, factors influencing growth - human capital and demographic characteristics, structure and openness of the economy, path dependence-expectations- complementarities, political institutions and governance; distribution of income – economic inequality, its measurement and interrelationship income growth, poverty measures and underdevelopment

2. Theories of Economic Growth

Balanced versus imbalanced growth, Harrod-Domar model, Solow model, technical progress, growth convergence; new growth theories – human capital and growth, total factor productivity; comparative analysis; role of resources, technology and institutions

3. Human Resources & Labour Markets

Impact of nutrition, health, education, population growth on human capital; segmented labour markets, migration, unemployment (Harris-Todaro model, labour turnover model, efficiency wage hypothesis) sub-optimal employment, disguised unemployment, informal labour markets

4. Agriculture – Markets for land, credit and water

Land size & productivity, ownership, tenancy, contractual arrangements, risk sharing mechanisms, improvements in land; formal and informal rural credit markets, lender's risk hypothesis, collateral, default and enforcement, limits to credit and insurance access, micro-finance; formal and informal water markets

5. Institutions and Political Economy

Institutions and its allocation of property rights for decision-making across different governance modes and their implications for economic efficiency & equity, Social welfare institutions and economic development, Economic consequences of different forms of government and electoral rules, empirical strategies of comparative political economy; role of state in provision of public goods; political economy aspects of property rights; corruption and its impacts economic development and potential strategies to tackle corruption

Books

Ray, D., Development Economics, Princeton University Press, 1998

Basu, K., Analytical Development Economics, MIT Press, 2003

Bardhan, P. and C. Udry, Development Microeconomics, Oxford University Press, 1999

Agenor, P-R., and P. J. Montiel, Development Macroeconomics, Princeton University Press, 2008

Hayami, Y. and Y. Godo, Development Economics: From Poverty to Wealth of Nations, Oxford University Press, 2005

Hendrik Van Den Berg and Joshua J Lewer: International Trade and Economic Growth, Prentice Hall of India

Perkins, Radelet, Lindauer and Block, Economics of Development (seventh edition), W.W.Norton & Company, 2012

GE:11 GAMES AND INFORMATION

1. Static Games of Complete Information

Rational Choice Theory, Strategic form or normal form games; solution concept: Iterated deletion of strictly and weakly dominated strategies; Best Response Functions and Nash equilibrium, mixed and pure strategies; Applications in Industrial Organisation, Labor Market and Political Economy.

2. Dynamic Games of Complete Information

Extensive forms, backward induction, Application: Stackelberg Model of Duopoly, Sequential Bargaining, Finitely and infinitely repeated games, Trigger Strategies, Collusion between Cournot Duopoly, Dynamic games of complete but imperfect information, Subgame Perfect Nash Equilibrium,; Bargaining with complete information, ultimatum game, hold up game, bargaining as an extensive game: Rubinstein model, axiomatic bargaining: Nash bargaining solution, applications

3. Static Games of Incomplete Information

Incomplete Information, Notion of type and strategy, Static Bayesian Games and Bayesian-Nash equilibrium; Examples of Bayesian Nash equilibrium in Industrial organization under Asymmetric Information, Application: Mixed Strategy Revisited, Mechanism Design, 1st price and 2nd price sealed bid Auctions

4. Dynamic Games of Incomplete Information

Perfect Bayesian Equilibrium, Conditional belief about types, Sequential Rationality, Consistency of Belief, Pooling and Separating Equilibria, The basic Signaling game, Applications of Signaling game

5. Introduction to Cooperative Games

Elements of cooperative games, coalition, transferable utility, super additivity theorem, Solution Concept: core, Examples of Core, Shapley-Value.

Books

- Osborne, M. J., An Introduction to Game Theory, Oxford University Press, 2003
- Gibbons, R., A Primer in Game Theory, Harvester-Wheatsheaf, 1992
- Fudenberg, D and J. Tirole, Game Theory, MIT Press, 1991
- Osborne, M. J. and A. Rubinstein, A Course in Game Theory, MIT Press, 1994
- Andreu Mas-Colell, Michael Whinston and Jerry Green Microeconomic Theory, Oxford University Press

GE 12: APPLIED MACRO AND FINANCIAL ECONOMETRICS

1. Univariate Time-series Models

Introduction to stationary processes, autocovariance functions, autocorrelation and partial autocorrelation, autoregressive and moving average models, conditions for stationary and invertible process, Box-Jenkins approach, forecasting.

2. Multivariate and Multiple Equation Models

Motivation for multivariate model, Autoregressive Distributive Lag Models, Simultaneity and motivation for Vector autoregressive (VAR) models, Testing for order of VAR models, Block significance and tests for causality including Granger causality, Forecasting, Impulse response function, Variance decomposition.

3. Modeling Non-Stationary Time-series processes

Deterministic and stochastic trends, Integrated process and random walk, random walk with drift, Unit root and tests for unit root- Dickey-Fuller and Augmented Dickey Fuller tests, Phillips-Perron Test and KPSS test, Unit Roots and Structural Breaks, Unit roots in regression residuals and spurious regression, Cointegration and its testing using Engel-Granger method, Lead-lag and Long Run relationships, Characteristic Root, Rank and Cointegration, Testing for and estimating cointegrating systems using the Johansen method based on VARs, Vector Error Correction Models.

4. Modeling volatility clustering

Volatility-Meaning and measurement, Volatility clustering, Econometric models of volatility, Conditional heteroscedasticity in ARMA models, Estimation and Testing for ARCH and GARCH models for volatility clustering in economic time-series, multivariate regression models and conditional heteroscedasticity, Asymmetric GARCH models-GJR model and EGARCH.

5. Static and Dynamic Panel Data Models

Introduction to panel data, pooled repeated cross-section model, within and between estimators, one-way fixed effects model, fixed effects model using least squares dummy variable approach, first difference estimator, random effects model, time fixed effects, Tests of hypothesis for pooled or fixed effects model, pooled and or random effects models (Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier Test) and fixed or random effects (Hausman test), Introduction to dynamic Panel data models, Arellano and Bond Estimator, The Arellano and Bover Estimator, The Blundell and Bond System GMM Estimator.

Readings

- Baltagi, Badi. *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2013.
- Brooks, C., *Introductory Econometrics for Finance*, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- Enders, W., *Applied Econometric Time Series*, second edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2006.
- Hamilton, J. D., *Time Series Analysis*, Princeton University Press, 1994.
- Pesaran, H.M. *Time Series and Panel Data Econometrics*, Oxford University Press, 2015

In each of the topics, examples from financial economics and macroeconomics will be discussed based on recent journal articles and working papers and the reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor.

GE 13: INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATION

1. Market Structure

Market definition and market performance, market power, Product Differentiation, Static imperfect competition, Price competition, Quantity competition, Dynamic aspects of imperfect competition, Free entry: endogenous number of firms, Industry concentration, Vertically related markets

2. Cartels and tacit collusion

Formation and stability of cartels: Simultaneous cartel formation, Sequential cartel formation, Network of market-sharing agreements, Sustainability of tacit collusion, Optimal punishment of deviating firms, Unobservable actions, Detecting and fighting collusion

3. Mergers

Mergers and acquisitions, Profitability of mergers, Mergers among several firms, Efficiency-increasing mergers, General welfare analysis

4. Innovation and R&D

Market structure and incentives to innovate, Innovation and its effects on market structure, R&D cooperation and spillover, Intellectual property, Patent licensing

5. Entry Deterrence

Entry conditions and market structure, Entry-related strategies, Pricing Entry deterrence strategies, Strategies affecting cost variables, Strategies affecting demand variables

References

- Belleflamme, P and Peitz, M., Industrial Organization: Markets and Strategies, Cambridge University Press, 2015
- Vives, Xavier., Oligopoly Pricing: Old Ideas and New Tools, MIT Press, 2000
- Martin, S., Advanced Industrial Economics, 2nd Edition, Wiley-Blackwell, 2001
- Shy, Oz., Industrial Organization: Theory and Applications, MIT Press, 1996
- Tirole, J., The Theory of Industrial Organization, MIT Press, 1988
- Various Journal Articles as prescribed by the course instructor

GE: 14 INTERNATIONAL TRADE THEORY

- I. Introduction
Evolution of trade and trade theories, Production function, cost function, comparative advantage, Ricardian trade model
- II. General Equilibrium Trade Theory
Heckscher-Ohlin, Stolper-Samuelson and Rybzynski Theorem and Factor Price Equalization Theorem, Empirics and Leontief's Paradox, HOV model, Leamer's and Trefler's Theorem, Specific-factors model
- III. Trade and Technology
Role of Technology in the Theory of International Trade, Product-Cycle Model, Technological-Gap Model
- IV. New Trade Theories: Imperfect Competition and Intra-industry trade
Monopolistic and oligopolistic competition models of trade, Love-for-variety-preferences, Scale economies, product differentiation and the pattern of trade, Gains from Trade when Firms Matter
- V. Trade Policy and Political Economy
Normative issues of welfare, Policy interventions in terms of tariffs, taxes and subsidies, Voluntary import expansion and export restrictions, Metzler paradox, Trade and growth, Immiserizing growth, Multilateral trade agreements and political economy: World Trade Organization

Books and Suggested Readings:

- Jagdish Bhagwati, Arvind Panagariya and T.N. Srinivasan (1998) Lectures on International Trade, MIT Press, 2nd edition.
- Robert C. Feenstra (2004) Advanced International Trade: Theory and Evidence, Princeton University Press, (Indian edition 2007).
- World Trade Report
- Ronald W. Jones (1970) "The Role of Technology in the Theory of International Trade", in Raymond Vernon ed. The Technology Factor in International Trade, NBER and Columbia University Press: 73-90
- Don Davis (1995) "Intra-industry trade: a Heckscher-Ohlin-Ricardo Approach", Journal of International Economics, Volume 39(3-4): 201-226.
- Marc J. Melitz and Daniel Trefler (2012) "Gains from Trade when Firms Matter", Journal of Economic Perspectives, Volume 26(2): 91-118.

Additional readings such as recent journal articles, working papers and other reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor as and when required.

GE:15 INDIAN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

1. Development Phases and Indian Economy

The Colonial Legacy - State of the economy at independence - policy of planned development – growth and structural change till the 'eighties – evolution of controls and obstacles to fast growth – new economic policy – performance of the economy since 1991 – major aspects of transformation – recent developments.

2. Agricultural and Rural Sector

Review of agricultural growth – land reforms – agricultural research and green revolution, policy initiatives, diversification and exports – impact of liberalisation and WTO - investment in agriculture and irrigation – water policy – food security – agrarian distress-agricultural subsidies

3. Industrial Sectors

The growth and maturing of Indian industry since liberalisation – productivity growth and rise in competitiveness – exports – rise of service industry – India and I.T. – policy regarding public enterprises – disinvestment and privatisation – impact of WTO and trade liberalisation

4. Services and Infrastructure Sector

The growth and dominance of services sector in India; Sub sectors growth; regional dimension; State of infrastructure – reforms: restructuring, pricing and regulation – promoting investment in infrastructure – public – private partnership – Sectoral Issues –energy, transport, telecom, urban infrastructure

5. Social Development

Human development indicators: review of change since early fifties – wide regional variations – measurement of poverty and inequality – extent of reduction in poverty – demographic transition-health services, health policy; education policy; financing of health and education; – employment and unemployment trends; employment guarantee scheme – environmental protection – Sustainable Development Goals

Text Books

- Basu, Kaushik India's Emerging Economy: Performance and Prospects in the 1990s and Beyond, The MIT Press, 2004
- Jalan, B. (ed.), The Indian Economy: Problems and Prospects, Penguin Books, 1992
- Krueger A. (ed.), Economic Policy Reforms and the Indian Economy, Oxford University Press, 2003
- Panagariya, Arvind, India the Emerging Giant, Oxford University Press, 2008

Reference Books

- Economic Survey, Government of India, Various Issues
- India Development Report, Oxford University Press, Various Issues
- Kapila, U. (ed.), Indian Economy since Independence, Academic Foundation, Various Issues
- Nayak, Pulin, Economic Development of India (Critical Concepts in Economics), London & New York, Routledge, 2015
- Roy, Tirthankar, The Economic History of India 1857-1947, 3rd edition, Oxford University Press India, Delhi, India, 2011

GE:16 AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

1. Production Economics and Farm Management

Production Process; Economic principles of Farm Management; Resource management and allocation; basic concepts-marginal returns, yield gap, returns to scale, economics of scale, technology and input use; law of comparative advantages

2. Farm Resources and Optimization

Factor-product, product-product relations; Estimation of different forms of production functions using farm level data; Estimation of iso-quant and least cost combinations of crops; production in dynamic setting policy impact on production - cost concepts, cost of cultivation of principal crops

3. Risk and Uncertainty in Agriculture

Decision theory and elements of risk and uncertainty in agriculture; measurement of risk, adjustment to risk; types of risk - estimation of risk - management response to risk – linear programming and risk programming models.

4. Farm Efficiency and Total Factor Productivity and Agricultural growth

Farm efficiency – economic, allocative and technical efficiency measures; Concept of total factor productivity, variations in technical efficiency and total factor productivity and implications to production growth in India

5. Economics of Natural Resources and Sustainability

Natural resources: Renewable and non-renewable - land use pattern - land degradation land use planning - optimal management of land, water, forests and fisheries – energy management - common property resources , development dynamics of resource use planning for economic growth and sustainability - resource mapping: GIS and remote sensing data

Books

- Heady, Earl O., and John L. Dillon, Agricultural Production Functions" (Ames : Iowa State University Press), 1961 and Heady, Earl O., Economics of Agricultural Production and Use" (Prentice Hall), 1952
- Beattie, Bruce R. and C. Robert Taylor, The Economics of Production, (New York: John Wiley and Sons), 1985
- Soni, R.N., Leading Issues in Agricultural Economics (Vishal Publishing House), 2008.
- Doll, John P. and Frank Orazem, Production Economics - Theory and Applications, (New York: John Wiley and Sons), 1978.
- Manjunatha, A. V., et al. "Impact of land fragmentation, farm size, land ownership and crop diversity on profit and efficiency of irrigated farms in India." Land Use Policy 31 (2013): 397-405.
- Ramesh Chand and Pradumna Kumar, “ Total factor productivity and contribution of Research investment to agricultural growth in India “ National Council for agricultural Economics and policy Research (NCAEP) policy paper 25, 2011

GE:17 INSTITUTIONAL ECONOMICS

1. The Big Picture

Old institutional economics – Veblen & Commons, institutions as rules of the game – North, informal and formal institutions, institutions as game theoretic equilibria – Aoki, institutions and economic development – interlinkages, role of the state – anarchy and order, agency problem

2. Theories of the Firm

Why firms exist – Coase, nature of markets and market imperfections, information costs, transaction costs, governance modes as responses to minimize costs, contractual arrangements, enforcement of contracts, role of uncertainty, bounded rationality, opportunism & incomplete contracts, unified governance, agency issues and mechanisms to minimize agency costs

3. Property Rights

Development of property rights – externalities, norms and politics, determinants and impacts of property rights, monitoring and enforcement costs and nature of property rights, property rights – incentives – behavioural strategies – economic outcomes, allocation and rent seeking

4. Organizational Arrangements

Embedding organizational arrangements, meso-institutions, cooperative versus competitive arrangements, social organization, role of state, markets & communities in organizational structures, organizations for common pool resources

5. Institutional Evolution

Institutional change through learning and feedback, accidents of history, path dependence, incremental versus abrupt & discontinuous change, politics, political economy and institutional change, choosing institutions, measuring institutional quality and its effect on economic development

Books

- Malcolm Rutherford - Institutions in Economics: the Old and the New Institutionalism, Cambridge University Press, 1996.
- Ronald H Coase - The Firm, the Market and the Law, University of Chicago Press, 1998.
- Douglass C North - Institutions, Institutional Change and Economic Performance, Cambridge University Press, 1990
- Thrainn Eggertsson - Economic Behavior and Institutions, Cambridge University Press, 1990
- Claude Menard Mary Shirley, Handbook of Institutional Economics, Springer, 2008

GE:18 ECONOMICS OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

1. Introduction

Review of market failures; statistical value of life and health – empirical estimates of statistical value of life; disability adjusted life years

2. Environmental Effects on Health

Health production function; exposure, doses and response; indoor and outdoor air pollution; effects of air pollution on children, adults; effects of climate variability and climate change on mortality and morbidity; environmental toxicology; environmental carcinogenesis; water-borne diseases; municipal, industrial and hazardous waste – health implications

3. Medical Production of Health

Individual as producer of health; characteristics of health services and production; design of health-related insurances; role of the physician as a producer of health; healthcare organisation and funding; effects of health care expenditure on health; market for pharmaceuticals

4. Market Failure in the Provision of Health Care

Adverse selection in insurance markets; moral hazards, externalities, and other market failures in health care; problems of risk and uncertainty; unequal information; imperfect competition; equality in health care

5. Health and Environmental Policy – Inter-linkages

Global policy initiatives: national environmental and health action plans; Health impacts from Air and water pollution; Variations in the weather and impact on mortality; disease incidence; Economic and health effects of weather related disturbances, Environmental health; global changes in environment and the third world.

Books

- Zweifel, Peter, Friedrich Breyer, and Mathias Kifmann. Health economics. Springer Science & Business Media, 2009.
- Duflo, E., Greenstone, M. and R. Hanna. 2008. Indoor Air Pollution, Health, and Economic Well-Being, Surveys and Perspectives Integrating Environment and Society
- Gilbreath, J. 2007. The Economics of Better Environmental Health, Environmental Health Perspectives, 2007 2. *Hubbell, B. J. 2006. Implementing QALYs in the Analysis of Air Pollution Regulations, Environmental and Resource Economics, 34(3), 34:365–384
- Prüss-Üstün A., C. Mathers, C. Corvalán and A. Woodward. 2003. Introduction and Methods: Assessing the Environmental burden of disease at national and local levels, WHO.
- Yassi, A., T. Kiellstrom, T. de Kok, and T.L. Guidotti, Basic Environmental Health, Oxford University Press, 2001
- Confalonieri, U., B. Menne, R. Akhtar, K.L. Ebi, M. Hauengue, R.S. Kovats, B. Revich and A. Woodward, 2007: Human health. Climate Change 2007: Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability. Contribution of Working Group II to the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change,

- M.L. Parry, O.F. Canziani, J.P. Palutikof, P.J. van der Linden and C.E. Hanson, Eds., Cambridge University Press.
- Clasen, T. F. and L. Haller. 2008. Water Quality Interventions to Prevent Diarrhoea: Cost and Cost- Effectiveness, Public Health and the Environment, World Health Organization,
- Phelps, C. Health Economics, 4th edition, Pearson Education, 2009
- Nadakavukaren, A. Our Global Environment: A Health Perspective, Waveland Press, 2005.

GE:19 FINANCIAL ECONOMICS

1. Introduction to Financial Markets

Capital markets, consumption and investments with and without capital markets, market places and transaction costs and the breakdown of separation; Fisher separation theorem; the agency problem; maximization of shareholder's wealth, capital budgeting techniques

2. Choice under Uncertainty

Axioms of choice under uncertainty; utility functions; expected utility theorem; certainty equivalence, measures of risk-absolute and relative risk aversions; stochastic dominance-first order, second order and third order; measures of investment risk-variance of return, semi-variance of return, shortfall probabilities

3. Mean-Variance Portfolio Theory

Measuring portfolio return and risks, effect of diversification, minimum variance portfolio, perfectly correlated assets, minimum variance opportunity set, static portfolio choice; mean-variance frontier of risky and risk-free asset.

4. Introduction to Asset Pricing

Capital asset pricing model; empirical methods to test models of asset pricing; Factor models and cross section of stock returns; arbitrage pricing theory and models

5. Efficient Market Hypothesis

Defining capital market efficiency, relationship between the value of information and efficient capital markets, rational expectations and market efficiency, market efficiency with costly information, efficient capital market theory and empirical models

Books

- Copeland, T. E. and J. F. Weston, Financial Theory and Corporate Policy, Addison Wesley, 1992
- Elton, E.J and M.J. Gruber, Modern Portfolio Theory & Investment Analysis, (fourth edition) John Wiley & Sons 1991.
- Houthakker, H.S. and P.J. Williamson, Economics of Financial Markets, Oxford University Press, 1996
- John Y. Campbell and Luis M. Viceira, Strategic Asset Allocation: Portfolio Choice for Long-Term Investors, Oxford University Press, 2002
- Christian Gollier, The Economics of Risk and Time, MIT Press, 2001

GE:20 RESOURCE ECONOMICS

1. Economics of Fisheries

Biological growth functions; Fishery production functions; Yield-effort function; Static and dynamic models of open access; Regulated access and maximization of rent; Management policies and regulatory frameworks

2. Economics of Forestry

Volume function and Mean Annual Increment; Optimal rotation; Faustmann rotation – timber and non-timber forest products; Forestry policies; Economics of conservation of land use

3. Economics of Non-renewable Resources

Hotelling rule; Extraction and price profiles – competitive, monopoly, and other market structures; Reserve dependent costs; Exploration; Measures of scarcity; Empirics and Hotelling rule

4. Water Economics

Policy context; Static and dynamic market failure; Models of water economics; Common property game; Water markets – case studies

5. Economics of Stock Pollutants

Degradable and non-degradable stock pollutants; Optimal resource extraction with non-degradable waste; Climate change; Emission taxes and marketable pollution permits

Books:

- Conrad, J.M., Resource Economics – 2nd Edition; Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- Perman, Roger, Yue Ma, Michael Common, David Maddison, James Megilvray, Natural Resource and Environmental Economics – 4th Edition, Pearson, 2012.
- Amacher, G.S., M. Ollikainen, E. Koskela, Economics of Forest Resources, MIT Press, 2009.
- Karp, L., Natural Resources as Capital, MIT Press, 2017.

GE21: MULTINATIONAL ENTERPRISES AND INDUSTRIAL POLICY

1. Determinants of Foreign Direct Investments (FDI)

FDI and Industrial Organisation; MNEs are mutual invaders: S-C-P framework; choice between exports, licensing and FDI; market seeking FDI and efficiency seeking FDI; ownership – location – internalisation advantages paradigm; transactions costs and internalisation advantages; inter-industry studies; inter-country studies, WTO regime and FDI; MNEs from Emerging Economies like China and India; foreign portfolio investments and FDI.

2. MNEs and Productivity and Efficiency Spillovers

Impact of FDI on host country firms, productivity spillovers, efficiency spillovers; heterogeneity of firms and spillovers; vertical and horizontal spillovers; changing policy regimes and spillovers; Global spillovers; information technology (IT) and globalization.

3. FDI and Growth

Size and growth of the firm; MNEs and growth; growth and diversification – both product and geographical diversification; globalisation of small and medium enterprises; strategic alliances, networking and growth; mergers and acquisitions; policy reforms for growth; institutional constraints for growth; role of FDI in manufacturing for growth; information technology, FDI and exports.

4. FDI in R&D

Determinants of R&D; market Structure and R&D; innovation, learning and R&D; In-house R&D and Import of Technology; R&D Cooperation and innovative activities; FDI in R&D two motives – access to market and access to science; home base augmenting and home base exploiting FDI; FDI in R&D – India and China

5. MNEs: Socio Economic Dimensions

Impact on poverty, regional imbalances; skill bias; impact on employment; differential impact of FDI on services and manufacturing.

Books

- Caves, R.E. (2007). *Multinational Enterprise and Economic Analysis*, (Third Edition), Cambridge Survey of Economic Literature, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- John Dunning and Sarianna M Lundan (2008), *Multinational Enterprises and the Global Economy*, Second Edition, Edward Elgar Publishing Limited
- N S Siddharthan and Y S Rajan (2002), *Global Business, Technology and Knowledge Sharing*, Macmillan.
- Reddy, Prasada (2011), *Global Innovation in Emerging Economies*, Routledge, New York and Oxon, i-xxv, 1-294.
- Stiglitz, Joseph and Andrew Charlton (2010). *Fair Trade for All*, Penguin, pp. i-xxvii, 1-315
- *Science, Technology and Society*, 18(3), November 2011, Special Issue on “Innovation and Enterprise Development”.
- N S Siddharthan and K Narayanan, (Eds), (2010), *Indian and Chinese Enterprises: Global trade, Technology and Investment regimes*, Routledge, New Delhi and London, 2010, i-xiv, 1-311.

- Akifumi Kuchiki and Masatsugu Tsuji (eds.) (2008). *The Flowchart Approach to Industrial Cluster Policy*, London: Palgrave-Macmillan
- Mario Cimoli, Giovanni Dosi, Joseph E. Stiglitz, (2009), *Industrial Policy and Development: The Political Economy of Capabilities Accumulation*, Oxford University Press,
- Subir Gokarn, Anindya Sen, Rajesh R.Vaidya (2004), *The Structure of Indian Industry*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

GE 22: AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND POLICY

1. Agricultural transformation Economic Development and public policy

Role of agriculture in Economic development, Trends in agricultural growth trends in terms of trade between agriculture and industry, Farm size and productivity and poverty alleviation, role of technology and institutions in agricultural growth in India

2. Indian Agricultural policies and programs

Indian agricultural policies- Input and output policies, subsidies and support prices, agricultural diversification, Production supports- technology, extension, seed water, power, fertilizer pesticides – credit policy, Contract farming, organic farming, agricultural markets, forward markets, commodity exchanges

3. Agriculture, Food security and sustainability

Food production, Imports, Food consumption and calorie consumption Food prices and affordability, Food policy, dual pricing for producers and consumers, buffer stock operation, public distribution, Food security act- self sufficiency in production and imports, Issues of food and nutritional security; climate change and food security, bio-fuels and food security, food safety and excess use of pesticides, Sustainable water resource use and land use

4. Agriculture and World trade organization

International trade and Indian agriculture, Agricultural exports and imports, Importance of World Trade organization disadvantages and advantages, International subsidies to agriculture and implications to India

5. Tamil Nadu agriculture and water management

Tamil Nadu agriculture, major crops, productivity, dairy and poultry production, agricultural schemes and price supports to field crops and horticulture, Water use in agriculture, canal water issues and ground water management, soil conservation programs, agricultural market support and credit disbursements, Tamil Nadu export zones for agriculture

Books

- Timmer, C. Peter. "Agriculture and economic development." Handbook of agricultural economics 2 (2002): 1487-1546
- A. Vaidyanathan, India's agricultural Development in a regional perspective, Oxford university press 2012
- C.H. Hanumatha Rao, Agricultural growth, farm size and rural Poverty Alleviation in India : selected papers, 2005
- C. H. Hanumantha Rao. Agriculture, food security, poverty, and environment: essays on post-reform India. Oxford University Press, 2005
- K.P., G. Mythili and U.Sankar, Accelerating Growth through Globalization of Indian Agriculture, Macmillan, 2001.
- MSSRF and UN World Food Program, "Sustainability of Food Security, 2004.
- Planning Commission, Tamil Nadu State Development Report (Academic Foundation), 2005.

GE:23 URBAN AND REGIONAL ECONOMICS

1. Economics of Urbanization

The Process of urbanization: Nature and dimensions, factors initiating and perpetuating urbanization process-Characteristics of an economy passing through different stages of urbanization - Classification of urban areas by demographic, geographical and economic criteria- Process of sub-urbanization

2. Theories of Urban Growth

Christaller's Central Place Theory - Urban Economic Base and Urban Growth - The Human Ecological Approach to Urban Growth - City Size and Urban Growth – Linear and Circular cities - Urban Size: Ratchet-Rank Size Rule - The Cost and Benefits of City Size - Optimum City Size – Migration and urban economic growth: Harris-Todoro Model – Urban externalities and growth.

3. Theories of Urban Spatial Structure

Urban Spatial Structure: Features - Concepts of City Structure - The Minimization of Costs of Friction Hypothesis -Location Equilibrium of an Urban Firm - Retail Establishments - Market Areas - Consumers and Residents - The Concentric Zone Hypothesis - Urban Residential Land Use Models: Alonso, Muth, Siegel, Park Burgess.

4. Theories of Spatial Development

Integration of regional and Urban Economics, Regional dispersions of National growth, Intra-regional concentration, Urban Decentralization, Housing market, Urban transportation

5. Urban and Regional Economic Policy Analysis

Urban Policy, Regional Policy, Intra-regional concentration, Urban Decentralization, Regional trade and factor migration

Books

- O' Sullivan (2012), Urban Economics, McGraw Hill Higher Education (Boston). 15. Paul Cheshire and Edwin S. Mills
- Edgar M. Hoover and Frank Giarratani. (2016). An Introduction to Regional Economics. Web-book of Regional Science, Regional Research Institute, West Virginia University.
- V. Henderson J.F. Thisse. (2004). Handbook on Regional and Urban Economics, Volume 4: Cities and Geography. North-Holland (Amsterdam).
- Harry W Richardson (1969), Regional Economics Location Theory, urban structure and regional change, Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 5 Winsley Street London W1
- Harry W Richardson (1973), Regional Growth Theory, Macmillan
- Harry W Richardson- Elements of Regional Economics, Penguin Modern Economic Text
- Harvey Armstrong and Jim Taylor (1978), Regional Economic Policy and its Analysis, First Edition, Philip Allan Publishers Limited, Oxford OX5 4SE

FINANCIAL ECONOMICS

FE:01 MICROECONOMICS I

1. Consumer Behaviour and Demand Consumer preferences

opportunity sets, optimum choices, indirect utility demand functions, income and substitution effects, Slutsky equation, normal versus inferior goods, types of demand functions, elasticity, welfare evaluation, consumer surplus, equivalent variation and compensating variation, revealed preference (weak and strong axioms)

2. Utility Functions and Expected Utility Theorem

Expected utility function, measures of risk aversion, state-preference approach, portfolio theory and pricing of risk, present discounted value approach to investment decisions, adjustments for risk

3. Production and Cost

Production functions, types of production functions (Cobb-Douglas, CES, etc.), marginal products, rate of technical substitution, technical progress, cost functions, average and marginal costs, short run versus long run costs, economies of scale and scope, profit maximization, cost minimization, derivation of input demand

4. Competitive Markets

Assumptions of perfect market, competitive markets – demand and supply, demand and supply curves of individual firms, short-run versus long-run, competitive market equilibrium, tax incidence analysis, price-controls and shortages.

5. Imperfect Competition

Market failure, imperfect markets, sources of monopoly power, monopoly market equilibrium, price discrimination – first, second and third degree, tax incidence, oligopoly, Cournot Model, Stackelberg model, Bertrand Model, Monopolistic Competition.

Reference Books

- Varian, H. R., Microeconomic Analysis, third edition, W.W. Norton and Co., 1992
- Mas-collel, Whinston and Green (1995): Micro-economic Theory, OUP
- Gravelle, H and R. Rees: Microeconomics, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2004
- Henderson, M. and R.E. Quandt, Microeconomic Theory: Mathematical Approach, McGraw Hill, 3rd edition.
- Koutsoyiannes. A. “Modern Microeconomics” (Macmillan Press Limited, New York

Review Books

- Varian, H. R., Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach, third edition, 2010.
- Nicholson, W., Microeconomic Theory: Basic Principles and Extensions, eighth edition, South Western Thomson Learning, 2002

FE:02 MACROECONOMICS

1. National Income Accounting

Accounting structure, key concepts in accounting for both closed and open economies – gross national product, gross domestic product, net national product, national income, savings and investment, balance of payments, circular flow of income, computational problems – expenditure approach, income approach and value added approach for measurement, input-output tables

2. Keynesian Models

Simple Keynesian Model, assumptions, concepts of involuntary unemployment, liquidity preference, paradox of thrift, investment function, IS-LM model – two sector model, goods and money market equilibrium, multiplier, liquidity trap, complete Keynesian model – three sector model, role of government in terms of monetary and fiscal policy

3. Keynesian Models versus Classical Models

Says Law, quantity theory of money, price flexibility and full employment, Clowers and Patinkin's money demand functions, equilibrium concept in classical model, synthesis between classical models and Keynesian models, interpretation and policy analysis

4. Expectations and Macroeconomic Adjustments

Expectations formations – Adaptive and rational expectations hypothesis, partial adjustment model, Lucas critique, Phillips curve, rules versus discretion, time consistency, inflation targeting, interest rate rules, effects of spending and taxes in models with flexible and sticky prices, perverse effects of fiscal expansion

5. Macroeconomics: Open Economy Aspects

Market for foreign exchange, devaluation and depreciation, real and nominal exchange rate, factors affecting exchange rate, Mundell-Fleming model, fixed versus floating exchange rate, price adjustment, role of fiscal and monetary policies under alternative exchange rate regimes, purchasing power parity concept

Books

- Scarth, W., *Macroeconomics: An Introduction to Advanced Methods*, third edition, Thomson, 2007
- Mankiw, N. G., *Macroeconomics*, fifth edition, Worth Publishers, 2002
- Hall, E. and Taylor, J. B. *Macroeconomics*. W. W. Norton and Company, 1986
- Barro, R.J. *Macroeconomics*, Fifth edition, MIT Press 1997

FE:03 MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

1. Probability Theory

Concept of probability, conditional probability and Bayes' theorem; Random variables –discrete and continuous, Density and distribution functions, joint, marginal and conditional distribution, moment generating function.

2. Probability Distributions

Discrete versus continuous distribution, uniform, binomial, negative binomial, Poisson, geometric and hyper-geometric, exponential, normal, log-normal and gamma; joint, marginal and conditional distribution, functions of random variables.

3. Sampling Methods and Sampling distributions

Simple random sampling: with and without replacement, stratified random sampling, probability and non-probability sampling, statistic and sample moments, sampling distributions: Student's-t, Chi-square and F-distribution, determinants of sample size, law of large numbers and Central Limit theorem.

4. Estimation

Point estimation of population mean for large sample and small sample, estimation of population proportion and population variance, Maximum likelihood and method of moment estimation, properties of good estimators: unbiasedness, consistency, efficiency, sufficiency, Rao-Blackwell Theorem, Cramer-Rao Identity, Interval estimation.

5. Hypothesis Testing

Statistical hypothesis, simple versus composite hypothesis, critical region, types and size of error – type-I and type-II error, power of a test, p-value, Hypothesis test about: a population mean, population proportions, difference between two population means, difference between two proportions, a population variance, the ratio of two population variances.

Books

- DeGroot, M.H. and M.J. Schervish, Probability and Statistics,
- Hogg, R. and A. Craig, J., Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, McGraw-Hill, 1965.
- Miller, I. and M. Miller, Mathematical Statistics, sixth edition, Prentice Hall International, 1999.
- Mood, A. M., R. A. Graybill and R.C. Boes, Introduction to the Theory of Statistics, McGraw-Hill, 1974.
- Ramachandran, K. M and C. P. Tsokos, Mathematical Statistics with Applications, 2009.

FE:04 MATHEMATICAL METHODS

1. Differential Calculus

Introduction to Functions and Real Analysis; Derivatives – partial and total, economic applications, marginal and elasticity concepts, functions of several variables, implicit function theorem, higher order derivatives and Young's theorem, Taylor's approximation, convex sets, convex and concave functions, properties of linear homogenous functions, Euler's theorem

2. Linear Algebra

Vectors, matrices, inverse, simultaneous linear equations, Cramer's rule for solving system of linear equations, input-output model, Hawkin - Simon condition, open and closed models quadratic equation, characteristic (eigen) roots and vectors

3. Classical Optimization and Applications

Introduction to quadratic forms, unconstrained optimization, constrained optimization with equality constraints, Lagrangian method, Hessian and Jacobian matrices, applications – utility maximization, cost minimization, profit – output maximization

4. Linear and Non-linear Optimization

Duality theory, constrained optimization with inequality and non-negativity constraints, Kuhn-Tucker formulation, linear programming – formulation, primal and dual, solutions using graphical and Simplex methods, applications from economics and finance

5. Dynamics

Definite and indefinite integrals, applications – measuring consumer and producer surplus, continuous interest – discount calculations, difference and differential equations, phase diagrams, Cobweb model, multiplier accelerator, Harrod-Domar and Solow model

Books:

- Simon, C. and L. Blume, Mathematics for Economists, Norton, London, 1994
- Chiang, A. C., Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, McGraw-Hill, 1984
- Ok, E.A., Real Analysis with Economic Applications, Princeton University Press, 2007
- Hoy, M., Livernois, J., McKenna, C., Rees, R. and Stengos, T. Mathematics for Economics, MIT Press, 2011
- Knut Sydsaeter and Peter J. Hammond, Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Education Asia, 1995
- M.D. Intriligator, Mathematical Optimization and Economic Theory, Prentice-Hall, 1971
- Roberts B. and D.L. Schultze, Modern Mathematics and Economic Analysis, W.W. Norton and Company, 1973

FE: 05 FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

1. Basic Financial Calculations

Introduction: financial securities- zero coupon bond, fixed interest, index linked securities etc.; the time value of money; nominal Vs. real interest, deflationary conditions; accumulating factors, force of interest, compound interest functions.

2. Annuities and Equation of Value

Discounting and Accumulation: discrete and continuous cash flows; level annuities, deferred and increasing/decreasing annuities, equation of value and yield on transaction, probability of cash flows, higher discount, loan schedules; consumer credit: flat rate and APRs.

3. Capital Budgeting Techniques and Compound Interest Problems

Introduction to financial statement, assessing financial performance, net present value, internal rate of return, payback period; projects with different lives; money and time weighed rate of return; fixed interest securities, uncertain income securities, equities, valuing a loan with allowance for capital gains and indexation.

4. Arbitrage, Forward Contracts, and Term Structure of Interest

Rationale for no arbitrage assumption; forward contracts, calculating the forward price for a security with known dividend yield; hedging, fixed cash income; Discrete time and continuous time rates; continuous time spot rates and forward rates; instantaneous forward rates; theories of time; term structure of interest rates; yield curve; yields to maturity; convexity and immunization; interest rate risk..

5. Stochastic Interest Models and Investments

Simple stochastic interest rate models, fixed and varying interest model, log normal distribution; fixed interest government borrowings, government bonds, tax, security, marketability and return; government bills: corporate debt, debentures, unsecured loan stocks, eurobonds, certificates of deposit, convertibles, property, derivatives, future, range of futures, clearing house, margin, bond futures, short interest futures, stock index futures etc.,

Books:

- Ross, S.M., An Introduction to Mathematical Finance, Cambridge University Press, Norton, London, 1999
- Watsham, T.J. and Perramore, K., Quantitative Methods in Finance, International Thomson Business Press, 1997
- Karatzas, L. and S.E. Shreve, Methods of Mathematical Finance, Springer, 1998.
- Martin, P.G. and B.Michael, Applied Financial Mathematics, Prentice Hall, 1991.
- Baxter, M. and A. L. Rennie, Financial Calculus, Cambridge University Press, 1996.

FE:06MICROECONOMICSII

1. General Equilibrium and Welfare Economics

Absolute versus relative prices, perfectly competitive price and general equilibrium models – with and without production, uniqueness and determinacy, Edgeworth box, Pareto improvement and efficiency, Walrasian equilibrium, money in general equilibrium

2. Welfare Economics

Arrow-Debreu economy, welfare theorems, existence of Walrasian equilibrium, fixed-point theorem, core and core convergence, general equilibrium with time and uncertainty, Jensen's Inequality, social welfare function, transfer efficiency; Kaldor-Hicks-Samuelson criterion, Rawl's theory of social justice

3. Market Failure and Public Goods

Reasons for market failure – market imperfections, public goods, externality, macro-economic factors; types of public goods, theory of public goods – provision and pricing, government intervention, second-best solution, free riding, types of externalities – production and consumption externalities, Pigovian and Coasian solutions

4. Asymmetric Information

Moral hazard problem, adverse selection, principal agent problem, theory of lemon, credit market, implications of asymmetric information, market signaling, hidden information modeling, efficiency wage model, information and insurance

5. Game Theory

Sequential and simultaneous games, extensive forms and normal forms, dominant strategies and elimination of dominated strategies, Nash equilibrium, Dynamic games, backward induction, sub-game perfect equilibrium, applications with oligopoly markets: Cournot, Bertrand, Stackleberg and cartel

Books

- Varian, H.: Microeconomic Analysis, W.W. Norton, 3rd Edition, 1992
- Henderson, M. and R.E. Quandt, Microeconomic Theory: Mathematical Approach, McGraw Hill, 3rd edition.
- Gravelle, H and R. Rees: Microeconomics, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2004.
- Mas-Colell, A. , M. Whinston and J Green: Microeconomic Theory, Oxford University Press, 1995
- Gibbons(1992): Game Theory for Applied Economists, Princeton University Press
- Mukherji, A.: Walrasian and Non-Walrasian Equilibria: An Introduction to General Equilibrium Analysis, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1990.
- Recent research papers in Microeconomics will be discussed

FE:07 ECONOMETRIC METHODS

1. Simple Regression Analysis

Specification of the two variable regression model, Ordinary Least Squares estimation, Assumptions, BLUE property, General and confidence approach to hypothesis testing, partial effects and elasticity, goodness of fit, model evaluation, ANOVA

2. Multiple Regression Analysis

Motivation, Assumptions and OLS estimation, Interpretation of OLS estimation, Goodness of fit, matrix approach to linear regression models, testing of hypothesis for a single parameter, for linear combination of parameters, for multiple linear restrictions. Choice of function forms: linear, log-linear, log-log, quadratic functional forms, Box-Cox test, models with quadratics and interaction terms.

3. Dummy Variables

Regression on dummy (qualitative) variables with two categories, with more than two categories- intercept shifters, dummy variable trap, interaction of two categorical variables, interaction of categorical and continuous (quantitative) variables- slope shifters, piecewise linear regression model, Chow test for cross-section data and for time-series data (test structural stability of regression models)

4. Extensions of Linear Models and Non-Linear Estimation

Method of maximum likelihood and its properties (including consistency), trinity of classical tests (Wald test, Lagrange multiplier, likelihood ratio), Consequences, detection and remedial measures of multicollinearity, heteroskedasticity (WLS, MLE), and autocorrelation (GLS), Specification error (omitted variable, inclusion of irrelevant variables, measurement error in dependent and independent variables), method of moments (IV method)

5. Multi-Equation Models

Seemingly unrelated regression and its application.

Structural equation models-specification, endogenous, exogenous and predetermined variables, structural versus reduced form, simultaneity bias, identification: rank versus order condition, exact and over identifications, methods of estimation: indirect least squares, instrumental variable estimation, two-stage least squares and three-stage least squares.

Books

- Gujarati and Porter, Basic Econometrics, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill/Irwin, 2009.
- Greene, William H. Econometric Analysis. 6th Edition, Prentice Hall. 2008.
- Johnston J. and DiNardo, J. Econometric Methods. 4th Ed. McGraw-Hill 1997. Greene
- Ramanathan, Ramu, Introductory Econometrics with Applications, 5th edition, 2002, Thomson Asia Pte Ltd., Singapore.
- Stock, James H., and Mark W. Watson (2006): Introduction to Econometrics, Second Edition, (Addison-Wesley Series in Economics).
- Wooldridge, J., Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach, 2015, Nelson Education.

FE:08 FINANCIAL ECONOMICS

1. Introduction to Financial Markets

Capital markets, consumption and investments with and without capital markets, market places and transaction costs and the breakdown of separation; Fisher separation theorem; the agency problem; maximization of shareholder's wealth, capital budgeting techniques

2. Choice under Uncertainty

Axioms of choice under uncertainty; utility functions; expected utility theorem; certainty equivalence, measures of risk-absolute and relative risk aversions; stochastic dominance-first order, second order and third order; measures of investment risk-variance of return, semi-variance of return, shortfall probabilities

3. Mean-Variance Portfolio Theory

Measuring portfolio return and risks, effect of diversification, minimum variance portfolio, perfectly correlated assets, minimum variance opportunity set, static portfolio choice; mean-variance frontier of risky and risk-free asset.

4. Introduction to Asset Pricing

Capital asset pricing model; empirical methods to test models of asset pricing; Factor models and cross section of stock returns; arbitrage pricing theory and models

5. Efficient Market Hypothesis

Defining capital market efficiency, relationship between the value of information and efficient capital markets, rational expectations and market efficiency, market efficiency with costly information, efficient capital market theory and empirical models

Books

- Copeland, T. E. and J. F. Weston, Financial Theory and Corporate Policy, Addison Wesley, 1992
- Elton, E.J and M.J. Gruber, Modern Portfolio Theory & Investment Analysis, (fourth edition) John Wiley & Sons 1991.
- Houthakker, H.S. and P.J. Williamson, Economics of Financial Markets, Oxford University Press, 1996
- John Y. Campbell and Luis M. Viceira, Strategic Asset Allocation: Portfolio Choice for Long-Term Investors, Oxford University Press, 2002
- Christian Gollier, The Economics of Risk and Time, MIT Press, 2001

FE09: APPLIED MACRO AND FINANCIAL ECONOMETRICS

1. Univariate Time-series Models

Introduction to stationary processes, autocovariance functions, autocorrelation and partial autocorrelation, autoregressive and moving average models, conditions for stationary and invertible process, Box-Jenkins approach, forecasting.

2. Multivariate and Multiple Equation Models

Motivation for multivariate model, Autoregressive Distributive Lag Models, Simultaneity and motivation for Vector autoregressive (VAR) models, Testing for order of VAR models, Block significance and tests for causality including Granger causality, Forecasting, Impulse response function, Variance decomposition.

3. Modeling Non-Stationary Time-series processes

Deterministic and stochastic trends, Integrated process and random walk, random walk with drift, Unit root and tests for unit root- Dickey-Fuller and Augmented Dickey Fuller tests, Phillips-Perron Test and KPSS test, Unit Roots and Structural Breaks, Unit roots in regression residuals and spurious regression, Cointegration and its testing using Engel-Granger method, Lead-lag and Long Run relationships, Characteristic Root, Rank and Cointegration, Testing for and estimating cointegrating systems using the Johansen method based on VARs, Vector Error Correction Models.

4. Modeling Volatility Clustering

Volatility-Meaning and measurement, Volatility clustering, Econometric models of volatility, Conditional heteroscedasticity in ARMA models, Estimation and Testing for ARCH and GARCH models for volatility clustering in economic time-series, multivariate regression models and conditional heteroscedasticity, Asymmetric GARCH models-GJR model and EGARCH.

5. Static and Dynamic Panel Data Models

Introduction to panel data, pooled repeated cross-section model, within and between estimators, one-way fixed effects model, fixed effects model using least squares dummy variable approach, random effects model, time fixed effects, Tests of hypothesis for pooled or fixed effects model, pooled and or random effects models (Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier Test) and fixed or random effects (Hausman test), Introduction to dynamic Panel data models, Arellano and Bond Estimator, The Arellano and Bover Estimator, The Blundell and Bond System GMM Estimator.

Readings

- Baltagi, Badi. *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2013.
- Brooks, C., *Introductory Econometrics for Finance*, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- Enders, W., *Applied Econometric Time Series*, second edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2006.
- Hamilton, J. D., *Time Series Analysis*, Princeton University Press, 1994.
- Pesaran, H.M. *Time Series and Panel Data Econometrics*, Oxford University Press, 2015

In each of the topics, examples from financial economics and macroeconomics will be discussed based on recent journal articles and working papers and the reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor.

FE:10 FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES AND CORPORATE FINANCE

1. Introduction to Derivatives

Derivative markets and trading; Types of Derivatives; Arbitrage, Speculation and Hedging; Forward and future contracts; Options; Swaps; Real options

2. Derivative Pricing

Pricing futures, bounds and option payoffs, the put-call parity; Valuing options - Binomial model and Black-Scholes Model, Volatility estimation and implied volatility, Greek letters and hedging

3. Capital Structure Choice

Value of firm, Modigliani-Miller irrelevance hypothesis, choices in financing-debt and equity, the financing mix: trade-offs and theory; signalling hypothesis; effect of agency cost on capital structure, cost of capital, empirical determinants of capital structure choice

4. Dividend Policy

Irrelevance of dividend policy without tax; valuation, growth and dividend policy, dividend policy with taxes; theory of optimal dividend policy; other issues-stock dividends and share repurchase, empirical determinants of optimal dividend policy

5. Introduction to Corporate Governance

Separation of ownership and control, Transaction costs theory of corporate governance, corporate governance mechanisms around the world

Books

- Hull, J. Options, Futures and other Derivatives, tenth edition, Prentice Hall
- Brealey, R. and S. Myers, Principles of Corporate Finance, eighth edition, New York, McGraw Hill
- Houthakker, H.S. and P.J. Williamson, Economics of Financial Markets, Oxford University Press, 1996

FE11: APPLIED MICROECONOMETRICS

1. Discrete Response Models

Introduction to binary variables, Linear probability models and their limitations, Normal and Logistic curve, Probit and Logit models, estimation and inference, hypothesis testing, odds ratios, marginal effects and goodness of fit measures, Multinomial models, Ordinal models, testing parallel regression assumption

2. Count data, Two-part and Duration Models

Count data models (Poisson, Negative binomial models), Two part models (Sample Selection, Zero-inflation, Hurdle models), Censored versus truncated data, censored and truncated normal distributions, Truncated regression, Censored (TOBIT) regression, Duration/hazard models

3. Panel Data Models

Introduction to panel data, pooled repeated cross-section model, within and between estimators, one-way fixed effects model, fixed effects model using least squares dummy variable approach, first difference estimator, random effects model, time fixed effects, Tests of hypothesis for pooled or fixed effects model, pooled and or random effects models (Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier Test) and fixed or random effects (Hausman test), Hausman-Taylor estimator, Mundlak and Chamberlain's approach.

4. Causal Inference I

Causality, Potential outcomes approach (Counterfactual responses and the fundamental identification problem), Randomized experiments, Selection on observables: Regression approach, Matching methods (covariate matching), Propensity score (Estimation and matching)

5. Causal inference II

Difference in Difference (Identification, estimation and falsification tests), Instrumental Variables (Identification, Wald Estimator, Local Average Treatment Effect, 2SLS, Weak Instruments), Regression Discontinuity Design (Sharp Vs Fuzzy RD), Other extensions

Books

- Greene, William H. *Econometric Analysis*. 6th Edition, Prentice Hall. 2008..
- Greene, William H., and David A. Hensher. *Modeling ordered choices: A primer*. Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- Angrist, J. D., & Pischke, J. S. (2008). *Mostly Harmless Econometrics: An Empiricist's Companion*. Princeton University Press.
- Baltagi, *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2013
- Cameron, C.A. and Trivedi, P.K. *Microeconometrics: Methods and Applications*. Cambridge U.P., 2005.
- Wooldridge, J. M. *Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data*. The MIT Press, 2nd edition, 2010.

In each of the topics, examples will be discussed based on recent journal articles and working papers and the reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor.

FE:12 STOCHASTIC MODELS

1. Stochastic Process and Simple Markov Processes

Principles of actuarial modeling, stochastic vs. deterministic models; short run and long-run properties; stochastic process and counting process; analyzing the output of a model; sensitivity testing; types of stochastic processes: discrete state spaces with discrete and continuous time changes, continuous state space, sample paths, stationary, increments, Markov property, filtrations, white noise, general random walk, Poisson process and compound Poisson process

2. Markov Chains

Chapman-Kolmogorov equations; time homogeneous Markov chains, time-inhomogeneous Markov chains; Models- no claims discount policy model, NCD model, simple random walk on $Z=\{\dots,-2,-1,0,1,2,\dots\}$ and on $\{0,1,2,\dots,b\}$; accident proneness model; long-term distribution and behaviours of a Markov chain, stationary probability distribution, modelling using Markov chains; estimating transition probabilities, assessing the fit and simulation

3. Two-State Markov Model

Assumptions, probabilities, joint density function, ML estimator; alternative approach, applications, two state model of a single decrement and comparison with those of a random lifetime model

4. General Properties of Markov Process

Poisson processes, deriving and solving the Kolmogorov equations for Markov process-time and age dependent and time independent transition intensities; birth and death problems; simple survival models, sickness and marriage models in terms of Markov process and duration dependent Markov process; Kolmogorov's backward differential equations, Markov jump process, the jump chain, simple two decrement model, calculation of total waiting time

5. Time-inhomogeneous Markov Jump Process

Chapman-Kolmogorov equations, transition rates, time inhomogeneous HSD model, Kolmogorov's backward and forward differential equations; a two state survival model; integrated form of Kolmogorov equations, applications-marriage, sickness and death; time homogeneous Poisson process models, time homogeneous and inhomogeneous Markov models

Books

- Ross, S.M., An Introduction to Mathematical Finance, Cambridge University Press, 2003
- Parzen, E. Stochastic Processes, Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, 1999.
- Kulkarni, V. Modeling and Analysis of Stochastic Systems, G. Thomson Science and Professional, 1995
- Bhat U.N. and G.K. Miller, Elements of Applied Stochastic Processes, Wiley, 2002.

FE:13 FIXED INCOME SECURITIES

1. Introduction to Fixed Income Securities

Time value of money, discount factors, the law of one price, arbitrage, bond prices, spot prices, STRIPS, coupon bonds, definition and interpretation of yield-to-maturity, coupon effect, yield-to-maturity and spot rates and forward rates

2. Measure of Price Sensitivity and Hedging

One-factor measure of price sensitivity, modified and Macaulay duration and convexity, par bonds and perpetuities, measure of price sensitivity based on parallel yield shift, bond immunization, hedging strategies, volatility weighted hedging and regression based hedging

3. Term Structure Models

The science of term structure models, normally distributed rates and zero drift models, time dependent drift - Ho-Lee model, the mean reversion model: Vasicek model, the volatility models: the Cox-Ingersoll-Ross model

4. Multi-Factor Term Structure Models

Motivation for principal component models, the two factor models, properties of the two factor models, multi-factor models, trading with term structure models and case studies, hedging to the model versus hedging to the market

5. Fixed Income Market in India

An introduction to the Indian debt market, the government securities market, bond, T-bills, the corporate bonds, commercial papers, repos, the trading mechanism in the NSE-WDM, regulations in the bond market

Books

- Fabozzi, F. Bond Markets, Analysis and Strategies, Prentice Hall, 2004
- Tuckman, B. Fixed Income Securities, Willey Finance, 2002
- Copeland, T. E. and J. F. Weston, Financial Theory and Corporate Policy, Addison Wesley, 1992
- Brealey, R. and S. Myers, Principles of Corporate Finance, fifth edition, New York, McGraw Hill, 1997.

FE:14 ECONOMICS OF INSURANCE

1. Principles of General Insurance

Nature of general insurance-classification-effects of different marketing strategies; effects of regulatory and fiscal regimes; the adjustment coefficient-Lindberg's inequality; areas of risk and uncertainty in general insurance business (solvency)

2. Basic Methodology Used in Insurance Business

Basic methodologies applied to practical problems relating to: rating, reserving, reinsurance programme performance, financial planning, monitoring the asset / liability position. Future life time random variable, its distribution function and density function, concept of force of mortality, curtate future life time random variable its probability mass function, deferred probabilities, all these functions in terms of international actuarial notation, analytical laws of mortality such as Gompertz and Makeham, single decrement life table, select and ultimate life table.

3. Fundamental Concepts of the Empirical Approach to Credibility Theory

Empirical Bayes approach to credibility theory, credibility premium formulae and standard elementary models, credibility premiums, the aggregate claim distribution for short term insurance contracts, aggregate claim distribution and application of binomial, Poisson, negative binomial distribution and normal distribution

4. Reserving Bases for General Insurance Business

Different reasons for calculating reserves, assumptions, timing of the run-off of reserves, allowance for future inflation, discount for investment income and likely sources of uncertainty, developing appropriate reinsurance programme structures for a general insurer, appropriate models for the purpose of financial planning to enable general insurer to develop and monitor its strategic objectives at either the corporate or product level

5. Insurance Pricing

Insurance cost and fair premium, basic definition rate making, rate making in property and liability insurance, investment income and the timing of claim payment; assurance and annuity contracts with level and varying benefits, Net premiums for insurance products and annuity schemes; automobile insurance, homeowners insurance, life insurance and annuities, employee benefits and group medical coverage, retirement plans.

Books

- Harrington and G. Niehaus, Risk Management and Risk, Tata McGraw-Hill, second edition, 2004.
- Rajeda, G. Principles of Risk Management and Insurance, eighth edition, Pearson Education, 2004
- Harriett, E.J. and L.L. Dani, Principles of Insurance: Life, Health, and Annuities, second edition, Life Office Management Association, 1999
- Black, K. and H. Skipper, Life and Health Insurance, Pearson Education, thirteenth edition, 2004

FE-15 INVESTMENT BANKING

1. Introduction: Overview of Investment Banking

Corporate debt and underwriting procedures securitization and asset backed debt securities, high yield debt investment bankers as traders and market-makers, private placements

2. Innovation and New Products in Fixed Income Instruments

equity issues; valuing an initial public offering, international equity issues, GDR, ADR, convertible securities, innovation and new equity securities, derivative securities

3. Mergers & Acquisitions

Introduction to valuation of companies; the law of mergers & acquisitions, markets for takeover stocks and risk arbitrageurs restructuring: theory of adding value, LBOS, practice of adding value

4. How Investment Bankers Compete

Developing new business, international business, professional standards and management

5. Structure of the Investment Banking

Structure of banking industry, major developments in India, and in international capital markets 1975-1997: legal basis of corporate finance and investment banking

Books

- Bodie, Z., A Kane and A.J. Marcus, Investments, Irwin McGraw-Hill, 2005.
- Sharpe, W.F., J.A. Gordon, and J.V. Bailey, Investments, Prentice-Hall, 1999.
- Liaw, T. The Business of Investment Banking, John-Wiley, 1999.
- Subramanyam, P. Investment Banking, TATA McGraw-Hill, 2005

FE:16 GAMES AND INFORMATION

1. Static Games of Complete Information

Rational Choice Theory, Strategic form or normal form games; solution concept: Iterated deletion of strictly and weakly dominated strategies; Best Response Functions and Nash equilibrium, mixed and pure strategies; Applications in Industrial Organisation, Labor Market and Political Economy.

2. Dynamic Games of Complete Information

Extensive forms, backward induction, Application: Stackelberg Model of Duopoly, Sequential Bargaining, Finitely and infinitely repeated games, Trigger Strategies, Collusion between Cournot Duopoly, Dynamic games of complete but imperfect information, Subgame Perfect Nash Equilibrium,; Bargaining with complete information, ultimatum game, hold up game, bargaining as an extensive game: Rubinstein model, axiomatic bargaining: Nash bargaining solution, applications

3. Static Games of Incomplete Information

Incomplete Information, Notion of type and strategy, Static Bayesian Games and Bayesian-Nash equilibrium; Examples of Bayesian Nash equilibrium in Industrial organization under Asymmetric Information, Application: Mixed Strategy Revisited, Mechanism Design, 1st price and 2nd price sealed bid Auctions

4. Dynamic Games of Incomplete Information

Perfect Bayesian Equilibrium, Conditional belief about types, Sequential Rationality, Consistency of Belief, Pooling and Separating Equilibria, The basic Signaling game, Applications of Signaling game

5. Introduction to Cooperative Games

Elements of cooperative games, coalition, transferable utility, super additivity theorem, Solution Concept: core, Examples of Core, Shapley-Value.

Books

- Osborne, M. J., An Introduction to Game Theory, Oxford University Press, 2003
- Gibbons, R., A Primer in Game Theory, Harvester-Wheatsheaf, 1992
- Fudenberg, D and J. Tirole, Game Theory, MIT Press, 1991
- Osborne, M. J. and A. Rubinstein, A Course in Game Theory, MIT Press, 1994
- Andreu Mas-Colell, Michael Whinston and Jerry Green Microeconomic Theory, Oxford University Press

FE:17 INTERNATIONAL FINANCE

1. The Balance of Payments and Foreign Exchange Market
Balance of payment accounts Foreign exchange market , Demand & supply of foreign exchange, Effects of exchange rate changes on domestic prices and terms of trade, Marshall-Lerner condition, J-curve effect
2. Theories Exchange Rates
Parity conditions,-Purchasing power parity and interest rate parity, The monetary theory of exchange rates, Sticky price models- theories of overshooting, Portfolio-balance approach to exchanges rates, Currency substitution.
3. Exchange rates models with uncertainty
Market efficiency and rational expectations, The ‘news’ model and exchange rate volatility, Models of risk premium
4. International capital flows and financial crises
Financial crises, varieties, definitions. Models of currency and financial crisis. Crisis in emerging countries
5. Institutional Structure of International Finance
History of exchange rate regimes (Classical gold-standard system, Bretton woods, Post Bretton woods era) Different Exchange Rate Regimes, Monetary unions, Role and functions of International Monetary Fund

Books

- Krugman, Paul R., Maurice Obstfeld and Marc J. Melitz, International Economics: Theory & Policy, 9th edition, Addison-Wesley, 2012.
- Copeland, Laurence S. Exchange Rates and International Finance, 4th edition Pearson Education Limited, 2005.
- Hallwood, C. Paul, and Ronald MacDonald. International Money and Finance. Blackwell Publishing, 2009.
- Levi, M.D. International Finance: The Markets and Financial Management of Multinational Business, 5th Edition, McGraw Hill International Editions, Finance Series, 2009.
- Maurice Obstfeld and Kenneth Rogoff. Foundations of International Macroeconomics, 1st Edition, MIT Press, 1996.
- Pilbeam, Keith. International Finance, 4th Edition, Palgrave Macmillan, 2013.

FE: 18 RISK MANAGEMENT-THEORIES AND PRACTICE

1. Introduction to Risk Management

Sources of risk, currency risk, fixed income risk, equity risk, commodity risk, market risk measurement, VaR as downside risk, definition, parameter, elements of VaR system, stress testing

2. VaR Methods

An overview of VaR methods, VaR local and full valuation, delta normal methods, historical simulation, Monte Carlo simulation, examples of VaR applications.

3. Hedging

Hedging liner risk, optimal hedging, hedge ratio as regression coefficient, duration hedging, beta hedging, non-linear risk hedging, delta and dynamic hedging

4. Credit Risk Management

Settlement risk, introduction to credit risk, measuring credit risk, credit exposure, types of credit derivatives, credit default swap, pricing and hedging credit derivatives, measuring credit VaR, credit risk models, Basel accord, the Basel market risk charges

5. Operation & Integrated Risk Management

Introduction to operational risk, identifying operational risk, managing operational risk, risk capital, RAROC, risk capital, RAROC methodology, legal accounting, tax risk management

Books

- Jorian, P. Financial Risk Manager Handbook, Wiley, 2002
- Holton, G.A. Value-at-Risk- Theory and Practice, Academic Press, 2003
- Alexander, C. Market Models: A Guide to Financial Data Analysis, Wiley 2004
- Dubofsky, D.A. and Miller, T.W. Derivatives: Valuation and Risk Management, Oxford University Press, 2003.

FE: 19 FINANCIAL REGULATIONS AND BANKING SUPERVISION

1. Financial Regulation

Asymmetric information and the rationale for regulation of financial institutions and market, financial market fragility, Evolution of regulatory policies; Cross country Experiences.

2. Indian Capital Markets

Structure of primary and secondary markets, dematerialization, depositories, credit rating of financial instruments, financial institutions: development financial institutions, non-banking financial intermediaries, LIC of India and UTI, mutual funds, venture capital, bank-assurance

3. Financial Sector Reforms

Banking sector reforms-phase -phase out of statutory precyton interest rate deregulation etc.- Indian capital market integration, foreign institutional investors, impact of exchange rate variability in a liberalized regime, Issues of GDRs, ADRs

4. Banking Regulation and BIS

Banking regulation act 1949, financial stability, banking regulation; Basel norms- Capital Adequacy, Income recognition; provisioning; statutory reserve requirement, CAMELS; liquidity risk and contagion market discipline: issues and evidence market discipline in emerging economies: beyond bank fundamentals; conduct of monetary policy;

5. Risk Management

Various Types of Risks in banking and trading banks; Management of Credit Risks; Market Risks, Liquidity Risks, and Operational Risks-General Principles of Bank Management- Solvency, liquidity and profitability considerations.

Books

- Houthakker, H.S. and Williamson, P.J. The Economics of Financial Markets, Oxford University Press, 1996.
- Krugman, P. and Obstfeld, M. International Economics, Theory and Policy, sixth edition, Addison - Wesley, 2003.
- Herring, R. and Litan, R.E. Financial Regulation in the Global Economy, Brookings Institution Press, 1995.
- Howells, P. and Bain, K. Financial Markets and Institutions, Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2007

FE: 20 EMPIRICAL METHODS IN FINANCE

1. The Random Character of Stock Market Prices

Unconditional distributions, conditional distributions, conditional means - mean reversion, conditional means - instrumental variable, conditional variances, relationship between means and variances, stock prices and volume

2. Efficient Markets Hypothesis

Various approaches to efficient market hypothesis, variance bounds tests, anomalies, cross-asset relationships, over-reaction hypothesis

3. Event Study Methodology

Various approaches to event study methodologies, measurement abnormal returns and test statistics

4. Pricing Options, Futures and Other Derivative Assets

Option pricing models, Black and Scholes model, real option pricing, futures and forward prices, pricing of other derivatives, numerical solution for derivative pricing.

5. Fixed Income Securities

Portfolio performance evaluation, term structure of interest rates, pricing debt with default risk, immunization strategies.

Books

- Campbell, J. Y. Lo, A. W. and Mackinlay, A. C. The Econometrics of Financial Markets, Princeton University Press, 1997
- Brooks, C. Introductory Econometrics for Finance, Cambridge University Press, 2002.
- Joel Hasbrouck, Empirical Market Microstructure, Oxford University Press, 2007

FE: 21 FINANCIAL MARKET MICROSTRUCTURE

1. Institutions and Market Structure

The nature of markets, prices and markets, the investigation of the economic forces affecting trades, quotes and prices, trading mechanisms, order data, quote data

2. Inventory Models

Sources for Short-run Price Deviation from Fundamentals, transaction costs, order handling costs, Roll's model, inventory models, the dealers problem, prices and inventories in competitive markets, market maker behaviour

3. Information Based Models

Informed traders and uninformed traders, the information content, the Glosten-Milgrom model, trade quantities and price behaviour, sequential trade models and price behaviour, long-lived information

4. Strategic Trader Models

Strategic behaviour of informed and uninformed traders, price behaviour and multiple informed traders, trading mechanism and strategic trading, strategic behaviour and security returns, the robustness of strategic models

5. Price Discovery and Market Stability

Information and sequence of prices, the volume critique, the role of time in price adjustment, information and market viability, order form and price behaviour, market transparency, trader anonymity, market design, market structure policies

Books

- Maureen O'Hara, Market Microstructure Theory, Blackwell, 1995
- Frank de Jong and Barbara Rindi, The Microstructure of Financial Markets, Cambridge University Press, 2009
- Joel Hasbrouck, Empirical Market Microstructure, Oxford University Press, 2007

ACTUARIAL ECONOMICS

AE:01 MICROECONOMICS

1. Consumer Behaviour and Demand Consumer preferences

opportunity sets, optimum choices, indirect utility demand functions, income and substitution effects, Slutsky equation, normal versus inferior goods, types of demand functions, elasticity, welfare evaluation, consumer surplus, equivalent variation and compensating variation, revealed preference (weak and strong axioms)

2. Utility Functions and Expected Utility Theorem

Expected utility function, measures of risk aversion, state-preference approach, portfolio theory and pricing of risk, present discounted value approach to investment decisions, adjustments for risk

3. Production and Cost

Production functions, types of production functions (Cobb-Douglas, CES, etc.), marginal products, rate of technical substitution, technical progress, cost functions, average and marginal costs, short run versus long run costs, economies of scale and scope, profit maximization, cost minimization, derivation of input demand

4. Competitive Markets

Assumptions of perfect market, competitive markets – demand and supply, demand and supply curves of individual firms, short-run versus long-run, competitive market equilibrium, tax incidence analysis, price-controls and shortages.

5. Imperfect Competition

Market failure, imperfect markets, sources of monopoly power, monopoly market equilibrium, price discrimination – first, second and third degree, tax incidence, oligopoly, Cournot Model, Stackelberg model, Bertrand Model, Monopolistic Competition.

Reference Books

- Varian, H. R., Microeconomic Analysis, third edition, W.W. Norton and Co., 1992
- Mas-collel, Whinston and Green (1995): Micro-economic Theory, OUP
- Gravelle, H and R. Rees: Microeconomics, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2004
- Henderson, M. and R.E. Quandt, Microeconomic Theory: Mathematical Approach, McGraw Hill, 3rd edition.
- Koutsoyiannes. A. “Modern Microeconomics” (Macmillan Press Limited, New York

Review Books

- Varian, H. R., Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach, third edition, 2010.
- Nicholson, W., Microeconomic Theory: Basic Principles and Extensions, eighth edition, South Western Thomson Learning, 2002

AE: 02 MACROECONOMICS

1. National Income Accounting

Accounting structure, key concepts in accounting for both closed and open economies – gross national product, gross domestic product, net national product, national income, savings and investment, balance of payments, circular flow of income, computational problems – expenditure approach, income approach and value added approach for measurement, input-output tables

2. Keynesian Models

Simple Keynesian Model, assumptions, concepts of involuntary unemployment, liquidity preference, paradox of thrift, investment function, IS-LM model – two sector model, goods and money market equilibrium, multiplier, liquidity trap, complete Keynesian model – three sector model, role of government in terms of monetary and fiscal policy

3. Keynesian Models versus Classical Models

Says Law, quantity theory of money, price flexibility and full employment, Clowers and Patinkin's money demand functions, equilibrium concept in classical model, synthesis between classical models and Keynesian models, interpretation and policy analysis

4. Expectations and Macroeconomic Adjustments

Expectations formations – Adaptive and rational expectations hypothesis, partial adjustment model, Lucas critique, Phillips curve, rules versus discretion, time consistency, inflation targeting, interest rate rules, effects of spending and taxes in models with flexible and sticky prices, perverse effects of fiscal expansion

5. Macroeconomics: Open Economy Aspects

Market for foreign exchange, devaluation and depreciation, real and nominal exchange rate, factors affecting exchange rate, Mundell-Fleming model, fixed versus floating exchange rate, price adjustment, role of fiscal and monetary policies under alternative exchange rate regimes, purchasing power parity concept

Books

- Scarth, W., *Macroeconomics: An Introduction to Advanced Methods*, third edition, Thomson, 2007
- Mankiw, N. G., *Macroeconomics*, fifth edition, Worth Publishers, 2002
- Hall, E. and Taylor, J. B. *Macroeconomics*. W. W. Norton and Company, 1986
- Barro, R.J. *Macroeconomics*, Fifth edition, MIT Press 1997

AE: 03 MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

1. Probability Theory

Concept of probability, conditional probability and Bayes' theorem; Random variables –discrete and continuous, Density and distribution functions, joint, marginal and conditional distribution, moment generating function.

2. Probability Distributions

Discrete versus continuous distribution, uniform, binomial, negative binomial, Poisson, geometric and hyper-geometric, exponential, normal, log-normal and gamma; joint, marginal and conditional distribution, functions of random variables.

3. Sampling Methods and Sampling distributions

Simple random sampling: with and without replacement, stratified random sampling, probability and non-probability sampling, statistic and sample moments, sampling distributions: Student's-t, Chi-square and F-distribution, determinants of sample size, law of large numbers and Central Limit theorem.

4. Estimation

Point estimation of population mean for large sample and small sample, estimation of population proportion and population variance, Maximum likelihood and method of moment estimation, properties of good estimators: unbiasedness, consistency, efficiency, sufficiency, Rao-Blackwell Theorem, Cramer-Rao Identity, Interval estimation.

5. Hypothesis Testing

Statistical hypothesis, simple versus composite hypothesis, critical region, types and size of error – type-I and type-II error, power of a test, p-value, Hypothesis test about: a population mean, population proportions, difference between two population means, difference between two proportions, a population variance, the ratio of two population variances.

Books

- DeGroot, M.H. and M.J. Schervish, Probability and Statistics,
- Hogg, R. and A. Craig, J., Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, McGraw-Hill, 1965.
- Miller, I. and M. Miller, Mathematical Statistics, sixth edition, Prentice Hall International, 1999.
- Mood, A. M., R. A. Graybill and R.C. Boes, Introduction to the Theory of Statistics, McGraw-Hill, 1974.
- Ramachandran, K. M and C. P. Tsokos, Mathematical Statistics with Applications, 2009.

AE: 04 MATHEMATICAL METHODS

1. Differential Calculus

Introduction to Functions and Real Analysis; Derivatives – partial and total, economic applications, marginal and elasticity concepts, functions of several variables, implicit function theorem, higher order derivatives and Young's theorem, Taylor's approximation, convex sets, convex and concave functions, properties of linear homogenous functions, Euler's theorem

2. Linear Algebra

Vectors, matrices, inverse, simultaneous linear equations, Cramer's rule for solving system of linear equations, input-output model, Hawkin - Simon condition, open and closed models quadratic equation, characteristic (eigen) roots and vectors

3. Classical Optimization and Applications

Introduction to quadratic forms, unconstrained optimization, constrained optimization with equality constraints, Lagrangian method, Hessian and Jacobian matrices, applications – utility maximization, cost minimization, profit – output maximization

4. Linear and Non-linear Optimization

Duality theory, constrained optimization with inequality and non-negativity constraints, Kuhn-Tucker formulation, linear programming – formulation, primal and dual, solutions using graphical and Simplex methods, applications from economics and finance

5. Dynamics

Definite and indefinite integrals, applications – measuring consumer and producer surplus, continuous interest – discount calculations, difference and differential equations, phase diagrams, Cobweb model, multiplier accelerator, Harrod-Domar and Solow model

Books:

- Simon, C. and L. Blume, Mathematics for Economists, Norton, London, 1994
- Chiang, A. C., Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, McGraw-Hill, 1984
- Ok, E.A., Real Analysis with Economic Applications, Princeton University Press, 2007
- Hoy, M., Livernois, J., McKenna, C., Rees, R. and Stengos, T. Mathematics for Economics, MIT Press, 2011
- Knut Sydsaeter and Peter J. Hammond, Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Education Asia, 1995
- M.D. Intriligator, Mathematical Optimization and Economic Theory, Prentice-Hall, 1971
- Roberts B. and D.L. Schultze, Modern Mathematics and Economic Analysis, W.W. Norton and Company, 1973

AE: 05 FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

1. Basic Financial Calculations

Introduction: financial securities- zero coupon bond, fixed interest, index linked securities etc.; the time value of money; nominal Vs. real interest, deflationary conditions; accumulating factors, force of interest, compound interest functions.

2. Annuities and Equation of Value

Discounting and Accumulation: discrete and continuous cash flows; level annuities, deferred and increasing/decreasing annuities, equation of value and yield on transaction, probability of cash flows, higher discount, loan schedules; consumer credit: flat rate and APRs.

3. Capital Budgeting Techniques and Compound Interest Problems

Introduction to financial statement, assessing financial performance, net present value, internal rate of return, payback period; projects with different lives; money and time weighed rate of return; fixed interest securities, uncertain income securities, equities, valuing a loan with allowance for capital gains and indexation.

4. Arbitrage, Forward Contracts, and Term Structure of Interest

Rationale for no arbitrage assumption; forward contracts, calculating the forward price for a security with known dividend yield; hedging, fixed cash income; Discrete time and continuous time rates; continuous time spot rates and forward rates; instantaneous forward rates; theories of time; term structure of interest rates; yield curve; yields to maturity; convexity and immunization; interest rate risk..

5. Stochastic Interest Models and Investments

Simple stochastic interest rate models, fixed and varying interest model, log normal distribution; fixed interest government borrowings, government bonds, tax, security, marketability and return; government bills: corporate debt, debentures, unsecured loan stocks, eurobonds, certificates of deposit, convertibles, property, derivatives, future, range of futures, clearing house, margin, bond futures, short interest futures, stock index futures etc.,

Books:

- Ross, S.M., An Introduction to Mathematical Finance, Cambridge University Press, Norton, London, 1999
- Watsham, T.J. and Perramore, K., Quantitative Methods in Finance, International Thomson Business Press, 1997
- Karatzas, L. and S.E. Shreve, Methods of Mathematical Finance, Springer, 1998
- Martin, P.G. and B.Michael, Applied Financial Mathematics, Prentice Hall, 1991
- Baxter, M. and A. L. Rennie, Financial Calculus, Cambridge University Press, 1996

AE: 06 ACTUARIAL MATHEMATICS

1. Life Assurance and Annuity Contracts

Pricing of life insurance contracts, equations of value, allowance for investment income, present value random variable, expected present value, variance of the present value random variable for life assurance contracts; life assurance benefits payable immediately on death; claim acceleration approximation; life annuity contracts: immediate annuity; annuity-due; temporary annuity; temporary annuity-due; deferred annuities; deferred annuities-due; and continuous annuities

2. Mathematical Theory of Life Contingencies

Advance Problems in mathematical theory of life contingencies; force of mortality; laws of mortality; premiums and reserves for insurance and annuities based on a single life- sums and integrals for mean and variance of present value of benefit payments; annuities payable in advance and in arrears; temporary and deferred and whole lifetime annuities; net premiums and reserves-prospective and retrospective reserves; Gross and net premium reserves; profit contracts

3. Joint Life Probabilities

Joint life probabilities, annuities and insurances; cash flow dependent upon death or survival of either or both of two lives; competing risks; transition intensities for given dependent probability

4. Multiple-Decrement Theory and Pension fund Mathematics

Multiple decrement theory; pension fund mathematics-techniques of discounting emerging cost, for use in pricing, reserving and assessing profitability for all contract types and for pensions; expected cash flow dependent upon more than one decrement; expected cash flow contingent upon risks other than human risks

5. Principal Forms of Heterogeneity within a Population

Variations in mortality and morbidity; main forms of selection-temporary initial selection, time and class selections, spurious and adverse selection, different mortality tables for different lives; risk classification of life insurance, genetic information of risk classification in life insurance, directly and indirectly standardized mortality rates

Books

- Gerber, H.U., Life Insurance Mathematics, Springer, third edition, 1997.
- Booth, P.M. (et al.), Modern Actuarial Theory and Practice, Chapman and Hall, 1999.
- Neil, A., Life Contingencies, Heinemann, 1977.
- Newton bowers (et al.), Actuarial Mathematics, Society of Actuaries, second edition, 1997.

AE: 07 ECONOMETRIC METHODS

1. Simple Regression Analysis

Specification of the two variable regression model, Ordinary Least Squares estimation, Assumptions, BLUE property, General and confidence approach to hypothesis testing, partial effects and elasticity, goodness of fit, model evaluation, ANOVA

2. Multiple Regression Analysis

Motivation, Assumptions and OLS estimation, Interpretation of OLS estimation, Goodness of fit, matrix approach to linear regression models, testing of hypothesis for a single parameter, for linear combination of parameters, for multiple linear restrictions. Choice of function forms: linear, log-linear, log-log, quadratic functional forms, Box-Cox test, models with quadratics and interaction terms.

3. Dummy Variables

Regression on dummy (qualitative) variables with two categories, with more than two categories- intercept shifters, dummy variable trap, interaction of two categorical variables, interaction of categorical and continuous (quantitative) variables- slope shifters, piecewise linear regression model, Chow test for cross-section data and for time-series data (test structural stability of regression models)

4. Extensions of Linear Models and Non-Linear Estimation

Method of maximum likelihood and its properties (including consistency), trinity of classical tests (Wald test, Lagrange multiplier, likelihood ratio), Consequences, detection and remedial measures of multicollinearity, heteroskedasticity (WLS, MLE), and autocorrelation (GLS), Specification error (omitted variable, inclusion of irrelevant variables, measurement error in dependent and independent variables), method of moments (IV method)

5. Multi-Equation Models

Seemingly unrelated regression and its application.

Structural equation models-specification, endogenous, exogenous and predetermined variables, structural versus reduced form, simultaneity bias, identification: rank versus order condition, exact and over identifications, methods of estimation: indirect least squares, instrumental variable estimation, two-stage least squares and three-stage least squares.

Books

- Gujarati and Porter, Basic Econometrics, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill/Irwin, 2009.
- Greene, William H. Econometric Analysis. 6th Edition, Prentice Hall. 2008.
- Johnston J. and DiNardo, J. Econometric Methods. 4th Ed. McGraw-Hill 1997. Greene
- Ramanathan, Ramu, Introductory Econometrics with Applications, 5th edition, 2002, Thomson Asia Pte Ltd., Singapore.
- Stock, James H., and Mark W. Watson (2006): Introduction to Econometrics, Second Edition, (Addison-Wesley Series in Economics).
- Wooldridge, J., Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach, 2015, Nelson Education.

AE: 08 FINANCIAL ECONOMICS

1. Introduction to Financial Markets

Capital markets, consumption and investments with and without capital markets, market places and transaction costs and the breakdown of separation; Fisher separation theorem; the agency problem; maximization of shareholder's wealth, capital budgeting techniques

2. Choice under Uncertainty

Axioms of choice under uncertainty; utility functions; expected utility theorem; certainty equivalence, measures of risk-absolute and relative risk aversions; stochastic dominance-first order, second order and third order; measures of investment risk-variance of return, semi-variance of return, shortfall probabilities

3. Mean-Variance Portfolio Theory

Measuring portfolio return and risks, effect of diversification, minimum variance portfolio, perfectly correlated assets, minimum variance opportunity set, static portfolio choice; mean-variance frontier of risky and risk-free asset.

4. Introduction to Asset Pricing

Capital asset pricing model; empirical methods to test models of asset pricing; Factor models and cross section of stock returns; arbitrage pricing theory and models

5. Efficient Market Hypothesis

Defining capital market efficiency, relationship between the value of information and efficient capital markets, rational expectations and market efficiency, market efficiency with costly information, efficient capital market theory and empirical models

Books

- Copeland, T. E. and J. F. Weston, Financial Theory and Corporate Policy, Addison Wesley, 1992
- Elton, E.J and M.J. Gruber, Modern Portfolio Theory & Investment Analysis, (fourth edition) John Wiley & Sons 1991.
- Houthakker, H.S. and P.J. Williamson, Economics of Financial Markets, Oxford University Press, 1996
- John Y. Campbell and Luis M. Viceira, Strategic Asset Allocation: Portfolio Choice for Long-Term Investors, Oxford University Press, 2002
- Christian Gollier, The Economics of Risk and Time, MIT Press, 2001

AE09: APPLIED MICROECONOMETRICS

1. Discrete Response Models

Introduction to binary variables, Linear probability models and their limitations, Normal and Logistic curve, Probit and Logit models, estimation and inference, hypothesis testing, odds ratios, marginal effects and goodness of fit measures, Multinomial models, Ordinal models, testing parallel regression assumption

2. Count data, Two-part and Duration Models

Count data models (Poisson, Negative binomial models), Two part models (Sample Selection, Zero-inflation, Hurdle models), Censored versus truncated data, censored and truncated normal distributions, Truncated regression, Censored (TOBIT) regression, Duration/hazard models

3. Panel Data Models

Introduction to panel data, pooled repeated cross-section model, within and between estimators, one-way fixed effects model, fixed effects model using least squares dummy variable approach, first difference estimator, random effects model, time fixed effects, Tests of hypothesis for pooled or fixed effects model, pooled and or random effects models (Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier Test) and fixed or random effects (Hausman test), Hausman-Taylor estimator, Mundlak and Chamberlain's approach.

4. Causal Inference I

Causality, Potential outcomes approach (Counterfactual responses and the fundamental identification problem), Randomized experiments, Selection on observables: Regression approach, Matching methods (covariate matching), Propensity score (Estimation and matching)

5. Causal inference II

Difference in Difference (Identification, estimation and falsification tests), Instrumental Variables (Identification, Wald Estimator, Local Average Treatment Effect, 2SLS, Weak Instruments), Regression Discontinuity Design (Sharp Vs Fuzzy RD), Other extensions

Books

- Greene, William H. *Econometric Analysis*. 6th Edition, Prentice Hall. 2008..
- Greene, William H., and David A. Hensher. *Modeling ordered choices: A primer*. Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- Angrist, J. D., & Pischke, J. S. (2008). *Mostly Harmless Econometrics: An Empiricist's Companion*. Princeton University Press.
- Baltagi, *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2013
- Cameron, C.A. and Trivedi, P.K. *Microeconometrics: Methods and Applications*. Cambridge U.P., 2005.
- Wooldridge, J. M. *Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data*. The MIT Press, 2nd edition, 2010.

In each of the topics, examples will be discussed based on recent journal articles and working papers and the reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor.

AE: 10 RISK MODELS

1. Decision Theory and Loss Distributions

Prior and posterior distributions; sequential decision procedure and its risk functions; minimax and Bayes criterion; MGFs of loss distributions: gamma, exponential, Pareto and generalized Pareto, Normal and log Normal, Weibull and Burr; deductibles and retention limits; reinsurance; excess of loss insurance; estimation of parameters of failure time using MLE and MOM

2. Bayesian Statistics and Credibility Theory

Bayes theorem; Posterior Distribution; loss function to derive Bayesian estimates of parameters; credibility theory; Bayesian credibility-Poisson/gamma model; Baye's thermo, a Bayesian approach to the updating of claim frequency rates; no claim discount; the credibility premium

3. Rating Systems

Credit rating for mortgages; experience rating system based on claim frequency; delay triangle techniques, chain ladder method, inflation adjustment, development factors, estimating outstanding claims

4. Construction of Risk Models

Models for short term insurance contracts, calculations of MGFs and moments for risk models: the sum of N independent random variables when N has a binomial, Poisson and geometric distributions; compound binomial, Poisson and negative binomial random variables; aggregate claim distribution for short term insurance contracts

5. Ruin for a Risk Model

Ruin for a risk model, aggregate claim process, probability of ruin in infinite/finite and continuous and discrete time and state; relation between different probabilities of ruin; adjustment coefficients and Lundberg's inequality

Books

- Ross, S.M., Introduction to Probability Models, Academic Press, seventh edition, 2000
- Berject, J. Statistical Decision Theory and Bayesian Analysis.
- Hossack, P. and Zehnwirth, Introductory Statistics with Applications in General Insurance, Cambridge University Press
- Hogg, R.V. and S.A. Klugman, Loss Distributions.

AE: 11 STOCHASTIC MODELS

1. Stochastic Process and Simple Markov Processes

Principles of actuarial modeling, stochastic vs. deterministic models; short run and long-run properties; stochastic process and counting process; analyzing the output of a model; sensitivity testing; types of stochastic processes: discrete state spaces with discrete and continuous time changes, continuous state space, sample paths, stationary, increments, Markov property, filtrations, white noise, general random walk, Poisson process and compound Poisson process

2. Markov Chains

Chapman-Kolmogorov equations; time homogeneous Markov chains, time-inhomogeneous Markov chains; Models- no claims discount policy model, NCD model, simple random walk on $Z=\{\dots,-2,-1,0,1,2,\dots\}$ and on $\{0,1,2,\dots,b\}$; accident proneness model; long-term distribution and behaviours of a Markov chain, stationary probability distribution, modelling using Markov chains; estimating transition probabilities, assessing the fit and simulation

3. Two-State Markov Model

Assumptions, probabilities, joint density function, ML estimator; alternative approach, applications, two state model of a single decrement and comparison with those of a random lifetime model

4. General Properties of Markov Process

Poisson processes, deriving and solving the Kolmogorov equations for Markov process-time and age dependent and time independent transition intensities; birth and death problems; simple survival models, sickness and marriage models in terms of Markov process and duration dependent Markov process; Kolmogorov's backward differential equations, Markov jump process, the jump chain, simple two decrement model, calculation of total waiting time

5. Time-inhomogeneous Markov Jump Process

Chapman-Kolmogorov equations, transition rates, time inhomogeneous HSD model, Kolmogorov' backward and forward differential equations; a two state survival model; integrated form of Kolmogorov equations, applications-marriage, sickness and death; time homogeneous Poisson process models, time homogeneous and inhomogeneous Markov models

Books

- Ross, S.M., An Introduction to Mathematical Finance, Cambridge University Press, 2003
- Parzen, E. Stochastic Processes, Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, 1999.
- Kulkarni, V. Modeling and Analysis of Stochastic Systems, G. Thomson Science and Professional, 1995
- Bhat U.N.and G.K.Miller, Elements of Applied Stochastic Processes, Wiley, 2002.

AE12: APPLIED MACRO AND FINANCIAL ECONOMETRICS

1. Univariate Time-series Models

Introduction to stationary processes, autocovariance functions, autocorrelation and partial autocorrelation, autoregressive and moving average models, conditions for stationary and invertible process, Box-Jenkins approach, forecasting.

2. Multivariate and Multiple Equation Models

Motivation for multivariate model, Autoregressive Distributive Lag Models, Simultaneity and motivation for Vector autoregressive (VAR) models, Testing for order of VAR models, Block significance and tests for causality including Granger causality, Forecasting, Impulse response function, Variance decomposition.

3. Modeling Non-Stationary Time-series processes

Deterministic and stochastic trends, Integrated process and random walk, random walk with drift, Unit root and tests for unit root- Dickey-Fuller and Augmented Dickey Fuller tests, Phillips-Perron Test and KPSS test, Unit Roots and Structural Breaks, Unit roots in regression residuals and spurious regression, Cointegration and its testing using Engel-Granger method, Lead-lag and Long Run relationships, Characteristic Root, Rank and Cointegration, Testing for and estimating cointegrating systems using the Johansen method based on VARs, Vector Error Correction Models.

4. Modeling volatility clustering

Volatility-Meaning and measurement, Volatility clustering, Econometric models of volatility, Conditional heteroscedasticity in ARMA models, Estimation and Testing for ARCH and GARCH models for volatility clustering in economic time-series, multivariate regression models and conditional heteroscedasticity, Asymmetric GARCH models-GJR model and EGARCH.

5. Static and Dynamic Panel Data Models

Introduction to panel data, pooled repeated cross-section model, within and between estimators, one-way fixed effects model, fixed effects model using least squares dummy variable approach, random effects model, time fixed effects, Tests of hypothesis for pooled or fixed effects model, pooled and or random effects models (Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier Test) and fixed or random effects (Hausman test), Introduction to dynamic Panel data models, Arellano and Bond Estimator, The Arellano and Bover Estimator, The Blundell and Bond System GMM Estimator.

Readings

- Baltagi, Badi. *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2013.
- Brooks, C., *Introductory Econometrics for Finance*, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- Enders, W., *Applied Econometric Time Series*, second edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2006.
- Hamilton, J. D., *Time Series Analysis*, Princeton University Press, 1994.
- Pesaran, H.M. *Time Series and Panel Data Econometrics*, Oxford University Press, 2015

In each of the topics, examples from financial economics and macroeconomics will be discussed based on recent journal articles and working papers and the reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor.

AE: 13 FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES AND CORPORATE FINANCE

1. Introduction to Derivatives

Derivative markets and trading; Types of Derivatives; Arbitrage, Speculation and Hedging; Forward and future contracts; Options; Swaps; Real options

2. Derivative Pricing

Pricing futures, bounds and option payoffs, the put-call parity; Valuing options - Binomial model and Black-Scholes Model, Volatility estimation and implied volatility, Greek letters and hedging

3. Capital Structure Choice

Value of firm, Modigliani-Miller irrelevance hypothesis, choices in financing-debt and equity, the financing mix: trade-offs and theory; signalling hypothesis; effect of agency cost on capital structure, cost of capital, empirical determinants of capital structure choice

4. Dividend Policy

Irrelevance of dividend policy without tax; valuation, growth and dividend policy, dividend policy with taxes; theory of optimal dividend policy; other issues-stock dividends and share repurchase, empirical determinants of optimal dividend policy

5. Special Topics

Value at risk; Exotic options; Acquisitions and takeovers; Indian capital market and financial sector reforms

Books

- Hull, J. Options, Futures and other Derivatives, tenth edition, Prentice Hall
- Brealey, R. and S. Myers, Principles of Corporate Finance, eighth edition, New York, McGraw Hill
- Panjer, H.H. Financial Economics: with applications to Investments, Insurance and Pensions, Actuarial Foundation
- Houthakker, H.S. and P.J. Williamson, Economics of Financial Markets, Oxford University Press, 1996

AE: 14 ECONOMICS OF INSURANCE I

1. Economic Foundations

Expected utility, St. Petersburg paradox, Bernoulli's solution, Von Neumann Morgenstern Expected utility theorem, Risk preference, Demand for full insurance, maximum premium, Insurance at Fair Odds, Partial Insurance, Insurance Market-State Space Approach, contingent commodities, zero profit constraint, odd price ratio,

2. Asymmetric Information and Insurance

Moral Hazard and Insurance, Insurance and Selection Problems, single Crossing Property; Imperfect information: pooling, contract, separate insurance, self selection constraint, separating equilibrium,

3. Risk Management and Insurance

The concept of risk; Business risks and Individual risks; Risk management methods-loss control, loss financing and internal risk reduction methods; frequency of loss, magnitude and severity of loss; Important distributions of claim costs; diversification and pooling arrangement; contract costs; diversification of underwriting risk; reinsurance; proportional and non proportional contracts; Insolvency issues;

4. Insurance Pricing and Selective Insurance Products

Fundamentals – fair premium; fair profit loading; Actuarial Science pricing techniques-individual risk theory and collective risk theory; financial pricing of Insurance-insurance capital asset pricing model; present value model and option pricing model; types of insurance products; life and health insurance- term, endowment and whole life policies; universal and variable life; group insurance; annuity contracts with level and varying benefits; future life time random variable, its distribution function, force of mortality, curtate future life time; deferred probabilities; analytical laws of mortality-Gompertz, Maheham, single decrement life table, select and ultimate life table.

5. Experience Rating and Credibility Theory

Experience or merit rating, risk classification, Bonus Malus System; Credibility theorem-Empirical Bayes approach to credibility theory, credibility premium formulae and standard elementary models, credibility premiums, full and partial credibility; the aggregate claim distribution for short term insurance contracts, aggregate claim distribution and application of binomial, Poisson, negative binomial distribution and normal distribution

Books

1. Harrington and G. Niehaus, Risk Management and Risk, Tata McGraw-Hill, second edition, 2004.
2. Black, K. and H. Skipper, Life and Health Insurance, Pearson Education, thirteenth edition, 2004
3. Brian Hiller, Economics of Asymmetric Information
4. Walter Nicholson, Microeconomic Theory (8th Edition)
5. Hun Seog S. Economics of Risk and Insurance, Wiley-Blackwell .
6. Hans U. Gerber, Life Insurance Mathematics, Springer.

AE: 15 FIXED INCOME SECURITIES

1. Introduction to Fixed Income Securities

Time value of money, discount factors, the law of one price, arbitrage, bond prices, spot prices, STRIPS, coupon bonds, definition and interpretation of yield-to-maturity, coupon effect, yield-to-maturity and spot rates and forward rates

2. Measure of Price Sensitivity and Hedging

One-factor measure of price sensitivity, modified and Macaulay duration and convexity, par bonds and perpetuities, measure of price sensitivity based on parallel yield shift, bond immunization, hedging strategies, volatility weighted hedging and regression based hedging

3. Term Structure Models

The science of term structure models, normally distributed rates and zero drift models, time dependent drift - Ho-Lee model, the mean reversion model: Vasicek model, the volatility models: the Cox-Ingersoll-Ross model

4. Multi-Factor Term Structure Models

Motivation for principal component models, the two factor models, properties of the two factor models, multi-factor models, trading with term structure models and case studies, hedging to the model versus hedging to the market

5. Fixed Income Market in India

An introduction to the Indian debt market, the government securities market, bond, T-bills, the corporate bonds, commercial papers, repos, the trading mechanism in the NSE-WDM, regulations in the bond market

Books

- Fabozzi, F. Bond Markets, Analysis and Strategies, Prentice Hall, 2004
- Tuckman, B. Fixed Income Securities, Willey Finance, 2002
- Copeland, T. E. and J. F. Weston, Financial Theory and Corporate Policy, Addison Wesley, 1992
- Brealey, R. and S. Myers, Principles of Corporate Finance, fifth edition, New York, McGraw Hill, 1997

AE: 16 ADVANCED TECHNIQUES IN FINANCE

1. Kalman Filters

Introduction to Kalman filters, local level model, local linear trend model, local level model with explanatory variable and intervention variable, confidence interval, filtering and prediction, forecasting

2. Estimation, Testing and Resampling

Smoother and simulation smoother techniques, linear Gaussian state space model, choice of simulation method, Wavelet estimation, goodness of fit tests, tests for cycles, re-sampling in state space models, Bayesian parameter estimation, applications

3. Bootstrap

Introduction, estimation of standard error, parametric bootstraps, number of bootstrap replications, application of bootstrap in regression models, bootstrap pairs, bootstrap residuals, examples, confidence intervals based on bootstrap

4. Hypothesis Testing and Bootstrap Computation

Testing hypothesis with bootstrap, two sample problems, testing multimodality, cross validation, post sampling adjustment, bootstrap bias, bootstrap variance, applications of bootstrap computations

5. Bootstrap Bioequivalence

Confidence intervals, power calculations, Fieller's interval

Books

- Harvey, A., S.J. Koopman, and N. Shephard, State Space and Unobserved Components Model, Theory and Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2004
- Efron, B., and R. Tibshirani, An Introduction to Bootstrap, Chapman Hall, 1993
- Mooney, C. and R. D. Duval, Bootstrapping: A Nonparametric Approach to Statistical Inference, Sage, 1993
- Friedman, J., T. Hastie, and R. Tibshirani, Additive Logistic Regression- A Statistical View of Boosting, Annals of Statistics, 2000

AE: 17 FINANCE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING

1. Principles of Finance

Basic concepts, investment and asset management; objectives of an organization; Role and effects of capital markets, agent theory; theory of maximization of shareholder wealth; types of business entity; private and public companies; joint stock company; pros and cons of limited company; medium (hire purchase, credit sale, leasing and bank loans) and short (bank ODs, trade credit, factoring, bills of exchange, commercial paper) term company finance

2. Principles of Taxation and Investment Analysis

Basic principles of corporate and personal taxation, taxation of capital gains, double taxation relief, principle forms of financial instruments issued and used by companies-debenture stocks, unsecured loan stocks, Eurobonds, preference shares; ordinary and convertible shares, floating rate notes, options issued by companies etc.; corporate and private debt, credit derivatives, financial futures, options and currency swaps used by non-financial company; methods of obtaining quotation for securities; effect of taxation on capital structure used by a company, dividend policy on the market valuation of a company; venture capital and hedge funds

3. Capital Structure and Financial Accounts

Capital structure, weighted average cost of capital, Project evaluation methods, methods to evaluate risky investments: profitability tress, simulation and certainty equivalents

4. Financial Reporting

Fundamental accounting concepts, balance sheets, profit and loss account, cash flow statement; insurance company accounts, consolidated accounts, depreciation used in company account, reserves-share premium account, revaluation reserves; effects of interest rat movements on a highly geared company; capital structure and financial leverage; ratio analysis- price earnings ratio, profitability; liquidity and efficiency; short coming historical cost accounting

5. Assessment of Capital Investment Projects

Methods to determine the viability of capital investment projects, choice discount rate; methods for identifying risks, techniques for ascertaining the profitability of occurrence of different risks over varying timescales and financial impact of occurrence; techniques for ascertaining distribution of financial outcomes of a capital project

Books

- Brealey, R.A. and S.C Myres, Principles of Corporate Finance, McGraw-Hill, sixth edition, 1999
- Geoffrey Holmes, and A. Sugden, Interpreting Company Reports and Accounts, Prentice Hall, seventh edition, 1999
- Samuels, J.M., F.M. Wilkes and B. Shaw, Management of Company Finance, International Thomson, sixth edition, 1995.

AE: 18 HEALTH ECONOMICS

1. Introduction, Demand for Health and Health Care

Welfare economics of medical care, production of health, demand for health and health care, equity, efficiency and the need, link between development and health, investing in health for economic development, public-private partnership and the role of state

2. Health Production Function

Nature of production function, different types of production function and their applications, national and international perspective, distributional inequities in opportunity and commercialization of medical and para-medical education, cost escalation in the health care system, easy access and availability to appropriate technology, need for regulation and control

3. Health Care Incentives and Financing

Goals of health care provision and financing, competitive health insurance and risk adjustment, demand and supply of health insurance, asymmetric information and agency, market insurance, self-insurance and protection, employment based insurance, health insurance in India

4. Measuring and Valuing Health Outcomes

Measurement of health state utilities, QALYs and its alternatives- different approaches of valuing health, multi-attribute utility instruments and their development

5. Health Care in India

Various health indicators and its recent trend, health care expenditures, target of health care and achievements, different options for financing healthcare, taxation, user fees, health insurance, role of urban and rural local bodies, role of non-governmental organizations, economic impact of HIV/AIDS in India and gender issues

Books

- Folland, S., A.C. Goodman and M. Stano, Economics of Health and Health Care, fifth edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2006
- Culyer, A. J. and J.P. Newhouse (eds.), Handbook of Health Economics, Volumes 1A & B, North-Holland, 2000
- Zweifel, P., Health Economics, Oxford University Press, 1997
- CII-Mckinsey Report, Healthcare in India: The Road Ahead, 2004.

AE: 19 SURVIVAL MODELS

1. Survival Modeling

Survival models, survival probabilities, model of life time, consistency condition, distribution and density functions of random failure lifetime, survival function and force of mortality rate; integral formula of ${}_t p_x$, and ${}_t q_x$; Compertz and Makehan laws of mortality; expected value and variance of the complete and curtate future lifetimes, two-state model of a single decrement and its comparison with random life time model.

2. Estimating Life Time Distributions

Censoring life-time data; life tables, estimation of survival functions with and without censoring, estimating life time distribution function; Kaplan-Meier and Nelson-Aalen models; censoring mechanisms, Kaplan-Meier (product-limit) estimator, MLE, extending the force of mortality to discrete distributions; comparing lifetime distributions; Nelson-Aalen estimate, integrated hazard function; relationship between the Kaplan-Meier and Nelson-Aalen estimates

3. The Cox Regression, Binomial and Poisson Models

Fully parametric models for the hazard function; Covariates, Cox model, time-dependent covariates, hazards of different lives, utility of Cox model; maximizing the partial likelihood, properties; effect of the covariates; Binomial-type models, estimating q_x from the data, generalization of the model, Poisson models, estimating the force of mortality, links to the two-state Markov model, multiple-state, binomial and Poisson models

4. Exposed to Risk

Calculating the exposed to risk, principle of correspondence; working with complete and incomplete data; census approximations; different definitions of age, deaths using different definitions of age; calendar year rate intervals; deaths classified by calendar year and policy year; distribution of policy anniversaries over the year

5. Graduation and Statistical Tests

Features of a graduation, smoothness versus Adherence to data; suitability for purpose in hand, comparison with other tables; testing the smoothness of a graduation, statistical tests, continuity correction; chi-square tests; tests of mortality experience, standardized deviations test; signs test; grouping of sign Test, serial corrections tests; testing actual vs. expected rates; methods of graduation: graduation by parametric formula, graduation process, graphical graduation, statistical test of graduation, effect of duplicate polices,

Books

- Bowers N (et al.), Actuarial Mathematics, Society of Actuaries, 1986
- Parzen, E., Stochastic Processes, Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, 1999
- Cox, D.R. and D. Oakes, Analysis of Survival Data, Chapman and Hall, 1984
- Johnson, E. R.E. and N.L. Johnson, Survival Models and Data Analysis, John Wiley and Sons, 1980

AE: 20 ECONOMICS OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

1. Introduction

Review of market failures; statistical value of life and health – empirical estimates of statistical value of life; disability adjusted life years

2. Environmental Effects on Health

Health production function; exposure, dose and response; indoor and outdoor air pollution; effects of air pollution on children, adults; effects of climate variability and climate change on mortality and morbidity; environmental toxicology; environmental carcinogenesis; water-borne diseases; municipal, industrial and hazardous waste – health implications

3. Medical Production of Health

Individual as producer of health; characteristics of health services and production; design of health-related insurances; role of the physician as a producer of health; healthcare organisation and funding; effects of health care expenditure on health; market for pharmaceuticals

4. Market Failure in the Provision of Health Care

Adverse selection in insurance markets; moral hazards, externalities, and other market failures in health care; problems of risk and uncertainty; unequal information; imperfect competition; equality in health care

5. Health and Environmental Policy – Inter-linkages

Global policy initiatives: national environmental and health action plans; Health impacts from Air and water pollution; Variations in the weather and impact on mortality; disease incidence; Economic and health effects of weather related disturbances, Environmental health; global changes in environment and the third world.

Books

- Zweifel, Peter, Friedrich Breyer, and Mathias Kifmann. Health economics. Springer Science & Business Media, 2009.
- Duflo, E., Greenstone, M. and R. Hanna. 2008. Indoor Air Pollution, Health, and Economic Well-Being, Surveys and Perspectives Integrating Environment and Society
- Gilbreath, J. 2007. The Economics of Better Environmental Health, Environmental Health Perspectives, 2007 2. *Hubbell, B. J. 2006. Implementing QALYs in the Analysis of Air Pollution Regulations, Environmental and Resource Economics, 34(3), 34:365–384
- Prüss-Üstün A., C. Mathers, C. Corvalán and A. Woodward. 2003. Introduction and Methods: Assessing the Environmental burden of disease at national and local levels, WHO.
- Yassi, A., T. Kiellstrom, T. de Kok, and T.L. Guidotti, Basic Environmental Health, Oxford University Press, 2001

- Confalonieri, U., B. Menne, R. Akhtar, K.L. Ebi, M. Hauengue, R.S. Kovats, B. Revich and A. Woodward, 2007: Human health. Climate Change 2007: Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability. Contribution of Working Group II to the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change,
- M.L. Parry, O.F. Canziani, J.P. Palutikof, P.J. van der Linden and C.E. Hanson, Eds., Cambridge University Press.
- Clasen, T. F. and L. Haller. 2008. Water Quality Interventions to Prevent Diarrhoea: Cost and Cost- Effectiveness, Public Health and the Environment, World Health Organization,
- Phelps, C. Health Economics, 4th edition, Pearson Education, 2009
- Nadakavukaren, A. Our Global Environment: A Health Perspective, Waveland Press, 2005.

AE: 21 PUBLIC ECONOMICS

1. Theory of Public Good and Public Choice

Public goods and externalities, merit goods, Samuelson theory, free rider problem, Lindahl solution, Coasian theory, theory of clubs, median voter theorem, theory of rent seeking

2. Taxation: Key Concepts

Direct and indirect taxes, efficiency and equity, dead weight loss (income tax, commodity tax, wealth tax and subsidy), taxation and monopoly; measurement of income and expenditure, tax incidence: partial (income tax, input tax, commodity tax etc.), measuring progressivity of taxation, user charges

3. Theory of Taxation and Tax Reforms

Taxation and labour supply, taxation and savings, risk-taking and wealth, general equilibrium (Herberger) models of tax incidence, theory of optimal taxation, recent developments in theory of taxation, Taxation in a Federal system: assignment issues, vertical and horizontal imbalances and externalities, evolution of tax structures, tax evasion and avoidance, designing of modern tax system, reform in direct taxes, reform in indirect taxes: the value-added tax, taxation of property, Laffer curve analysis

4. Public Expenditure and the Macro-economy

Determining optimal size of government, financing of public expenditure: debt versus tax financing, impact of public expenditure on the level and composition of output, fiscal federalism: central and sub-national expenditures, Impact of government expenditure on output and employment, designing optimal government expenditure policy: issues of size and composition, designing subsidy policy: health and education expenditure policy in India

5. Fiscal Policy Issues

Budget deficit and public debt: Keynesian, neo-classical, and Ricardian equivalence, debt dynamics, interdependence of fiscal and monetary policies, theory of inter-governmental transfers, theory and policy of subsidies, Theory of fiscal federalism, issues of equity and efficiency, designing equalisation transfers, conditional and unconditional grants, fiscal federalism in India: transfer mechanisms, role of planning and finance commission, Goods and services tax in India, new direct tax code, role of central and state FRBMs

Books

- Atkinson, A. and Stiglitz, J., Lectures in Public Economics, McGraw Hill, 1980
- Aurebach, A. and Feldstein, M., Handbook of Public Economics, Vol. 3, North Holland, 2002
- Hillman A. L., Public Finance and Public Policy, Cambridge University Press, 2003
- Boadway, Public Sector Economics, Cambridge University Press, 1979

AE: 22 ECONOMICS OF INSURANCE II

1. Life Insurance

Basic mechanism, types of life insurance: permanent, whole, universal, endowment, joint, group; premium principles and their properties; life tables, different forms: cohort, current, single and multiple decrements, functions of life tables, survival distribution, DeMoivre law, curtate future life time, uniform distribution of deaths and constant force of mortality, aggregate table, select and ultimate table, Gompertz-Makeham mortality laws.

2. Life Insurance Products I

Cash flow valuation, annuities, amortization, and sinking funds, valuing contingent payments, status, joint life status, survival function, the life status, net premium and the insurances payable at the time of death, n- year endowment and pure endowment, term insurance, whole life, deferred term insurance, whole life increasing monthly, n-year term increasing annually, n-year term decreasing annually, n year term decreasing monthly, uniform distribution of death assumption and the insurance products at curtate age

3. Life Insurance Products II

Insurance models including expenses, expense loaded premium (or the gross premium), modified equivalence principle, multiple lives, common shock model, multiple decrement models, with and without-profits endowment assurance, unit-linked products and policies, Group endowment assurances, withdrawal risk, contract design, group term assurance, surrender values, unit pricing, internal unit-linked fund, equity principle of unit pricing, appropriation and expropriation prices, offer and bid basis, asset shares for life insurance contracts, actuarial funding, conditions for and aim of actuarial funding, actuarial funding factors and unit fund profits

4. Health Insurance I

Principal terms in health care, types of health insurance contracts: critical illness, income protection and disability income insurance, long term care insurance, hospital cash, private medical insurance, group and individual covers, state's role in the provision of alternative or complementary health care; lump sums and regular incomes, flat-rated and earnings related, different viewpoints for the retired, for the employed, for children, simpler methods of funding

5. Pricing Health Care Insurance

Data availability, assumptions, underwriting, standard and sub-standard risk, group risk assessments, applications of mortality tables for health insurance, rating process, measures of morbidity experience, continuance tables, net level premiums, loss ratios, factors affecting premiums, provider payment arrangements, calculations of claim costs, accidental death and dismemberment, premium rate variables, managed care pricing, HMO rating, policy reserves

Books

- Institute of Actuaries (2008), Life insurance, Reading for the Subject ST2, London.
- Institute of Actuaries (2008), Health and Care, Reading for the Subject ST1, London.
- Harrington, S. and G. Niehaus, Risk Management and Insurance, second edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2004.
- Rajeda, G., Principles of Risk Management and Insurance, eighth edition, Pearson

Education, 2004

APPIED QUANTITATIVE FINANCE

QF: 01 MICROECONOMICS-1

1. Consumer Behaviour and Demand Consumer preferences

opportunity sets, optimum choices, indirect utility demand functions, income and substitution effects, Slutsky equation, normal versus inferior goods, types of demand functions, elasticity, welfare evaluation, consumer surplus, equivalent variation and compensating variation, revealed preference (weak and strong axioms)

2. Utility Functions and Expected Utility Theorem

Expected utility function, measures of risk aversion, state-preference approach, portfolio theory and pricing of risk, present discounted value approach to investment decisions, adjustments for risk

3. Production and Cost

Production functions, types of production functions (Cobb-Douglas, CES, etc.), marginal products, rate of technical substitution, technical progress, cost functions, average and marginal costs, short run versus long run costs, economies of scale and scope, profit maximization, cost minimization, derivation of input demand

4. Competitive Markets

Assumptions of perfect market, competitive markets – demand and supply, demand and supply curves of individual firms, short-run versus long-run, competitive market equilibrium, tax incidence analysis, price-controls and shortages.

5. Imperfect Competition

Market failure, imperfect markets, sources of monopoly power, monopoly market equilibrium, price discrimination – first, second and third degree, tax incidence, oligopoly, Cournot Model, Stackelberg model, Bertrand Model, Monopolistic Competition.

Reference Books

- Varian, H. R., Microeconomic Analysis, third edition, W.W. Norton and Co., 1992
- Mas-collel, Whinston and Green (1995): Micro-economic Theory, OUP
- Gravelle, H and R. Rees: Microeconomics, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2004
- Henderson, M. and R.E. Quandt, Microeconomic Theory: Mathematical Approach, McGraw Hill, 3rd edition.
- Koutsoyiannes. A. “Modern Microeconomics” (Macmillan Press Limited, New York

Review Books

- Varian, H. R., Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach, third edition, 2010.
- Nicholson, W., Microeconomic Theory: Basic Principles and Extensions, eighth edition, South Western Thomson Learning, 2002

QF: 02 MACROECONOMICS-1

1. National Income Accounting

Accounting structure, key concepts in accounting for both closed and open economies – gross national product, gross domestic product, net national product, national income, savings and investment, balance of payments, circular flow of income, computational problems – expenditure approach, income approach and value added approach for measurement, input-output tables

2. Keynesian Models

Simple Keynesian Model, assumptions, concepts of involuntary unemployment, liquidity preference, paradox of thrift, investment function, IS-LM model – two sector model, goods and money market equilibrium, multiplier, liquidity trap, complete Keynesian model – three sector model, role of government in terms of monetary and fiscal policy

3. Keynesian Models versus Classical Models

Says Law, quantity theory of money, price flexibility and full employment, Clower and Patinkin's formulation, equilibrium concept in classical model, synthesis between classical models and Keynesian models, interpretation and policy analysis

4. Expectation and Macroeconomic Adjustments

Expectations formations – Adaptive and rational expectations hypothesis, partial adjustment model, Lucas critique, Phillips curve, rules versus discretion, time consistency, inflation targeting, interest rate rules, effects of spending and taxes in models with flexible and sticky prices, perverse effects of fiscal expansion

5. Foreign Exchange

Market for foreign exchange, devaluation and depreciation, real and nominal exchange rate, factors affecting exchange rate, Mundell-Fleming model, fixed versus floating exchange rate, price adjustment, role of fiscal and monetary policies under alternative exchange rate regimes, purchasing power parity concept

Books

- Scarth, W., Macroeconomics: An Introduction to Advanced Methods, third edition, Thomson, 2007
- Mankiw, N. G., Macroeconomics, fifth edition, Worth Publishers, 2002
- Hall, E. and Taylor, J. B. Macroeconomics. W. W. Norton and Company, 1986
- Barro, R.J. Macroeconomics, Fifth edition, MIT Press 1997

QF: 03 MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

1. Probability Theory

Concept of probability, conditional probability and Bayes' theorem; Random variables –discrete and continuous, Density and distribution functions, joint, marginal and conditional distribution, moment generating function,

2. Probability Distributions

Discrete versus continuous distribution, uniform, binomial, negative binomial, Poisson, geometric and hyper-geometric, exponential, normal, log-normal and gamma; joint, marginal and conditional distribution,, functions of random variables.

3. Sampling Methods and Sampling distributions

Simple random sampling: with and without replacement, stratified random sampling, probability and non-probability sampling, statistic and sample moments, sampling distributions: Student's-t, Chi-square and F-distribution, determinants of sample size, law of large numbers and Central Limit theorem

4. Estimation

Point estimation of population mean for large sample and small sample, estimation of population proportion and population variance, Maximum likelihood and method of moment estimation, properties of good estimators: unbiasedness, consistency, efficiency, sufficiency, Rao-Blackwell Theorem, Cramer-Rao Identity, Interval estimation.

5. Hypothesis Testing

Statistical hypothesis, simple versus composite hypothesis, critical region, types and size of error – type-I and type-II error, power of a test, p-value, Hypothesis test about: a population mean, population proportions, difference between two population means, difference between two proportions, a population variance, the ratio of two population variances,

Books

- DeGroot, M.H. and M.J. Schervish, Probability and Statistics,
- Hogg, R. and A. Craig, J., Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, McGraw-Hill, 1965.
- Miller, I. and M. Miller, Mathematical Statistics, sixth edition, Prentice Hall International, 1999.
- Mood, A. M., R. A. Graybill and R.C. Boes, Introduction to the Theory of Statistics, McGraw-Hill, 1974.
- Ramachandran, K. M and C. P. Tsokos, Mathematical Statistics with Applications, 2009.

QF: 04 MATHEMATICAL METHODS

1. Differential Calculus

Introduction to Functions and Real Analysis; Derivatives – partial and total, economic applications, marginal and elasticity concepts, functions of several variables, implicit function theorem, higher order derivatives and Young's theorem, Taylor's approximation, convex sets, convex and concave functions, properties of linear homogenous functions, Euler's theorem

2. Linear Algebra

Vectors, matrices, inverse, simultaneous linear equations, Cramer's rule for solving system of linear equations, input-output model, Hawkin - Simon condition, open and closed models quadratic equation, characteristic (eigen) roots and vectors

3. Classical Optimization and Applications

Introduction to quadratic forms, unconstrained optimization, constrained optimization with equality constraints, Lagrangian method, Hessian and Jacobian matrices, applications – utility maximization, cost minimization, profit – output maximization

4. Linear and Non-linear Optimization

Duality theory, constrained optimization with inequality and non-negativity constraints, Kuhn-Tucker formulation, linear programming – formulation, primal and dual, solutions using graphical and Simplex methods, applications from economics and finance

5. Dynamics

Definite and indefinite integrals, applications – measuring consumer and producer surplus, continuous interest – discount calculations, difference and differential equations, phase diagrams, Cobweb model, multiplier accelerator, Harrod-Domar and Solow model

Books:

- Simon, C. and L. Blume, Mathematics for Economists, Norton, London, 1994
- Chiang, A. C., Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, McGraw-Hill, 1984
- Ok, E.A., Real Analysis with Economic Applications, Princeton University Press, 2007
- Hoy, M., Livernois, J., McKenna, C., Rees, R. and Stengos, T. Mathematics for Economics, MIT Press, 2011
- Knut Sydsaeter and Peter J. Hammond, Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Education Asia, 1995
- M.D. Intriligator, Mathematical Optimization and Economic Theory, Prentice-Hall, 1971
- Roberts B. and D.L. Schultze, Modern Mathematics and Economic Analysis, W.W. Norton and Company, 1973

QF: 05 MICROECONOMICS-II

1. General Equilibrium and Welfare Economics
Absolute versus relative prices, perfectly competitive price and general equilibrium models – with and without production, uniqueness and determinacy, Edgeworth box, Pareto improvement and efficiency, Walrasian equilibrium, money in general equilibrium
2. Welfare Economics
Arrow-Debreu economy, welfare theorems, existence of Walrasian equilibrium, fixed-point theorem, core and core convergence, general equilibrium with time and uncertainty, Jensen's Inequality, social welfare function, transfer efficiency; Kaldor-Hicks-Samuelson criterion, Rawl's theory of social justice
3. Market Failure and Public Goods
Reasons for market failure – market imperfections, public goods, externality, macro-economic factors; types of public goods, theory of public goods – provision and pricing, government intervention, second-best solution, free riding, types of externalities – production and consumption externalities, Pigovian and Coasian solutions
4. Asymmetric Information
Moral hazard problem, adverse selection, principal agent problem, theory of lemon, credit market, implications of asymmetric information, market signaling, hidden information modeling, efficiency wage model, information and insurance
5. Game Theory
Sequential and simultaneous games, extensive forms and normal forms, dominant strategies and elimination of dominated strategies, Nash equilibrium, Dynamic games, backward induction, sub-game perfect equilibrium, applications with oligopoly markets: Cournot, Bertrand, Stackleberg and cartel

Books

- Varian, H.: Microeconomic Analysis, W.W. Norton, 3rd Edition, 1992
- Henderson, M. and R.E. Quandt, Microeconomic Theory: Mathematical Approach, McGraw Hill, 3rd edition.
- Gravelle, H and R. Rees: Microeconomics, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2004.
- Mas-Colell, A. , M. Whinston and J Green: Microeconomic Theory, Oxford University Press, 1995
- Gibbons(1992): Game Theory for Applied Economists, Princeton University Press
- Mukherji, A.: Walrasian and Non-Walrasian Equilibria: An Introduction to General Equilibrium Analysis, Claredon Press, Oxford, 1990.
- Recent research papers in Microeconomics will be discussed

QF: 06 ECONOMETRIC METHODS

1. Simple Regression Analysis

Specification of the two variable regression model, Ordinary Least Squares estimation, Assumptions, BLUE property, General and confidence approach to hypothesis testing, partial effects and elasticity, goodness of fit, model evaluation, ANOVA

2. Multiple Regression Analysis

Motivation, Assumptions and OLS estimation, Interpretation of OLS estimation, Goodness of fit, matrix approach to linear regression models, testing of hypothesis for a single parameter, for linear combination of parameters, for multiple linear restrictions. Choice of function forms: linear, log-linear, log-log, quadratic functional forms, Box-Cox test, models with quadratics and interaction terms.

3. Dummy Variables

Regression on dummy (qualitative) variables with two categories, with more than two categories- intercept shifters, dummy variable trap, interaction of two categorical variables, interaction of categorical and continuous (quantitative) variables- slope shifters, piecewise linear regression model, Chow test for cross-section data and for time-series data (test structural stability of regression models)

4. Extensions of Linear Models and Non-Linear Estimation

Method of maximum likelihood and its properties (including consistency), trinity of classical tests (Wald test, Lagrange multiplier, likelihood ratio), Consequences, detection and remedial measures of multicollinearity, heteroskedasticity (WLS, MLE), and autocorrelation (GLS), Specification error (omitted variable, inclusion of irrelevant variables, measurement error in dependent and independent variables), method of moments (IV method)

5. Multi-Equation Models

Seemingly unrelated regression and its application.

Structural equation models-specification, endogenous, exogenous and predetermined variables, structural versus reduced form, simultaneity bias, identification: rank versus order condition, exact and over identifications, methods of estimation: indirect least squares, instrumental variable estimation, two-stage least squares and three-stage least squares.

Books

- Gujarati and Porter, Basic Econometrics, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill/Irwin, 2009.
- Greene, William H. Econometric Analysis. 6th Edition, Prentice Hall. 2008.
- Johnston J. and DiNardo, J. Econometric Methods. 4th Ed. McGraw-Hill 1997. Greene
- Ramanathan, Ramu, Introductory Econometrics with Applications, 5th edition, 2002, Thomson Asia Pte Ltd., Singapore.
- Stock, James H., and Mark W. Watson (2006): Introduction to Econometrics, Second Edition, (Addison-Wesley Series in Economics).
- Wooldridge, J., Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach, 2015, Nelson Education.

QF: 07 FINANCIAL MATHEMATICS

1. Basic Financial Calculations

Introduction: financial securities- zero coupon bond, fixed interest, index linked securities etc.; the time value of money; nominal Vs. real interest, deflationary conditions; accumulating factors, force of interest, compound interest functions.

2. Annuities and Equation of Value

Discounting and Accumulation: discrete and continuous cash flows; level annuities, deferred and increasing/decreasing annuities, equation of value and yield on transaction, probability of cash flows, higher discount, loan schedules; consumer credit: flat rate and APRs.

3. Capital Budgeting Techniques and Compound Interest Problems

Introduction to financial statement, assessing financial performance, net present value, internal rate of return, payback period; projects with different lives; money and time weighed rate of return; fixed interest securities, uncertain income securities, equities, valuing a loan with allowance for capital gains and indexation.

4. Arbitrage, Forward Contracts, and Term Structure of Interest

Rationale for no arbitrage assumption; forward contracts, calculating the forward price for a security with known dividend yield; hedging, fixed cash income; Discrete time and continuous time rates; continuous time spot rates and forward rates; instantaneous forward rates; theories of time; term structure of interest rates; yield curve; yields to maturity; convexity and immunization; interest rate risk.

5. Stochastic Interest Models and Investments

Simple stochastic interest rate models, fixed and varying interest model, log normal distribution; fixed interest government borrowings, government bonds, tax, security, marketability and return; government bills: corporate debt, debentures, unsecured loan stocks, eurobonds, certificates of deposit, convertibles, property, derivatives, future, range of futures, clearing house, margin, bond futures, short interest futures, stock index futures etc.

Books:

- Ross, S.M., An Introduction to Mathematical Finance, Cambridge University Press, Norton, London, 1999
- Watsham, T.J. and Perramore, K., Quantitative Methods in Finance, International Thomson Business Press, 1997
- Karatzas, L. and S.E. Shreve, Methods of Mathematical Finance, Springer, 1998.
- Martin, P.G. and B.Michael, Applied Financial Mathematics, Prentice Hall, 1991.
- Baxter, M. and A. L. Rennie, Financial Calculus, Cambridge University Press, 1996.

QF: 08 FINANCIAL ECONOMICS

1. Introduction to Financial Markets

Capital markets, consumption and investments with and without capital markets, market places and transaction costs and the breakdown of separation; Fisher separation theorem; the agency problem; maximization of shareholder's wealth, capital budgeting techniques

2. Choice under Uncertainty

Axioms of choice under uncertainty; utility functions; expected utility theorem; certainty equivalence, measures of risk-absolute and relative risk aversions; stochastic dominance-first order, second order and third order; measures of investment risk-variance of return, semi-variance of return, shortfall probabilities

3. Mean-Variance Portfolio Theory

Measuring portfolio return and risks, effect of diversification, minimum variance portfolio, perfectly correlated assets, minimum variance opportunity set, static portfolio choice; mean-variance frontier of risky and risk-free asset.

4. Introduction to Asset Pricing

Capital asset pricing model; empirical methods to test models of asset pricing; Factor models and cross section of stock returns; arbitrage pricing theory and models

5. Efficient Market Hypothesis

Defining capital market efficiency, relationship between the value of information and efficient capital markets, rational expectations and market efficiency, market efficiency with costly information, efficient capital market theory and empirical models

Books

- Copeland, T. E. and J. F. Weston, Financial Theory and Corporate Policy, Addison Wesley, 1992
- Elton, E.J and M.J. Gruber, Modern Portfolio Theory & Investment Analysis, (fourth edition) John Wiley & Sons 1991.
- Houthakker, H.S. and P.J. Williamson, Economics of Financial Markets, Oxford University Press, 1996
- John Y. Campbell and Luis M. Viceira, Strategic Asset Allocation: Portfolio Choice for Long-Term Investors, Oxford University Press, 2002
- Christian Gollier, The Economics of Risk and Time, MIT Press, 2001

QF09: APPLIED MACRO AND FINANCIAL ECONOMETRICS

1. Univariate Time-series Models

Introduction to stationary processes, autocovariance functions, autocorrelation and partial autocorrelation, autoregressive and moving average models, conditions for stationary and invertible process, Box-Jenkins approach, forecasting.

2. Multivariate and Multiple Equation Models

Motivation for multivariate model, Autoregressive Distributive Lag Models, Simultaneity and motivation for Vector autoregressive (VAR) models, Testing for order of VAR models, Block significance and tests for causality including Granger causality, Forecasting, Impulse response function, Variance decomposition.

3. Modeling Non-Stationary Time-series processes

Deterministic and stochastic trends, Integrated process and random walk, random walk with drift, Unit root and tests for unit root- Dickey-Fuller and Augmented Dickey Fuller tests, Phillips-Perron Test and KPSS test, Unit Roots and Structural Breaks, Unit roots in regression residuals and spurious regression, Cointegration and its testing using Engel-Granger method, Lead-lag and Long Run relationships, Characteristic Root, Rank and Cointegration, Testing for and estimating cointegrating systems using the Johansen method based on VARs, Vector Error Correction Models.

4. Modeling volatility clustering

Volatility-Meaning and measurement, Volatility clustering, Econometric models of volatility, Conditional heteroscedasticity in ARMA models, Estimation and Testing for ARCH and GARCH models for volatility clustering in economic time-series, multivariate regression models and conditional heteroscedasticity, Asymmetric GARCH models-GJR model and EGARCH.

5. Static and Dynamic Panel Data Models

Introduction to panel data, pooled repeated cross-section model, within and between estimators, one-way fixed effects model, fixed effects model using least squares dummy variable approach, random effects model, time fixed effects, Tests of hypothesis for pooled or fixed effects model, pooled and or random effects models (Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier Test) and fixed or random effects (Hausman test), Introduction to dynamic Panel data models, Arellano and Bond Estimator, The Arellano and Bover Estimator, The Blundell and Bond System GMM Estimator.

Readings

- Baltagi, Badi. *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2013.
- Brooks, C., *Introductory Econometrics for Finance*, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- Enders, W., *Applied Econometric Time Series*, second edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2006.
- Hamilton, J. D., *Time Series Analysis*, Princeton University Press, 1994.
- Pesaran, H.M. *Time Series and Panel Data Econometrics*, Oxford University Press, 2015

In each of the topics, examples from financial economics and macroeconomics will be discussed based on recent journal articles and working papers and the reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor.

QF: 10 RISK ANALYSIS AND MANAGEMENT

1. Project Risk Management

Overview, different dimensions of risk, nature of risk management, definition, benefits of risk management, concepts and processes, identification and assessment of risks: operational, strategic, hazard, economic and financial risks, possible threats to risk management

2. Phases of Risk Management and Identification

Definitions: process and stages of risk management, success criteria, stakeholder and stakeholder analysis, constraint analysis, SWOT analysis, Delphi technique, qualitative risk management: definition, probability and impact assessment, risk description and breakdown, uses of various techniques

3. Risk Analysis

Introduction: exposures of human assets, hazard risk management, crime risks, exposures of property/physical assets, strategic risk management, managing international risks, economic risk management, integrating risk types and exposures

4. Financial Risk

Statistical concepts for financial risk: probability distribution and its application, decision trees, expected value and correlation, financial risk management, difference between qualitative and quantitative risk-management, financial products and fundamentals of pricing

5. Market and Credit Risk

Definition, managing market risk, current issues in market risk, Value at Risk, advanced techniques for managing market risks, risk and diversification benefits, credit exposure and managing credit risk, financial distress and prediction of bankruptcy, impact of Basel II

Books

- Vaughan, E. J., Risk Management, Wiley, 1998
- Doherty, N., Integrated risk management: techniques and strategies for managing corporate, McGraw-Hill, 2000
- Jorion, P., Financial Risk Management Handbook, Wiley, 2003
- Chapman, R.J., Simple Tools and Techniques for Enterprise Risk Management, Wiley, 2006

QF11: APPLIED MICROECONOMETRICS

1. Discrete Response Models

Introduction to binary variables, Linear probability models and their limitations, Normal and Logistic curve, Probit and Logit models, estimation and inference, hypothesis testing, odds ratios, marginal effects and goodness of fit measures, Multinomial models, Ordinal models, testing parallel regression assumption

2. Count data, Two-part and Duration Models

Count data models (Poisson, Negative binomial models), Two part models (Sample Selection, Zero-inflation, Hurdle models), Censored versus truncated data, censored and truncated normal distributions, Truncated regression, Censored (TOBIT) regression, Duration/hazard models

3. Panel Data Models

Introduction to panel data, pooled repeated cross-section model, within and between estimators, one-way fixed effects model, fixed effects model using least squares dummy variable approach, first difference estimator, random effects model, time fixed effects, Tests of hypothesis for pooled or fixed effects model, pooled and or random effects models (Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier Test) and fixed or random effects (Hausman test), Hausman-Taylor estimator, Mundlak and Chamberlain's approach.

4. Causal Inference I

Causality, Potential outcomes approach (Counterfactual responses and the fundamental identification problem), Randomized experiments, Selection on observables: Regression approach, Matching methods (covariate matching), Propensity score (Estimation and matching)

5. Causal inference II

Difference in Difference (Identification, estimation and falsification tests), Instrumental Variables (Identification, Wald Estimator, Local Average Treatment Effect, 2SLS, Weak Instruments), Regression Discontinuity Design (Sharp Vs Fuzzy RD), Other extensions

Books

- Greene, William H. *Econometric Analysis*. 6th Edition, Prentice Hall. 2008..
- Greene, William H., and David A. Hensher. *Modeling ordered choices: A primer*. Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- Angrist, J. D., & Pischke, J. S. (2008). *Mostly Harmless Econometrics: An Empiricist's Companion*. Princeton University Press.
- Baltagi, *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2013
- Cameron, C.A. and Trivedi, P.K. *Microeconometrics: Methods and Applications*. Cambridge U.P., 2005.
- Wooldridge, J. M. *Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data*. The MIT Press, 2nd edition, 2010.

In each of the topics, examples will be discussed based on recent journal articles and working papers and the reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor.

QF:12 PROGRAMMING AND COMPUTATIONAL LANGUAGES

1. SAS: Master Data Management

Raw data, input statement, external data (libname statement), recoding variables, logical expressions, array processing, reshaping data: subsetting data and variables, combining datasets, grouping, sorting and merging of data sets

2. SAS Analytics: Model Management and Deployment

Describing data: descriptive statistics, creating summary data set using PROC MEANS, PROC UNIVARIATE and PROC TABULATE, plotting data, frequency distribution, t test and non parametric comparisons, PROC ANOVA, model development using PROC REG and PROC LOGIT, model deployment using PROC SCORE

3. SAS: Applications in Banking and Financial Services

Segmentation analysis using PROC FASTCLUS, application of marketing propensity models: prospect pool targeting, proactive retention models, prepayment models, application of credit risk models: risk scorecard development, collection scorecards, and survival model using PROC PHREG

4. MATLAB: Basics and Applications

Basics on MATLAB, functions and script files, MATLAB Graphics, MATLAB programming: fixed-income securities, mean-variance portfolio optimization, numerical integration, unconstrained and constrained optimization

5. Financial Modeling in EXCEL

Excel based financial models, advanced tools, designing VBA macros in excel, excel solver in a VBA macro, looping macros, Monte Carlo simulations

QF: 13 FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES AND CORPORATE FINANCE

1. Introduction to Derivatives

Derivative markets and trading; Types of Derivatives; Arbitrage, Speculation and Hedging; Forward and future contracts; Options; Swaps; Real options

2. Derivative Pricing

Pricing futures, bounds and option payoffs, the put-call parity; Valuing options - Binomial model and Black-Scholes Model, Volatility estimation and implied volatility, Greek letters and hedging

3. Capital Structure Choice

Value of firm, Modigliani-Miller irrelevance hypothesis, choices in financing-debt and equity, the financing mix: trade-offs and theory; signalling hypothesis; effect of agency cost on capital structure, cost of capital, empirical determinants of capital structure choice

4. Dividend Policy

Irrelevance of dividend policy without tax; valuation, growth and dividend policy, dividend policy with taxes; theory of optimal dividend policy; other issues-stock dividends and share repurchase, empirical determinants of optimal dividend policy

5. Special Topics

Value at risk; Exotic options; Acquisitions and takeovers; Indian capital market and financial sector reforms

Books

- Hull, J. Options, Futures and other Derivatives, tenth edition, Prentice Hall
- Brealey, R. and S. Myers, Principles of Corporate Finance, eighth edition, New York, McGraw Hill
- Panjer, H.H. Financial Economics: with applications to Investments, Insurance and Pensions, Actuarial Foundation
- Houthakker, H.S. and P.J. Williamson, Economics of Financial Markets, Oxford University Press, 1996

QF: 14 STOCHASTIC MODELS

1. Stochastic Process and Simple Markov Processes

Principles of actuarial modeling, stochastic vs. deterministic models; short run and long-run properties; stochastic process and counting process; analyzing the output of a model; sensitivity testing; types of stochastic processes: discrete state spaces with discrete and continuous time changes, continuous state space, sample paths, stationary, increments, Markov property, filtrations, white noise, general random walk, Poisson process and compound Poisson process

2. Markov Chains

Chapman-Kolmogorov equations; time homogeneous Markov chains, time-inhomogeneous Markov chains; Models- no claims discount policy model, NCD model, simple random walk on $Z = \{\dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots\}$ and on $\{0, 1, 2, \dots, b\}$; accident proneness model; long-term distribution and behaviours of a Markov chain, stationary probability distribution, modelling using Markov chains; estimating transition probabilities, assessing the fit and simulation

3. Two-State Markov Model

Assumptions, probabilities, joint density function, ML estimator; alternative approach, applications, two state model of a single decrement and comparison with those of a random lifetime model

4. General Properties of Markov Process

Poisson processes, deriving and solving the Kolmogorov equations for Markov process-time and age dependent and time independent transition intensities; birth and death problems; simple survival models, sickness and marriage models in terms of Markov process and duration dependent Markov process; Kolmogorov's backward differential equations, Markov jump process, the jump chain, simple two decrement model, calculation of total waiting time

5. Time-inhomogeneous Markov Jump Process

Chapman-Kolmogorov equations, transition rates, time inhomogeneous HSD model, Kolmogorov' backward and forward differential equations; a two state survival model; integrated form of Kolmogorov equations, applications-marriage, sickness and death; time homogeneous Poisson process models, time homogeneous and inhomogeneous Markov models

Books

- Ross, S.M., An Introduction to Mathematical Finance, Cambridge University Press, 2003
- Parzen, E. Stochastic Processes, Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, 1999.
- Kulkarni, V. Modeling and Analysis of Stochastic Systems, G. Thomson Science and Professional, 1995
- Bhat U.N. and G.K. Miller, Elements of Applied Stochastic Processes, Wiley, 2002.

QF: 15 ADVANCED TECHNIQUES IN FINANCE

1. Kalman Filters

Introduction to Kalman filters, local level model, local linear trend model, local level model with explanatory variable and intervention variable, confidence interval, filtering and prediction, forecasting

2. Estimation, Testing and Resampling

Smoother and simulation smoother techniques, linear Gaussian state space model, choice of simulation method, Wavelet estimation, goodness of fit tests, tests for cycles, re-sampling in state space models, Bayesian parameter estimation, applications

3. Bootstrap

Introduction, estimation of standard error, parametric bootstraps, number of bootstrap replications, application of bootstrap in regression models, bootstrap pairs, bootstrap residuals, examples, confidence intervals based on bootstrap

4. Hypothesis Testing and Bootstrap Computation

Testing hypothesis with bootstrap, two sample problems, testing multimodality, cross validation, post sampling adjustment, bootstrap bias, bootstrap variance, applications of bootstrap computations

5. Bootstrap Bioequivalence

Confidence intervals, power calculations, Fieller's interval

Books

- Harvey, A., S.J. Koopman, and N. Shephard, State Space and Unobserved Components Model, Theory and Applications, Cambridge University Press, 2004
- Efron, B., and R. Tibshirani, An Introduction to Bootstrap, Chapman Hall, 1993
- Mooney, C. and R. D. Duval, Bootstrapping: A Nonparametric Approach to Statistical Inference, Sage, 1993
- Friedman, J., T. Hastie, and R. Tibshirani, Additive Logistic Regression- A Statistical View of Boosting, Annals of Statistics, 2000

QF: 16 ADVANCES IN TIME-SERIES AND PANEL DATA ECONOMETRICS

1. Panel Data Models

Introduction, models with lagged dependent variable, estimation, simultaneous equation panel data models, generalised method of moment estimation, nonstationarity and panel data, panel unit root and cointegration, panel VAR models

2. Generalized Spectral Analysis

Moment generating function, characteristic function, generalized spectrum, inferences on patterns of serial dependence

3. Nonlinear Models

Threshold autoregressive model, smooth transition autoregressive model, exponential smooth transition autoregressive model, regime switching autoregressive model, amplitude-dependent exponential autoregressive model, Markov regime-switching GARCH model

4. Stochastic Volatility Models

Motivation, generalized modeling strategy, SV(1) model, long memory SV model, estimation of stochastic Volatility models, applications

5. Semiparametric and Nonparametric Methods

Univariate density estimation, bandwidth selection: rule of thumb and cross-validation, least-squares cross validation and likelihood cross validation, conditional density and quantile estimation

Books

- Baltagi, B., *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, Wiley, 2008
- Tsay, R., *Analysis of Financial Time Series*, Wiley, 2006
- Shephard, N., *Stochastic Volatility: Selected Readings*, Oxford University Press, 2005
- Fornani, F. and A. Mele, *Stochastic Volatility in Financial Markets: Crossing the Bridge to Continuous Time*, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2000
- Li, Q. and J. S. Racine, *Nonparametric Econometrics: Theory and Practice*, Princeton University Press, 2009

QF: 17 FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND MARKETS

1. Financial Markets

Function and nature of financial markets, Characteristics of money market versus capital markets, primary versus secondary markets, debt versus equity markets, characteristics of financial instruments traded in the various financial markets, Participants in the various financial markets, Yield on various financial instruments, Significance of determining appropriate discount rates

2. Banks as Financial Institutions

Bank capital and regulations, nature and function of interest rates, the relationship between risk and interest rates, distinction between real and nominal rates, distinction between interest rates and returns, concept of term structure, market determination of interest rates and factors affecting their movement over time, function of central banks, structure and governance of central banks, implementation of monetary policy measures

3. Financial institutions

Existence of financial institutions, indirect finance versus direct finance, financial crises and their impact on the economy, the significance of asymmetric information in financial markets, challenges involved in attempting to improve the functioning of financial institutions through regulation

4. Currency exchange rates and international financial system

Nature, significance and determination of currency exchange rates, Role of IMF, Mechanisms employed in foreign exchange interventions by governments, and the relative advantages and disadvantages of fixed versus freely fluctuating exchange rates

5. Financial technologies and cryptocurrencies

Fintech space and its impact on financial institutions, payments in fintech segment, blockchain technology

Books

- Chacko, G., V. Dessain, P. Hecht, A. Sjomann, Financial Instruments and Markets: A Casebook, Wiley, 2006
- Kidwell, D. S., D. W. Blackwell, D. A. Whidbee and R.L. Peterson, Financial Institutions, Markets, and Money, Wiley, 2008
- Frederic S. Mishkin, The Economics of Money, Banking and Financial Markets, 8th edition, 2006, Addison Wesley.

QF: 18 ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS

1. Architecture

Introduction to Neural Networks and their History, Biological Neurons and Neural Networks, Artificial neurons, Networks of Artificial Neurons

2. Data Processing

Hebbian Learning, Gradient Descent Learning, Generalized Delta Rule, Practical Considerations

3. Back Propagation

Back Propagation, Learning in Multi-Layer Perceptrons, Learning with Momentum, Conjugate Gradient Learning

4. Performance Management

Bias and Variance, under-Fitting and Over-Fitting, improving generalisation

5. Applications

Practical applications of neural networks in analytics

Books

- Smith, M., Neural Networks for Statistical Modeling, Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1993
- Gurney, K., An Introduction to Neural Networks, Routledge, 1997
- McNelis, P.D., Neural Networks in Finance, Academic Press, 2005
- Rothman, P., Nonlinear Time Series Analysis of Economic and Financial Data, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1999

QF: 19 STOCHASTIC CALCULUS AND QUANTITATIVE FINANCE

1. Stochastic Calculus

Basics of stochastic processes, poisson process Brownian motion process and its varied generalisations, Geometric Brownian motion, Analysis of second order processes, Ito integral and Ito lemma with applications, Kolmogorov equations, Jump process, Calculus for jump processes, change of measure, basics of Levy stochastic calculus.

2. Stochastic Tool-kit for finance

Martingales, Martingale representation theorem, stopping time, stopped process, first passage time, Doob's optimal stopping theorem, Girsanov theory, Arc-sine law, pricing kernel as a Martingale, Risk neutral analysis, sharpe ratio.

3. Valuation of asset prices

stochastic characterisation of complete and incomplete markets, Forward and future contracts, binomial tree model, Black-Schole's theory and applications, Put-call parity, Implied volatility, Exchange options, Currency options, American options, Sensitivity analysis (Greeks)

4. Interest rate models and derivatives

Mean-reverting processes, O-U process, Square root process, Factor models-the Merton model, The Vasicek model, The Cox Ingersoll-Ross model, Heath-Jarrow-Merton model, Pricing of Bonds, Stochastic interest rate, Rate of return and yield curve.

5. Further option theory

Swaps, Caps, Floors, Swaptions, Forward LIBOR models, Barrier options, Look back option, Calibration, Levy process as stock price model, Stochastic volatility models, Heston model and Wiggins' model, ARCH and GARCH models and their suitable extensions in diffusion.

Books

- Shreve S.E.: Stochastic calculus for finance volume 2-continuous time models, Springer Verlag 2004
- J.C. Hull and Sankarshan Basu: Options, futures and other derivatives-Prentice Hall 2010
- Jamil Baz and George Chacko: Financial derivatives-Cambridge university press 2009
- Paul Wilmott, Sam Howison and Jeff Dewynne: The Mathematics of financial derivatives: Cambridge university press 2007
- David Applebaum: Levy processes and stochastic calculus-Cambridge university press 2004
- Yuh-Dauh-Lyuu: Financial Engineering and Computation- Cambridge university press 2002

QF: 20 TOPICS IN BEHAVIORAL FINANCE

1. Information Perception and Intertemporal Choice

Cognitive information perception, peculiarities (biases) of quantitative and numerical information perception, Weber law, subjective probability, representativeness, anchoring, asymmetric perception of gains and losses, framing and other behavioral effects

2. Human Preferences and Market efficiency

Decision-making under risk and uncertainty, decision-making in historical perspective, Allais and Elsborg's paradoxes, rationality from an economics and evolutionary perspective, different ways to define rationality: dependence on time horizon, individual or group rationality, examples from experimental economics: ultimatum and public goods games, experiments in isolated societies, bounded rationality, investor rationality and market efficiency

3. Behavioral Factors and Financial Markets

Fundamental information and financial markets, market predictability, the concept of limits of arbitrage, asset management and behavioral factors, active portfolio management: return statistics and sources of systematic underperformance, technical analysis and behavioral factors

4. Behavioral Factors and Corporate Finance

Behavioral factors and corporate decisions on capital structure and dividend policy, capital structure dependence on timing of good and bad corporate news announcement, mergers and acquisitions: the Winner's curse and market timing, systematic excessive optimism and overconfidence in managers' decisions, company name and its market value, sunk costs and mental accounting, evolutionary explanations for behavioral effects, evidence from behavioral game theory, systematic approach to using behavioral factors in corporate decision-making

5. External Factors and Investor Behavior

Weather, emotions, and financial markets: sunshine, geomagnetic activity, mechanisms of the external factor connection to human psychophysiology and emotional regulation, misattribution as a mechanism for external factors influence, statistical methodology for capturing the effects of external influence onto stock market returns, emotional content of news articles and their correlation with market dynamics, social trends and market dynamics, active portfolio management: source of the systematic underperformance, fundamental information and technical analysis: case for psychological influence

Books

- Plous, S., The Psychology of Judgment and Decision Making, McGraw-Hill, 1993
- Shleifer, A., Inefficient Markets: An Introduction to Behavioral Finance, Oxford University Press, 2000
- Shefrin, H., Beyond Greed and Fear: Understanding Behavioral Finance and the Psychology of Investing, Oxford University Press, 2006
- Prechter, R. R. (Jr.) and P. M. Kendall, Pioneering Studies in Socioeconomics, New Classics Library, 2003

ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS

EE:01 MICROECONOMICS I

1. Consumer Behaviour and Demand Consumer preferences

opportunity sets, optimum choices, indirect utility demand functions, income and substitution effects, Slutsky equation, normal versus inferior goods, types of demand functions, elasticity, welfare evaluation, consumer surplus, equivalent variation and compensating variation, revealed preference (weak and strong axioms)

2. Utility Functions and Expected Utility Theorem

Expected utility function, measures of risk aversion, state-preference approach, portfolio theory and pricing of risk, present discounted value approach to investment decisions, adjustments for risk

3. Production and Cost

Production functions, types of production functions (Cobb-Douglas, CES, etc.), marginal products, rate of technical substitution, technical progress, cost functions, average and marginal costs, short run versus long run costs, economies of scale and scope, profit maximization, cost minimization, derivation of input demand

4. Competitive Markets

Assumptions of perfect market, competitive markets – demand and supply, demand and supply curves of individual firms, short-run versus long-run, competitive market equilibrium, tax incidence analysis, price-controls and shortages.

5. Imperfect Competition

Market failure, imperfect markets, sources of monopoly power, monopoly market equilibrium, price discrimination – first, second and third degree, tax incidence, oligopoly, Cournot Model, Stackelberg model, Bertrand Model, Monopolistic Competition.

Books

- Varian, H. R., Microeconomic Analysis, third edition, W.W. Norton and Co., 1992
- Mas-collel, Whinston and Green (1995): Micro-economic Theory, OUP
- Gravelle, H and R. Rees: Microeconomics, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2004
- Henderson, M. and R.E. Quandt, Microeconomic Theory: Mathematical Approach, McGraw Hill, 3rd edition.
- Koutsoyiannes. A. “Modern Microeconomics” (Macmillan Press Limited, New York

Review Books

- Varian, H. R., Intermediate Microeconomics: A Modern Approach, third edition, 2010.
- Nicholson, W., Microeconomic Theory: Basic Principles and Extensions, eighth edition, South Western Thomson Learning, 2002

EE: 02 MACROECONOMICS

1. National Income Accounting

Accounting structure, key concepts in accounting for both closed and open economies – gross national product, gross domestic product, net national product, national income, savings and investment, balance of payments, circular flow of income, computational problems – expenditure approach, income approach and value added approach for measurement, input-output tables

2. Keynesian Models

Simple Keynesian Model, assumptions, concepts of involuntary unemployment, liquidity preference, paradox of thrift, investment function, IS-LM model – two sector model, goods and money market equilibrium, multiplier, liquidity trap, complete Keynesian model – three sector model, role of government in terms of monetary and fiscal policy

3. Keynesian Models versus Classical Models

Says Law, quantity theory of money, price flexibility and full employment, Clowers and Pattinking's money demand functions, equilibrium concept in classical model, synthesis between classical models and Keynesian models, interpretation and policy analysis

4. Expectation and Macroeconomic Adjustments

Expectations formations – Adaptive and rational expectations hypothesis, partial adjustment model, Lucas critique, Phillips curve, rules versus discretion, time consistency, inflation targeting, interest rate rules, effects of spending and taxes in models with flexible and sticky prices, perverse effects of fiscal expansion

5. Foreign Exchange

Market for foreign exchange, devaluation and depreciation, real and nominal exchange rate, factors affecting exchange rate, Mundell-Fleming model, fixed versus floating exchange rate, price adjustment, role of fiscal and monetary policies under alternative exchange rate regimes, purchasing power parity concept

Books

- Scarth, W., Macroeconomics: An Introduction to Advanced Methods, third edition, Thomson, 2007
- Mankiw, N. G., Macroeconomics, fifth edition, Worth Publishers, 2002
- Hall, E. and Taylor, J. B. Macroeconomics. W. W. Norton and Company, 1986
- Barro, R.J. Macroeconomics, Fifth edition, MIT Press 1997

EE: 03 MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

1. Probability Theory

Concept of probability, conditional probability and Bayes' theorem; Random variables –discrete and continuous, Density and distribution functions, joint, marginal and conditional distribution, moment generating function,

2. Probability Distributions

Discrete versus continuous distribution, uniform, binomial, negative binomial, Poisson, geometric and hyper-geometric, exponential, normal, log-normal and gamma; joint, marginal and conditional distribution,, functions of random variables.

3. Sampling Methods and Sampling distributions

Simple random sampling: with and without replacement, stratified random sampling, probability and non-probability sampling, statistic and sample moments, sampling distributions: Student's-t, Chi-square and F-distribution, determinants of sample size, law of large numbers and Central Limit theorem

4. Estimation

Point estimation of population mean for large sample and small sample, estimation of population proportion and population variance, Maximum likelihood and method of moment estimation, properties of good estimators: unbiasedness, consistency, efficiency, sufficiency, Rao-Blackwell Theorem, Cramer-Rao Identity, Interval estimation.

5. Hypothesis Testing

Statistical hypothesis, simple versus composite hypothesis, critical region, types and size of error – type-I and type-II error, power of a test, p-value, Hypothesis test about: a population mean, population proportions, difference between two population means, difference between two proportions, a population variance, the ratio of two population variances,

Books

- DeGroot, M.H. and M.J. Schervish, Probability and Statistics,
- Hogg, R. and A. Craig, J., Introduction to Mathematical Statistics, McGraw-Hill, 1965.
- Miller, I. and M. Miller, Mathematical Statistics, sixth edition, Prentice Hall International, 1999.
- Mood, A. M., R. A. Graybill and R.C. Boes, Introduction to the Theory of Statistics, McGraw-Hill, 1974.
- Ramachandran, K. M and C. P. Tsokos, Mathematical Statistics with Applications, 2009.

EE: 04 MATHEMATICAL METHODS

1. Differential Calculus

Introduction to Functions and Real Analysis; Derivatives – partial and total, economic applications, marginal and elasticity concepts, functions of several variables, implicit function theorem, higher order derivatives and Young's theorem, Taylor's approximation, convex sets, convex and concave functions, properties of linear homogenous functions, Euler's theorem

2. Linear Algebra

Vectors, matrices, inverse, simultaneous linear equations, Cramer's rule for solving system of linear equations, input-output model, Hawkin - Simon condition, open and closed models quadratic equation, characteristic (eigen) roots and vectors

3. Classical Optimization and Applications

Introduction to quadratic forms, unconstrained optimization, constrained optimization with equality constraints, Lagrangian method, Hessian and Jacobian matrices, applications – utility maximization, cost minimization, profit – output maximization

4. Linear and Non-linear Optimization

Duality theory, constrained optimization with inequality and non-negativity constraints, Kuhn-Tucker formulation, linear programming – formulation, primal and dual, solutions using graphical and Simplex methods, applications from economics and finance

5. Dynamics

Definite and indefinite integrals, applications – measuring consumer and producer surplus, continuous interest – discount calculations, difference and differential equations, phase diagrams, Cobweb model, multiplier accelerator, Harrod-Domar and Solow model

Books:

- Simon, C. and L. Blume, Mathematics for Economists, Norton, London, 1994
- Chiang, A. C., Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics, McGraw-Hill, 1984
- Ok, E.A., Real Analysis with Economic Applications, Princeton University Press, 2007
- Hoy, M., Livernois, J., McKenna, C., Rees, R. and Stengos, T. Mathematics for Economics, MIT Press, 2011
- Knut Sydsaeter and Peter J. Hammond, Mathematics for Economic Analysis, Pearson Education Asia, 1995
- M.D. Intriligator, Mathematical Optimization and Economic Theory, Prentice-Hall, 1971
- Roberts B. and D.L. Schultze, Modern Mathematics and Economic Analysis, W.W. Norton and Company, 1973

EE: 05 MICROECONOMICS II

1. General Equilibrium and Welfare Economics

Absolute versus relative prices, perfectly competitive price and general equilibrium models – with and without production, uniqueness and determinacy, Edgeworth box, Pareto improvement and efficiency, Walrasian equilibrium, money in general equilibrium

2. Welfare Economics

Arrow-Debreu economy, welfare theorems, existence of Walrasian equilibrium, fixed-point theorem, core and core convergence, general equilibrium with time and uncertainty, Jensen's Inequality, social welfare function, transfer efficiency; Kaldor-Hicks-Samuelson criterion, Rawl's theory of social justice

3. Market Failure and Public Goods

Reasons for market failure – market imperfections, public goods, externality, macro-economic factors; types of public goods, theory of public goods – provision and pricing, government intervention, second-best solution, free riding, types of externalities – production and consumption externalities, Pigovian and Coasian solutions

4. Asymmetric Information

Moral hazard problem, adverse selection, principal agent problem, theory of lemon, credit market, implications of asymmetric information, market signaling, hidden information modeling, efficiency wage model, information and insurance

5. Game Theory

Sequential and simultaneous games, extensive forms and normal forms, dominant strategies and elimination of dominated strategies, Nash equilibrium, Dynamic games, backward induction, sub-game perfect equilibrium, applications with oligopoly markets: Cournot, Bertrand, Stackleberg and cartel

Books

- Varian, H.: Microeconomic Analysis, W.W. Norton, 3rd Edition, 1992
- Henderson, M. and R.E. Quandt, Microeconomic Theory: Mathematical Approach, McGraw Hill, 3rd edition.
- Gravelle, H and R. Rees: Microeconomics, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2004.
- Mas-Colell, A. , M. Whinston and J Green: Microeconomic Theory, Oxford University Press, 1995
- Gibbons(1992): Game Theory for Applied Economists, Princeton University Press
- Mukherji, A.: Walrasian and Non-Walrasian Equilibria: An Introduction to General Equilibrium Analysis, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1990.
- Recent research papers in Microeconomics will be discussed

EE: 06 ECONOMETRIC METHODS

1. Simple Regression Analysis

Specification of the two variable regression model, Ordinary Least Squares estimation, Assumptions, BLUE property, General and confidence approach to hypothesis testing, partial effects and elasticity, goodness of fit, model evaluation, ANOVA

2. Multiple Regression Analysis

Motivation, Assumptions and OLS estimation, Interpretation of OLS estimation, Goodness of fit, matrix approach to linear regression models, testing of hypothesis for a single parameter, for linear combination of parameters, for multiple linear restrictions. Choice of function forms: linear, log-linear, log-log, quadratic functional forms, Box-Cox test, models with quadratics and interaction terms.

3. Dummy Variables

Regression on dummy (qualitative) variables with two categories, with more than two categories- intercept shifters, dummy variable trap, interaction of two categorical variables, interaction of categorical and continuous (quantitative) variables- slope shifters, piecewise linear regression model, Chow test for cross-section data and for time-series data (test structural stability of regression models)

4. Extensions of Linear Models and Non-Linear Estimation

Method of maximum likelihood and its properties (including consistency), trinity of classical tests (Wald test, Lagrange multiplier, likelihood ratio), Consequences, detection and remedial measures of multicollinearity, heteroskedasticity (WLS, MLE), and autocorrelation (GLS), Specification error (omitted variable, inclusion of irrelevant variables, measurement error in dependent and independent variables), method of moments (IV method)

5. Multi-Equation Models

Seemingly unrelated regression and its application.

Structural equation models-specification, endogenous, exogenous and predetermined variables, structural versus reduced form, simultaneity bias, identification: rank versus order condition, exact and over identifications, methods of estimation: indirect least squares, instrumental variable estimation, two-stage least squares and three-stage least squares.

Books

- Gujarati and Porter, Basic Econometrics, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill/Irwin, 2009.
- Greene, William H. Econometric Analysis. 6th Edition, Prentice Hall. 2008.
- Johnston J. and DiNardo, J. Econometric Methods. 4th Ed. McGraw-Hill 1997. Greene
- Ramanathan, Ramu, Introductory Econometrics with Applications, 5th edition, 2002, Thomson Asia Pte Ltd., Singapore.
- Stock, James H., and Mark W. Watson (2006): Introduction to Econometrics, Second Edition, (Addison-Wesley Series in Economics).
- Wooldridge, J., Introductory Econometrics: A Modern Approach, 2015, Nelson Education.

EE: 07 ENVIRONMENT ECONOMY INTERACTIONS IN THE ANTHROPOCENE

1. Human Influence on Environment

Environmental dilemmas; human values and environmental problems; environmental justice; Earth's major biomes – functions, changes, and measuring changes in the system; measuring biotic and abiotic components of the system; Population dynamics; population ecology; population and urbanization; resources – natural capital, energy resources, food resources, water resources, soil resources; limits to growth and environmental hazards; environmental demands of human population, precautionary principle

2. Global Environmental Change

Types and sources of air pollution; policy responses; Water pollution and health impacts; water as a resource – water footprint; urbanization and solid waste; managing hazardous waste – national and international policies; Energy consumption patterns; conservation and efficiency

3. Extinction

Global deforestation rate and extinction crises. Causes for extinction: habitat loss, industrialization, hunting and invasive species. Extinction through geological time scale: mass extinction and impact on flora and fauna. Background extinction rate. Current extinction trends

4. Population Genetics and Conservation

Population genetics, concept of minimum viable populations; extinction vortices. Inbreeding and outbreeding depression in natural and managed populations; rarity and endangered species conservation. In situ and ex situ conservation, captive studies and exercises.

5. Habitat Fragmentation and Reserve Design

Species-area relationship and the theory of island biogeography; habitat fragmentation: area and edge effect, faunal relaxation rates; reserve size and SLOSS affect studies: BFFP Amazon project

Books

- Wright, R.T., Environmental Science: Towards Sustainable Future, Pearson, Eleventh Edition, 2011
- Glaser, M., Krause, G., Ratter, B.M. and Welp, M. eds., 2012. Human-nature interactions in the anthropocene: potentials of social-ecological systems analysis. Routledge.
- Hamilton, Clive, Christophe Bonneuil, and François Gemenne, eds. The anthropocene and the global environmental crisis. London: Routledge, 2015.
- Kump, L.R., J.F. Kasting, and R.G. Crane, Earth Systems, third edition, Prentice Hall, 2009
- Ristinen, R. and J. Kraushaar, Energy and the Environment, John Wiley and Sons, 1998
- Russell K. Monson, 2014. Ecology and the Environment. Springer Dordrecht, Heidelberg, New York
- Cutter, S. and William, R., Exploitation, Conservation, Preservation: A geographic perspective on natural resource use, John Haynes – Boham, 2001.

EE:08 ENVIRONMENTAL AND RESOURCE ECONOMICS

1. Introduction

Economy-environment interaction; Material Balance Principle; entropy law; market failure; property rights; open, closed and common access resources; resource economics – environmental economics – ecological economics: characteristics and synergy

2. Environment vs Development

Relation between development and environmental stress; Environmental Kuznet's curve hypothesis – theory and empirical evidence; concept of sustainable development; indicators of sustainability; various approaches to environmental accounting

3. Public Goods and Exteranalities – I

Externalities – positive, negative and ecosystem externalities; Market failure; Public goods and bads – characteristics, categories; Efficient provision of public goods and bads; Pricing of public goods and bads; Non-exclusion and commons

4. Public Goods and Exteranalities – II

Pigouvian solution – taxes and subsidies; Buchanan's theory; Coase's theorem and its critique; Pigouvian vs Coasian solution; detrimental externality and non-convexities in the production set; Property rights; collective action.

5. Resource Economics

Exhaustible Resources – Hotelling's rule; Market structures and optimal extraction policy; Exploration; Resource scarcity; Renewable Resources – Characteristics of growth functions and growth rate; Economic models of fisheries; Economics of optimal harvest cycles of forests; Economics of biodiversity

Books:

- Kolstad, C., Intermediate Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, 2012 (2nd Edition)
- Kolstad, C., Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, 2000.
- Hanley, N., J.F. Shogren, and B. White, Environmental Economics: In Theory and Practice, Oxford University Press, 2006.
- Prato, T., Natural Resource and Environmental Economics, Wiley-Blackwell, 1999.
- Grafton, Q., Adamowicz, W., Dupont, D., Nelson, H., Hill, R.J., Renzetti, S., The Economics of Environment and Natural Resources, Wiley-Blackwell, 2004.
- Perman, Roger, Yue Ma, Michael Common, David Maddison, James Mcgilvray, Natural Resource and Environmental Economics – 4th Edition, Pearson, 2012.
- Conrad, J.M. and C. Clark, Natural Resource Economics – Notes and Problems, Cambridge University Press, 1987.
- Conrad, J.M. Resource Economics, Cambridge University Press, 2010.

EE: 09 ENVIRONMENTAL VALUATION

1. Introduction

Environmental evaluation and public policy; measuring demand for environmental goods – consumer surplus, compensating and equivalent surplus, weak substitutability

2. Concept of Value

Measuring values, benefits and costs – overview; total value – use and non-use values of goods; Willingness-to-Pay versus Willingness-to-Accept; economic valuation of changes in human health – mortality and morbidity concepts; statistical value of life; economic valuation of biodiversity – existential value concept

3. Production Function Approaches to Economic Valuation

Environmental valuation from market information including prices – dose response function, productivity change method, substitution cost method, illness costs, human capital; defensive cost method – defensive costs of decreased drinking water quality; applications

4. Revealed Preference Approaches

Revealed preference models of valuation – basic theory; Hedonic pricing method – property market and labor market; travel cost method – zonal model, individual model, random utility model

5. Stated Preference Approaches and Benefit Transfer

Contingent valuation method – bias, experimental markets; choice modeling – choice experiment, contingent comparison, contingent scoring, pair comparison; applications; benefit transfer approaches – value transfer in theory and practice

Books

- Phaneuf, D.J. and T. Requate: A Course in Environmental Economics: Theory, Policy and Practice, Cambridge University Press, 2017.
- Hanley, N. and E. B. Barbier: Pricing Nature: Cost-Benefit Analysis and Environmental Policy, Edward Elgar, 2009.
- Bateman, Ian J. et al.: Economic Valuation with Stated Preference Techniques: A Manual, Edward Elgar, 2002.
- Freeman, A. M.: The Measurement of Environmental and Resource Values, 2nd Edition, Resources for the Future, 2003.
- Johansson, P.-O.: Cost-benefit analysis of environmental change, Cambridge University Press, 1993.

EE: 10 ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

1. Design of Environmental Policy Instruments - 1

Uncertainty and choice of policy instrument – price or quantity controls; efficiency without optimality – charges and standards approach; marketable emission permits for environmental protection; taxes versus subsidies; regulatory compliance and enforcement

2. Design of Environmental Policy Instruments – 2

Third-wave of environmental policy; information disclosures and environmental management – theory and empirical evidence; small scale sector – collective pollution abatement; comparative analysis of different instruments

3. Geography, Trade and Environment

Geography and Institutions – Environmental Linkages; Impact of trade on environment and environment on trade; Porter's hypothesis; differential environmental standards – race to bottom and pollution havens hypothesis; case studies.

4. International Environmental Issues

Transboundary pollution; economics of global warming; different international Protocols; Causes and consequences of ozone depletion and climate change; Rio conference (Agenda 21); Protocols relating to climate change, Ozone depletion and biodiversity

5. Environmental Regulation in India

Evolution of environmental policy in India; Air and water Acts; fiscal incentives; enforcement and implementation issues; emerging options – eco-taxes and eco-subsidies; case studies on pollution control in India

Books:

- Baumol, W.J. and W.E. Oates, The theory of Environmental Policy, Cambridge University Press, 1988.
- Kolstad, C., Intermediate Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, 2012 (2nd Edition)
- Kolstad, C., Environmental Economics, Oxford University Press, 2000
- Phaneuf, D.J. and T. Requate: A Course in Environmental Economics: Theory, Policy and Practice, Cambridge University Press, 2017.
- Dovers S (2005) Environment and Sustainability Policy: Creation, Implementation, Evaluation. Sydney: Federation Press
- Sandmo, A., The Public Economics of the Environment, Oxford University Press, 2000.
- Freeman III, A.M. The Economic Approach to Environmental Policy, Edward Elgar, 1998.
- Kraft, M. E. Environmental Policy and Politics. 4th ed. Pearson/Longman, 2007

EE11: APPLIED MICROECONOMETRICS

1. Discrete Response Models

Introduction to binary variables, Linear probability models and their limitations, Normal and Logistic curve, Probit and Logit models, estimation and inference, hypothesis testing, odds ratios, marginal effects and goodness of fit measures, Multinomial models, Ordinal models, testing parallel regression assumption

2. Count data, Two-part and Duration Models

Count data models (Poisson, Negative binomial models), Two part models (Sample Selection, Zero-inflation, Hurdle models), Censored versus truncated data, censored and truncated normal distributions, Truncated regression, Censored (TOBIT) regression, Duration/hazard models

3. Panel Data Models

Introduction to panel data, pooled repeated cross-section model, within and between estimators, one-way fixed effects model, fixed effects model using least squares dummy variable approach, first difference estimator, random effects model, time fixed effects, Tests of hypothesis for pooled or fixed effects model, pooled and or random effects models (Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier Test) and fixed or random effects (Hausman test), Hausman-Taylor estimator, Mundlak and Chamberlain's approach.

4. Causal Inference I

Causality, Potential outcomes approach (Counterfactual responses and the fundamental identification problem), Randomized experiments, Selection on observables: Regression approach, Matching methods (covariate matching), Propensity score (Estimation and matching)

5. Causal inference II

Difference in Difference (Identification, estimation and falsification tests), Instrumental Variables (Identification, Wald Estimator, Local Average Treatment Effect, 2SLS, Weak Instruments), Regression Discontinuity Design (Sharp Vs Fuzzy RD), Other extensions

Books

- Greene, William H. *Econometric Analysis*. 6th Edition, Prentice Hall. 2008..
- Greene, William H., and David A. Hensher. *Modeling ordered choices: A primer*. Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- Angrist, J. D., & Pischke, J. S. (2008). *Mostly Harmless Econometrics: An Empiricist's Companion*. Princeton University Press.
- Baltagi, *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2013
- Cameron, C.A. and Trivedi, P.K. *Microeconometrics: Methods and Applications*. Cambridge U.P., 2005.
- Wooldridge, J. M. *Econometric Analysis of Cross Section and Panel Data*. The MIT Press, 2nd edition, 2010.

In each of the topics, examples will be discussed based on recent journal articles and working papers and the reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor.

EE:12 SOCIAL COST BENEFIT ANALYSIS

1. Foundations of Cost Benefit Analysis and Investment Criteria

Pareto optimality; market failures due to externalities, public goods, economies of scale, uncertainty and market imperfections; efficiency vs equity; aggregation in cost benefit analysis – across time, across goods, across agents, and across different states of the world; time preference - private and social; net present value; internal rate of return on investment; payback period; choice of discount rate; social discount rate.

2. Shadow Prices:

Shadow prices for goods and factors when (a) goods are traded and non-traded and (b) markets are perfect, imperfect or non-existent; derivation of shadow prices.

3. Weights:

Aggregation across agents; distributional weights – basis and practical issues.

4. Project Valuation and Uncertainty

Identification of relevant costs and benefits; UNIDO guidelines and procedures for project valuation; uncertainty and risk, risk aversion, risk premium.

5. Cost Benefit Analysis and Environment

Ecosystem complexity; uncertainty and irreversibility; discounting and the environment; environmental limits to cost-benefit analysis; applications

Books

- Boardman, A.E., Greenberg, D.H., Vining, A.R. and D.L. Weimer, Cost-Benefit Analysis: Concepts and Practice, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2011.
- Campbell, H.F. and R.P.C. Brown, Benefit-Cost Analysis: Financial and Economic Appraisal using Spreadsheets, Cambridge University Press, 2003.
- Lyn Squire and van der Tak, Economic Analysis of Projects, John Hopkins University Press, 1992.
- Pearce, D.W. and A. Das Gupta, Cost Benefit Analysis, Cambridge University Press, 1983.
- Hanley, N. and C.L. Spash, Cost Benefit Analysis and the Environment, Edward Elgar, 1993

EE13: APPLIED MACRO AND FINANCIAL ECONOMETRICS

1. Univariate Time-series Models

Introduction to stationary processes, autocovariance functions, autocorrelation and partial autocorrelation, autoregressive and moving average models, conditions for stationary and invertible process, Box-Jenkins approach, forecasting.

2. Multivariate and Multiple Equation Models

Motivation for multivariate model, Autoregressive Distributive Lag Models, Simultaneity and motivation for Vector autoregressive (VAR) models, Testing for order of VAR models, Block significance and tests for causality including Granger causality, Forecasting, Impulse response function, Variance decomposition.

3. Modeling Non-Stationary Time-series processes

Deterministic and stochastic trends, Integrated process and random walk, random walk with drift, Unit root and tests for unit root- Dickey-Fuller and Augmented Dickey Fuller tests, Phillips-Perron Test and KPSS test, Unit Roots and Structural Breaks, Unit roots in regression residuals and spurious regression, Cointegration and its testing using Engel-Granger method, Lead-lag and Long Run relationships, Characteristic Root, Rank and Cointegration, Testing for and estimating cointegrating systems using the Johansen method based on VARs, Vector Error Correction Models.

4. Modeling volatility clustering

Volatility-Meaning and measurement, Volatility clustering, Econometric models of volatility, Conditional heteroscedasticity in ARMA models, Estimation and Testing for ARCH and GARCH models for volatility clustering in economic time-series, multivariate regression models and conditional heteroscedasticity, Asymmetric GARCH models-GJR model and EGARCH.

5. Static and Dynamic Panel Data Models

Introduction to panel data, pooled repeated cross-section model, within and between estimators, one-way fixed effects model, fixed effects model using least squares dummy variable approach, random effects model, time fixed effects, Tests of hypothesis for pooled or fixed effects model, pooled and or random effects models (Breusch-Pagan Lagrange Multiplier Test) and fixed or random effects (Hausman test), Introduction to dynamic Panel data models, Arellano and Bond Estimator, The Arellano and Bover Estimator, The Blundell and Bond System GMM Estimator.

Readings

- Baltagi, Badi. *Econometric Analysis of Panel Data*, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2013.
- Brooks, C., *Introductory Econometrics for Finance*, 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2014.
- Enders, W., *Applied Econometric Time Series*, second edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2006.
- Hamilton, J. D., *Time Series Analysis*, Princeton University Press, 1994.
- Pesaran, H.M. *Time Series and Panel Data Econometrics*, Oxford University Press, 2015

In each of the topics, examples from financial economics and macroeconomics will be discussed based on recent journal articles and working papers and the reading material will be shared with the students by the course instructor.

EE:14 GAMES AND INFORMATION

1. Static Games of Complete Information

Rational Choice Theory, Strategic form or normal form games; solution concept: Iterated deletion of strictly and weakly dominated strategies; Best Response Functions and Nash equilibrium, mixed and pure strategies; Applications in Industrial Organisation, Labor Market and Political Economy.

2. Dynamic Games of Complete Information

Extensive forms, backward induction, Application: Stackelberg Model of Duopoly, Sequential Bargaining, Finitely and infinitely repeated games, Trigger Strategies, Collusion between Cournot Duopoly, Dynamic games of complete but imperfect information, Subgame Perfect Nash Equilibrium,; Bargaining with complete information, ultimatum game, hold up game, bargaining as an extensive game: Rubinstein model, axiomatic bargaining: Nash bargaining solution, applications

3. Static Games of Incomplete Information

Incomplete Information, Notion of type and strategy, Static Bayesian Games and Bayesian-Nash equilibrium; Examples of Bayesian Nash equilibrium in Industrial organization under Asymmetric Information, Application: Mixed Strategy Revisited, Mechanism Design, 1st price and 2nd price sealed bid Auctions

4. Dynamic Games of Incomplete Information

Perfect Bayesian Equilibrium, Conditional belief about types, Sequential Rationality, Consistency of Belief, Pooling and Separating Equilibria, The basic Signaling game, Applications of Signaling game

5. Introduction to Cooperative Games

Elements of cooperative games, coalition, transferable utility, super additivity theorem, Solution Concept: core, Examples of Core, Shapley-Value.

Books

- Osborne, M. J., An Introduction to Game Theory, Oxford University Press, 2003
- Gibbons, R., A Primer in Game Theory, Harvester-Wheatsheaf, 1992
- Fudenberg, D and J. Tirole, Game Theory, MIT Press, 1991
- Osborne, M. J. and A. Rubinstein, A Course in Game Theory, MIT Press, 1994
- Andreu Mas-Colell, Michael Whinston and Jerry Green Microeconomic Theory, Oxford University Press

EE:15 ENERGY ECONOMICS

1. Energy and Economy

First and second laws of thermodynamics; forms of energy; understanding energy-economy linkages; Energy Data, Energy Balance and Energy Flows; Understanding and Analyzing Energy Demand; Geo-political issues concerning energy supply

2. Economics of Non-renewable Energy Sources

Economics of coal, petroleum and natural gas; pricing of exhaustible resources; energy prices – theory and empirics; economic regulation of energy markets; electricity regulation and restructuring

3. The Economics of Renewable Energy Supply

Renewable Resources for Electricity Generation; Drivers of Renewable Energy; The Economics of Renewable Energy Supply; Economics of Bio-fuels

4. Energy Demand Analysis Using the Econometric Approach

Energy Demand Analysis at a Disaggregated Level; Sectoral Energy Accounting; Energy Demand Analysis – Industries, Transport, Residential and Commercial Sectors

5. Environmental Implications of Energy

Energy–Environment Interactions; Climate Change and Environmental Kuznets Curve; The Clean Development Mechanism

Books

- Tietenberg, T. Environmental and Natural Resource Economics, seventh edition, Addison Wesley, 2006
- Munasinghe, M. and P. Meier, Energy Policy Analysis and Modelling. U.K.: Cambridge University Press, 1993.
- Ristinen, R. and J. Kraushaar, Energy and the Environment, John Wiley and Sons, 1998.
- Bhattacharyya, S. C. Energy Economics: Concepts, Issues, Markets and Governance, Springer: U.K, 2011

EE: 16 SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

1. Introduction

Need for studying the economics of sustainable development; meaning of sustainable development – Comparison with static and dynamic economic efficiency; Weak versus strong sustainability; Rawls and Solow Sustainability, role of discounting, Inter- and Intra-generational equity and sustainability

2. Valuing Market and Non-market Ecosystem and Social Services

Uses of monetary valuation; Cost-benefit analysis; Techniques of monetary valuation – recap; Applications

3. Measuring Sustainable Development

Defining conventional gross net product (GNP); modifying GNP for missing (non-market) values – Green GNP; genuine savings; critical natural capital concerns and strong sustainability

4. Sustainable Development – Ecological Economics

Precautionary Principle; biodiversity and precautionary principle; economic growth and natural carrying capacity

5. Sustainable Development – Visions, Principles, and Operational Rules

Indicators of Sustainability and Sustainable Development Goals ~~Indicators~~; Neoclassical economic growth, Inclusive and comprehensive wealth and sustainability; social capital, community sustainability and environmental justice; trans-boundary environmental degradation; global economic integration and environment

Books

- Pearce, D. and E. Barbier, *Blueprint for a Sustainable Economy*, Earthscan, 2000.
- Daly, H.E., *Beyond Growth: The Economics of Sustainable Development*, Beacon Press, 1996.
- Rogers, P. K.F. Jalal and J.A. Boyd, *An Introduction to Sustainable Development*, Earthscan, 2008
- Deb, D. *Beyond Developmentality: Constructing Inclusive Freedom and Sustainability*, Daanish Books, 2009
- Sengupta, R. (2012), *Ecological Limits and Economic Development*, Oxford University Press, Delhi
- Murty, M.N. (2009), *Environment, Sustainable Development, and Well-being: Valuation, Taxes and Incentives*, Oxford University Press, Delhi
- UNU-HIS, UNEP, *Inclusive Wealth Report 2012: Measuring Progress Towards Sustainability*, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- UNU-HIS, UNEP, *Inclusive Wealth Report 2014: Measuring Progress Towards Sustainability*, Cambridge University Press, 2014

EE:17 ECOLOGICAL ECONOMICS

1. Principles of Ecological Economics

Economy versus ecology – an inevitable conflict?; green critique of economic orthodoxy; reconstructing economics – the role of ecology and thermodynamics; entropy – a unifying concept for ecological economics; use of entropy in ecological economics

2. Conceptual Foundations of Ecological Economics

Evolution in biology, physics and economics – a conceptual analysis; interdisciplinary research between economists and physical scientists – retrospect and prospect;

3. Integrating Ecology and Economics

Economic agent as a biological species; human economy as a subset of global ecosystem; natural capital as a factor of production; human economy, non-human economy, competitive exclusion; the limits to growth debate – technological progress, economic carrying capacity, biodiversity conservation; ecological integrity and ecosystem health

4. Alternatives to Conventional Economic Growth

Principles of industrial ecology and biomimicry; towards economics of zero and negative growth; Hermand Daly and the steady state economy; Maslow's hierarchy of needs and the steady state revolution

5. Policy Issues

Ecological footprint – global and regional trends; ethics and ecology – intergenerational issues; green economic policy; international case studies – the US, European Union countries, China and India

Books

- Daly, H.E., Beyond Growth: The Economics of Sustainable Development, Beacon Press, 1996.
- Daly, H. E., and J. Farley, Ecological economics: principles and applications. Island Press, 2003.
- Faber, M., R. Manstetten and J. Proops, Ecological Economics: Concepts and Methods, Edward Elgar, 1996.
- Deb, D. Beyond Developmentality: Constructing Inclusive Freedom and Sustainability, Daanish Books, 2009

EE:18 TRADE AND ENVIRONMENT

1. Introduction

Impact of trade on environment and environment on trade; globalization and trade-and-environment debate; pollution in a small open economy; scale, composition, and technology effects; endogenous pollution policy

2. Trade and Effects on South

Equilibrium pollution and Environmental Kuznet's curve – income and threshold effects; increasing returns to abatement; pollution havens models of international trade; free trade versus environment – empirical assessment; case studies: effects of environmental regulations on oil exporting countries

3. Trade in Endangered Species and Hazardous Waste

Bio-prospecting; CITES – non-compliance; trade in genetic resources; recycling and trade of hazardous material; international treaties governing hazardous waste trade; case studies

4. Trade in Emissions

Tradable permits for emission reduction – theory; sulphur trading and the US experience; carbon markets – the European and the US experience; European ETS – general framework, allocation rules and emission reduction; carbon price signals from the European ETS; clean development mechanism and emerging trading units

5. Trade Laws

Regional agreements; international trade regimes – WTO; leading issues in the WTO negotiations; dispute settlement mechanisms; trade and foreign direct investment

Books

- Copeland, B.R. and M.S. Taylor, Trade and the Environment: Theory and Evidence, Princeton University Press, 2005.
- Hunter, D., J. Salzman, and D. Zaelke, International Environmental Law and Policy, Foundation Press, 2006
- Environment and Trade: A Handbook, Second Edition. International Institute for Sustainable Development, 2005.
- Reeve, R., Policing International Trade in Endangered Species: The CITES Treaty and Compliance, Royal Institute of International Affairs, 2004

EE:19 ECONOMICS OF HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

1. Introduction

Review of market failures; statistical value of life and health – empirical estimates of statistical value of life; disability adjusted life years

2. Environmental Effects on Health

Health production function; exposure, dose and response; indoor and outdoor air pollution; effects of air pollution on children, adults; effects of climate variability and climate change on mortality and morbidity; environmental toxicology; environmental carcinogenesis; water-borne diseases; municipal, industrial and hazardous waste – health implications

3. Medical Production of Health

Individual as producer of health; characteristics of health services and production; design of health-related insurances; role of the physician as a producer of health; healthcare organisation and funding; effects of health care expenditure on health; market for pharmaceuticals

4. Market Failure in the Provision of Health Care

Adverse selection in insurance markets; moral hazards, externalities, and other market failures in health care; problems of risk and uncertainty; unequal information; imperfect competition; equality in health care

5. Health and Environmental Policy – Inter-linkages

Global policy initiatives: national environmental and health action plans; Health impacts from Air and water pollution; Variations in the weather and impact on mortality; disease incidence; Economic and health effects of weather related disturbances, Environmental health; global changes in environment and the third world.

Books

- Zweifel, Peter, Friedrich Breyer, and Mathias Kifmann. Health economics. Springer Science & Business Media, 2009.
- Duflo, E., Greenstone, M. and R. Hanna. 2008. Indoor Air Pollution, Health, and Economic Well-Being, Surveys and Perspectives Integrating Environment and Society
- Gilbreath, J. 2007. The Economics of Better Environmental Health, Environmental Health Perspectives, 2007 2. *Hubbell, B. J. 2006. Implementing QALYs in the Analysis of Air Pollution Regulations, Environmental and Resource Economics, 34(3), 34:365–384
- Prüss-Üstün A., C. Mathers, C. Corvalán and A. Woodward. 2003. Introduction and Methods: Assessing the Environmental burden of disease at national and local levels, WHO.
- Yassi, A., T. Kiellstrom, T. de Kok, and T.L. Guidotti, Basic Environmental Health, Oxford University Press, 2001
- Confalonieri, U., B. Menne, R. Akhtar, K.L. Ebi, M. Hauengue, R.S. Kovats, B. Revich and A. Woodward, 2007: Human health. Climate Change 2007: Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability. Contribution of Working Group II to the Fourth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change,

- M.L. Parry, O.F. Canziani, J.P. Palutikof, P.J. van der Linden and C.E. Hanson, Eds., Cambridge University Press.
- Clasen, T. F. and L. Haller. 2008. Water Quality Interventions to Prevent Diarrhoea: Cost and Cost- Effectiveness, Public Health and the Environment, World Health Organization,
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- Nadakavukaren, A. Our Global Environment: A Health Perspective, Waveland Press, 2005.

EE:20 ECONOMICS OF GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE

Introduction

Science of climate change; global and regional climate predictions; uncertainty in science; physical impacts of climate change – agriculture, sea level rise, health, extreme events; policy debate

Climate Change Policy - Mitigation

Efficiency, public goods, externalities; environmental policy instruments – emissions trading, carbon tax, emission trading versus tax; stock pollutants and discounting; decisions under risk and uncertainty;

Integrated Assessment

Costs and benefits of greenhouse gas mitigation; integrated assessment models; simulation exercises based on DICE model and its variants; sensitivity and uncertainty analysis; Stern review

Climate Change Policy - Adaptation

Climate change impact assessment – applications for agriculture, sea level rise and health; vulnerability assessment; economics of adaptation; measurement of adaptation cost; issues in financing adaptation; case studies

Climate Change Negotiations and Equity

Criteria for distribution of emission reduction burden; distribution criteria for adaptation fund; inter and intra-generational equity issues; discounting in climate change context

Books

- Perman, R., Ma. Y., Common, M., Maddison, D., Mcgilvray, J., Natural Resource and Environmental Economics, Pearson Education Limited, 2011 (4th Edition).
- Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change – Fifth Assessment Report, 2011
- Ackerman, F. and E.A. Stanton, Climate Economics – The State of the Art, Routledge, 2013.
- Stern, N., The economics of climate change – The Stern Review, Cambridge University Press, 2006.
- Nordhaus, W.D., Managing the Global Commons: The Economics of Climate Change, MIT Press, 1994.
- Toman, M.A., U. Chakravorty, and S. Gupta, India and Global Climate Change: Perspectives on Economics and Policy from a Developing Country, RFF Press, 2003.
- Nordhaus, W. (2008), A Question of Balance: Weighing the Options on Global Warming Policies, Yale University Press, New Haven

